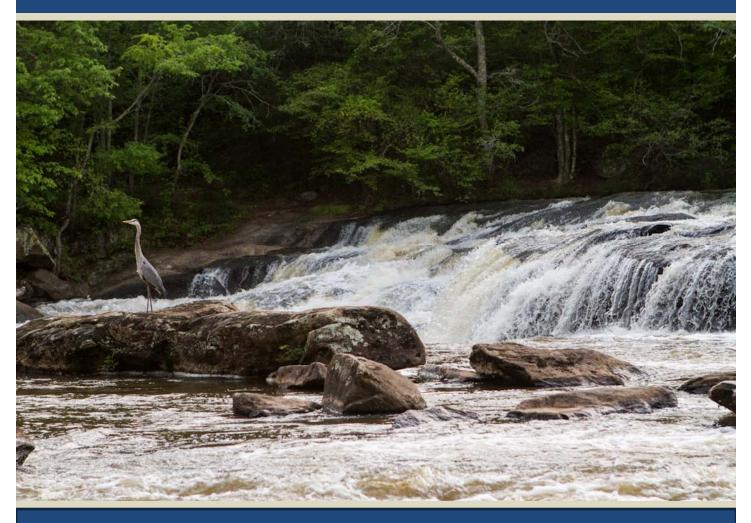


State of Georgia Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



"Heron's Rapids", Photograph by John E. Ramspott, Oxford, Georgia



The artwork on the cover and within this document was created by Georgia artists and has been selected to hang in the Office of the Governor as part of a the rotating exhibit "The Art of Georgia". For more information about the exhibit, the artists and their work visit <u>www.gaarts.org</u>.



Prepared by: State Accounting Office



State of Georgia

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State of Georgia

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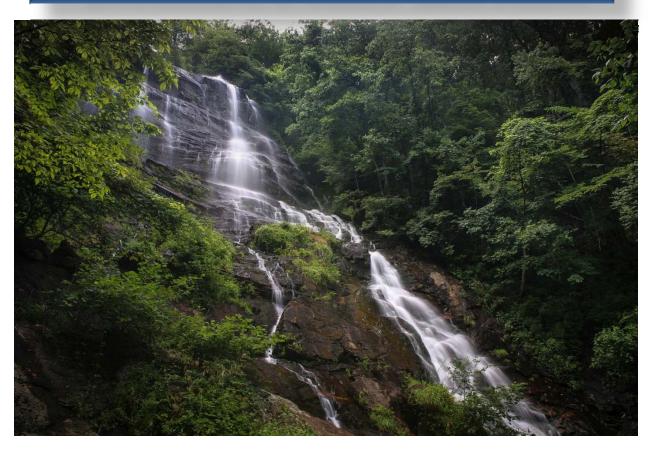
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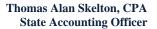


INTRODUCTORY SECTION



"Amicalola Falls" Artist: Tres Indermark, Avondale Estates, GA

Nathan Deal Governor





December 31, 2013

The Honorable Nathan Deal, Governor of Georgia

The Honorable Members of the General Assembly

Citizens of the State of Georgia

It is my privilege to present the *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (CAFR) on the operations of the State of Georgia (the State) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, in accordance with the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA), Section 50-5B-3(a)(7). The objective of this report is to provide a clear picture of our government as a single comprehensive reporting entity.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the State's finances and management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented. This report reflects my commitment to you, the citizens of the State, and to the financial community to maintain our financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) applicable to governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Information presented in this report is believed to be accurate in all material respects, and all disclosures have been included that are necessary to enable the reader to obtain a thorough understanding of the State's financial activities.

The CAFR is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial and Statistical. The Introductory section includes this transmittal letter and organization charts for state government. The Financial section includes the Independent Auditor's Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), audited government-wide and fund financial statements and related notes thereto, required supplementary information, and the underlying combining and individual fund financial statements and supporting schedules. The Statistical section contains selected unaudited financial, economic and demographic data on a multi-year basis that is useful in evaluating the economic condition of the government.

Internal Control

The State's management is responsible for the establishment and maintenance of internal accounting controls which are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded and financial transactions are properly recorded and adequately documented, and to ensure the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from such control and that the evaluation of those costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by the State's management.

Independent Audit

The financial statements of the organizations comprising the State reporting entity have been separately examined and reported on by either the State Auditor or independent certified public accountants. The State Auditor and other independent auditors have performed an examination of the accompanying

financial statements for the State and have issued unmodified opinions on the State's basic financial statements included in this report.

Federal regulations also require the State to undergo an annual Single Audit in conformance with the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Information related to the Single Audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, audit findings and recommendations, summary of prior audit findings, and the Independent Auditor's reports, is issued in a separate report and will be available at a later date.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of MD&A. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The State's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

PROFILE OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA

The State, founded on February 12, 1733, was the last of the original 13 colonies and became the fourth state by ratifying the U.S. Constitution on January 2, 1788. The State is an economic hub of the southeast. Atlanta, the state capital, is the major economic and population center of the State with major regional economic and population centers in Augusta, Savannah, and Macon. The State's economic base is diverse with major port facilities on the coast, agricultural resources throughout the State, manufacturing and service industries, and is a major transportation hub with one of the busiest airports in the nation. The State is the eight largest state with an estimated population of 9.9 million people.

Reporting Entity

The Constitution of the State of Georgia (the Constitution) provides the basic framework for the State's government, which is divided into three separate branches: legislative, executive, and judicial, as shown on the organizational chart on page v. The duties of each branch are outlined in the Constitution and in the OCGA.

For financial reporting purposes, the State's reporting entity consists of (1) the primary government, (2) component unit organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other component unit organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Further information about the State's reporting entity can be found in Note 1.B. to the financial statements.

The State and its component units provide a full range of services to its citizens, including education, health and welfare, transportation, public safety, economic development, culture and recreation, conservation, and general government services. The financial statements present information on the financial position and operations of state government associated with these services as a single comprehensive reporting entity. Accordingly, the various agencies, departments, boards, commissions, authorities, and funds and accounts of the State that have been identified as part of the primary government or a component unit have been included in this report.

Budgetary Control

The Constitution requires that budgeted expenditures not exceed the estimated revenues and other funding sources, including beginning fund balances. The State's legal level of budgetary control is funding source within program. Annually, the Governor submits a balanced budget by program to the Legislature. In addition to the internal controls previously discussed, the State maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with the legal provisions of the State's Appropriation Act, which reflects the Georgia General Assembly's approval of the annual budget. Budgetary control is maintained through a formal appropriation and allotment process.

The State's annual budget is prepared on a statutory basis which is principally the modified accrual basis utilizing encumbrance accounting. The State monitors spending activity to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriated amounts by agency at the legal level of control as provided for by the Constitution. Information regarding the State's budgetary process can be found in the Notes to Required Supplementary Information within this report.

The statutory basis of accounting required by state law differs materially from the basis used to report revenues and expenditures in accordance with GAAP. Detailed information on the statutory basis of accounting and the results of operations on that basis for fiscal year 2013 can be found in the separately issued Budgetary Compliance Report (BCR) dated November 27, 2013.

Budget Stabilization

The State maintains the Revenue Shortfall Reserve (RSR) which provides for the sound management of excess revenue collections in any given fiscal year. By statute, all surplus state funds existing at the end of each fiscal year shall be reserved and added to the RSR. Funds in the RSR carry forward from fiscal year to fiscal year without reverting to the revenue collections fund within the General Fund at the end of a fiscal year. Additional information about the State's RSR balances can be found in MD&A.

Fiscal Year Budget Overview

The State's fiscal year 2013 tax revenue collections were 5.7% over fiscal year 2012 tax revenues. Of the major tax sources, personal income tax collections were the largest component of overall tax growth at 7.7%. The RSR increased by \$161.4 million and has a current balance of \$682.0 million prior to audited agency lapse of \$218.2 million and prior to the appropriation of the 1% mid-year adjustment for K-12 in the amended fiscal year 2014 budget.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND OUTLOOK

Introduction

Georgia's economy also is experiencing a moderate recovery with growth in employment, home prices, and residential construction permits. It appears that the Great Recession may finally be in the rear view mirror. While a moderate economic recovery is expected to continue, there are significant risks to continued growth, with federal fiscal policy the biggest threat.

Georgia Ecomony

Many factors indicate that the State's economy is recovering from the Great Recession. Some of these include:

- As of August 2013, the State's net new job growth rate exceeds the comparable rate through August for the U.S. employment growth of 1.7%.
- Initial unemployment compensation claims reflect a gradually improving labor market in the U.S. and in Georgia. Initial claims are well below year ago levels.
- Personal income growth has generally been positive on a quarter over quarter basis but personal income growth has been relatively weak when compared to prior recoveries.
- Home prices are recovering and trending positively. Home prices for metro Atlanta had risen 18.2% which exceeds the 12.2% increase for the composite index for 20 metro areas across the country.

Additional information on the economic outlook for the State including detailed information on employment, personal income, and housing markets can be found in the State's MD&A which can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded the *Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting* to the State of Georgia for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate. We are committed to this effort, and we intend to maintain a highly qualified and professional staff to make this certification possible.

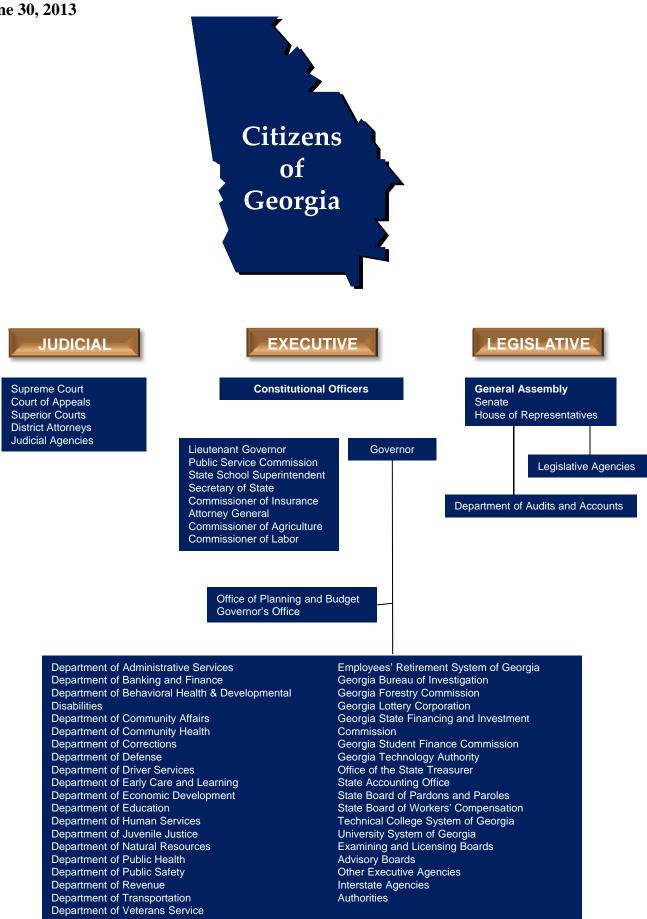
The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the dedicated and efficient service of the entire staff of the State Accounting Office. We also express our appreciation to the fiscal officers throughout state government for their dedicated efforts in assisting us in the preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Thomas Alan Skelton State Accounting Officer

State of Georgia

Organizational Chart June 30, 2013





State of Georgia

Principal State Officials June 30, 2013



Executive:

Nathan Deal	
Brian P. Kemp	
Sam Olens	Attorney General
Mark Butler	Commissioner of Labor
Dr. John D. Barge	State Superintendent of Schools
Ralph T. Hudgens	Commissioner of Insurance
Gary W. Black	Commissioner of Agriculture
Chuck Eaton (Chairman)	
Tim Echols	
H. Doug Everett	
Lauren "Bubba" McDonald, Jr.	
Stan Wise	Public Service Commissioner

Legislative:

Casey Cagle	. Lieutenant Governor/President of the Senate
	Ŭ
David Ralston	Speaker of the House of Representatives

Judicial:

Carol W. Hunstein	Chief Justic	ce of the Suprem	e Court
(Hugh P. Thompson effective August 15, 2013)			





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

State of Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2012

hay h.

Executive Director/CEO



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Georgia Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013 was prepared by:

STATE ACCOUNTING OFFICE

Kris Martins, Director, Financial Reporting

STATEWIDE ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING

Janet M. Arsenault Renita Coleman Bobbie R. Davis Zeina Diallo Eddy A. Hicks Sharon Hill Dan Lawson Jorge Pinto Lori Ramsey Andrea Randall Jennifer Sanders Troy Senter Melesse Siratu Ellen K. Tate Sandra Warr Dina Williams

SPECIAL APPRECIATION

The State Accounting Office would like to extend special appreciation to all fiscal and accounting personnel throughout the State who contributed the financial information for their agencies. Additionally, the Division of Statewide Accounting and Reporting would like to acknowledge the efforts given by all of the functional and support personnel of the State Accounting Office.



FINANCIAL SECTION



"Dick's Creek Ledge - Chattooga River" Artist: Peter McIntosh, Clayton, GA



DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2180

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Nathan Deal, Governor of Georgia and Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Georgia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the State of Georgia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of Department of Community Health, Employees' Retirement System of Georgia, Georgia Environmental Finance Authority, Georgia Housing and Finance Authority, Georgia Lottery Corporation, Georgia Ports Authority, Georgia Southern University Housing Foundation, Inc., Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission, Georgia Tech Facilities, Inc., Georgia Tech Foundation, Inc., Kennesaw State University Foundation, Inc., Teachers Retirement System of Georgia, University of Georgia Research Foundation, Inc. and University System of Georgia Foundation, Inc. Those financial statements represent part or all of the total assets and revenues or additions of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, the major funds: governmental fund-general fund, governmental fund-general obligation bond projects fund, proprietary/enterprise fund-state health benefit plan and the aggregate remaining fund information as reported in the following table:

Original Unit	Percent of Total	Percent of Total Revenues/
Opinion Unit	Assets	Additions
Governmental Activities	6%	23%
Business-type Activities	6%	18%
Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units	68%	69%
Governmental Fund – General Fund	17%	20%
Governmental Fund – General Obligation Bond Projects Fund	98%	100%
Proprietary Fund/Enterprise Fund – State Health Benefit Plan	100%	100%
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	87%	56%

Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the above mentioned organizations and component units, are based solely on the reports of other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Georgia Lottery Corporation, Georgia Southern University Housing Foundation, Inc., Georgia Tech Foundation, Inc., Kennesaw State University Foundation, Inc. and University System of Georgia Foundation, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the State's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the State's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. Georgia statutes, in addition to audit responsibilities, entrust other responsibilities to the Department of Audits and Accounts. Those responsibilities include service by the State Auditor on the governing boards of various agencies, authorities, commissions, and component units of the State of Georgia. The Department of Audits and Accounts elected to not provide audit services for the organizational units of the State of Georgia associated with these boards. The Department of Audits and Accounts also has a contractual obligation with the Department of Community Health to conduct certain non-audit services.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Georgia, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2-B to the financial statements, in 2013, the State of Georgia, implemented new accounting principles GASB Statement No. 60, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements, GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34, GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements and GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 7 through 20, information on other postemployment benefits on page 135 and budgetary comparison information on pages 136 through 141 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the State of Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting or other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 31, 2013 on our consideration of State of Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering State of Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Deg S. Siffe

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

December 31, 2013

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)



INTRODUCTION

This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the State is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. It should be read in conjunction with the letter of transmittal, located in the Introductory section of this report, and the State's financial statements, including the notes to the financial statements, which are an integral part of the statements that follow this narrative.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide

- Total assets of the State exceeded liabilities by \$21.5 billion (reported as "net position") and total net position increased \$1.2 billion or 6.0% over the prior year. Net position of governmental activities increased by \$390.2 million or 2.6%, while the net position of business-type activities increased by \$833.5 million or 15.4%.
- During the fiscal year, the State's total revenues for governmental activities of \$36.7 billion were \$3.2 billion more than total expenses (excluding transfers) of \$33.5 billion. General revenues, primarily attributable to various taxes, totaled \$16.9 billion and program revenues, primarily attributable to operating grants and contributions, totaled \$15.3 billion.

Fund Level

- The governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5.5 billion, an increase of \$813.5 million or 17.3% in comparison with the prior year. Of this total fund balance, \$57.0 million or 1.0% represents nonspendable fund balance, \$4.2 billion or 76.8% represents restricted fund balance, \$5.0 million or 0.1% represents committed fund balance, \$421.0 million or 7.6% represents assigned fund balance and \$798.6 million or 14.5% represents unassigned fund balance.
- The General Fund ended the fiscal year with a total fund balance of \$4.4 billion, of which \$798.6 million was classified as unassigned fund balance. Total tax revenues in the General Fund increased by \$670.6 million or 4.2% over the prior year, as the economy continued to show signs of improving.
- The enterprise funds reported a net position of \$6.3 billion, an increase of \$833.5 million or 15.4% compared to the prior year.

Long-term Debt

The State's long-term bond debt increased \$900.1 million or 8.3% during the fiscal year which represents the net difference between new issuances, payments, refunding of outstanding debt and prior period adjustments. General obligation bonds for the primary government increased by \$182.9 million or 2.1% while revenue bonds for the primary government increased \$717.2 million or 35.9%. The State issued new bonded debt during the year in the amount of \$1.3 billion for the primary government and \$364.7 million for component units.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)



OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This report includes the State's Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, and Supplementary Information. The Basic Financial Statements consist of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements – Reporting the State as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities together comprise the government-wide financial statements. These statements are located in the Basic Financial Statements – Government-wide Financial Statements section and provide a broad overview of the State's financial activities as a whole. These statements are prepared with a long-term focus using the full-accrual basis of accounting, similar to private-sector businesses. This means all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year are recognized regardless of when cash is spent or received, and all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term debt, are reported at the entity level.

The government-wide statements report the State's net position, the difference between total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and how they have changed from the prior year. Over time, increases and decreases in net position measure whether the State's overall financial condition is improving or deteriorating. In evaluating the State's overall condition, however, additional non-financial information should be considered such as the State's economic outlook, changes in demographics, and the condition of its capital assets and infrastructure. The government-wide statements report three activities:

Governmental Activities – The majority of the State's basic services fall under this activity including general government, education, health and welfare, transportation, public safety, economic development and assistance, culture and recreation, and conservation. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues are the major funding sources for these programs.

Business-Type Activities – The State operates certain activities much like private-sector businesses by charging fees to customers that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs of providing goods and services. Unemployment Compensation Fund, the self-insured State Health Benefit Plan (SHBP), and the Higher Education Fund are some examples of business-type activities.

Component Units – Certain entities are legally separate from the State; however, the State remains financially accountable for them. Georgia Environmental Finance Authority, Georgia Housing and Finance Authority, and Georgia Lottery Corporation are examples of component units.

Fund Financial Statements – Reporting the State's Most Significant Funds

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about individual major funds, not the State as whole, and are located in the Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements section. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The State, like other state and local governments, uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related and legal requirements. All of the State funds are divided into three types, each of which use a different accounting approach and should be interpreted differently.

Governmental Funds – Most of the basic services provided by the State are financed through governmental funds and are essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting, and focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the



(Unaudited)

fiscal year. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the State's finances that assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the State.

Proprietary Funds – The Proprietary funds, which include enterprise funds and internal service funds, account for state activities that are similar to private-sector businesses. Similar to government-wide statements, proprietary fund statements are presented using the full-accrual basis of accounting. Activities whose customers are mostly outside of state government are accounted for in enterprise funds and are the same functions reported as business-type activities. The enterprise fund financial statements provide more detail and additional information than in the government-wide statements, such as cash flows. Activities whose customers are mostly other state entities are accounted for in internal service funds. The internal service fund activities are allocated proportionately between the governmental activities (predominately) and the business-type activities in the government-wide statements based on the benefit of the services provided to those activities.

Fiduciary Funds – These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the state government. The State is responsible for ensuring these assets are used for their intended purposes. Fiduciary funds use full-accrual accounting, but are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the State's own programs.

Reconciliation between Government-wide and Fund Statements

This report also includes two schedules that reconcile and explain the differences between the amounts reported for the governmental activities on the government–wide statements (full-accrual accounting, long-term focus) with amounts reported on the governmental fund statements (modified accrual accounting, short-term focus). The schedules are located in the Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements – Governmental Funds section. The following represent some of the reporting differences between the two statements:

- Capital outlays result in capital assets on the government-wide statements, but are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements.
- Capital assets and long-term debt are included on the government-wide statements, but are not reported on the governmental fund statements.
- Bond proceeds are recorded as long-term debt on the government-wide statements, but provide current financial resources on the fund governmental fund statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Financial Statements located at the end of the Basic Financial Statements section provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the financial statements. The notes are applicable to both the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements.

Other Required Information

In addition to this MD&A, which is required supplementary information, the Basic Financial Statements are followed by a section of other required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. This section of the report includes: (1) the State's funding progress for other postemployment benefits and (2) a budgetary comparison schedule of the General Fund (Budget Fund), including reconciliations of revenues and expenditures on the statutory and GAAP basis for the fiscal year. Supplementary information includes combining financial statements for the State's nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor enterprise funds, internal service funds, fiduciary funds and nonmajor component units. The total columns of these combining financial statements carry forward to the applicable fund financial statements.

(Unaudited)



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE AS A WHOLE

Net Position

Governmental entities are required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) to report on their net position. The Statement of Net Position presents the value of all of the State's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. The State reported net position of \$21.5 billion, comprised of \$20.2 billion invested in capital assets net of related debt, and \$4.1 billion in restricted net position, offset by an unrestricted net position deficit of \$2.8 billion.

The following table was derived from the current and prior year government-wide Statements of Net Position:

	Governmental			Business-type		Total Primary	
		Activi	ties	Activities		Government	
	2013		2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Assets							
Non-capital Assets	\$	10,205,165	\$ 9,159,740	\$ 3,224,425	\$ 2,781,320	\$13,429,590	\$11,941,060
Net Capital Assets		20,765,907	21,190,989	10,083,503	9,706,909	30,849,410	30,897,898
Total Assets		30,971,072	30,350,729	13,307,928	12,488,229	44,279,000	42,838,958
Deferred Outflows of Resources				7,610		7,610	
Liabilitie s							
Noncurrent Liabilities		11,151,174	11,177,932	5,772,232	6,004,034	16,923,406	17,181,966
Current Liabilities		4,562,402	4,305,506	1,210,371	1,062,624	5,772,773	5,368,130
Total Liabilities		15,713,576	15,483,438	6,982,603	7,066,658	22,696,179	22,550,096
Deferred Inflows of Resources				77,884		77,884	
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		13,737,276	13,355,209	6,502,029	6,257,436	20,239,305	19,612,645
Restricted		3,301,316	3,968,493	816,428	457,265	4,117,744	4,425,758
Unrestricted		(1,781,096)	(2,456,411)	(1,063,406)	(1,293,130)	(2,844,502)	(3,749,541
Total Net Position	\$	15,257,496	\$14,867,291	\$ 6,255,051	\$ 5,421,571	\$21,512,547	\$20,288,862

Table 1 - Net Position

As of June 30, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands)

Net position reported for governmental activities increased by \$390.2 million or 2.6% in fiscal year 2013. Unrestricted net position for governmental activities, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-today operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements, had a deficit of \$1.8 billion at June 30, 2013, down from \$2.5 billion in 2012. The deficit in unrestricted governmental net position exists primarily because the State has issued debt for purposes not resulting in a capital asset related to State governmental activities. The unrestricted net position deficit decreased by \$675.3 million in 2013 primarily due to increased tax revenues and relatively stable expenditures.

The net position for business-type activities increased by \$833.5 million or 15.4% in fiscal year 2013. Restricted net position increased by \$359.2 million or 78.5% primarily due to an increase in permanent trusts of \$238.1 million. The deficit in unrestricted net position decreased by \$229.7 million with a corresponding increase in investment in capital assets of \$244.6 million.

(Unaudited)



Changes in Net Position

The State received a majority (47.9%) of its revenues from operating grants and contributions, primarily from federal sources and 35.3% from taxes. In the prior year, grants and contributions were 48.9% and taxes accounted for 35.5% of total revenues. Charges for goods and services such as licenses, permits, liquor sales, park and court fees was 13.3% as compared to 12.9% in the prior fiscal year. Expenses for the State during fiscal year 2013 were \$45.7 billion. As a result of the excess revenues over expenses, the total net position of the State increased \$1.5 billion, net of transfers.

The following schedule was derived from the Government-wide Statement of Activities and summarizes the State's total revenues, expenses and changes in net position for fiscal year 2013.

					Te	otal	Total
	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-type	Prir	nary	Percentage
	Activities		Activ	ities	Gover	nment	Change
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2012 to 2013
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 3,178,227	\$ 2,828,751	\$ 3,106,189	\$ 2,961,426	\$ 6,284,416	\$ 5,790,177	8.5%
Operating Grants/Contributions	15,317,258	14,764,360	7,251,162	7,245,740	22,568,420	22,010,100	2.5%
Capital Grants/Contributions	1,310,696	1,142,924	90,665	36,157	1,401,361	1,179,081	18.9%
General Revenues:							
Taxes	16,645,352	15,974,706	-	-	16,645,352	15,974,706	4.2%
Unrestricted Investment Income	323	6,183	-	-	323	6,183	-94.8%
Unclaimed Property	138,832	83,215	-	-	138,832	83,215	66.8%
Other	126,862	12,909	-	-	126,862	12,909	882.7%
Total Revenues	36,717,550	34,813,048	10,448,016	10,243,323	47,165,566	45,056,371	4.7%
Expenses:							
General Government	1,606,626	1,326,657	-	-	1,606,626	1,326,657	21.1%
Education	10,770,532	10,100,155	-	-	10,770,532	10,100,155	6.6%
Health and Welfare	16,033,221	15,657,704	-	-	16,033,221	15,657,704	2.4%
Transportation	1,656,662	1,519,707	-	-	1,656,662	1,519,707	9.0%
Public Safety	2,012,501	1,912,814	-	-	2,012,501	1,912,814	5.2%
Economic Development and	_,,	-,,			_,,	-,,	
Assistance	515,874	783.308	-	-	515.874	783,308	-34.1%
Culture and Recreation	240.018	233,043	_		240.018	233,043	3.0%
Conservation	51,038	50,334	_		51,038	50,334	1.4%
Interest and Other Charges on	51,050	50,551			51,000	50,551	111/0
Long-term Debt	616,328	638,775			616,328	638,775	-3.5%
Higher Education Fund	010,520	-	7.931.918	7.916.281	7.931.918	7,916,281	0.2%
State Health Benefit Plan			2,193,829	2,362,677	2,193,829	2,362,677	-7.1%
Unemployment Compensation Fund	-	-	1,858,989	2,240,295	1,858,989	2,240,295	-17.0%
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	-	-	1,858,989	35,735	1,858,989	35,735	437.1%
· · ·	33,502,800	32,222,497					
Total Expenses	33,502,800	32,222,497	12,176,685	12,554,988	45,679,485	44,777,485	2.0%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position							
Before Contributions and Transfers	3,214,750	2,590,551	(1,728,669)	(2,311,665)	1,486,081	278,886	
Contributions to Permanent Endowments	-	-	1,231	-	1,231	-	
Transfers	(2,377,595)	(2,346,986)	2,377,595	2,346,986			
Change in Net Position	837,155	243,565	650,157	35,321	1,487,312	278,886	
Net Position July 1 - Restated	14,420,341	14,623,726	5,604,894	5,386,250	20,025,235	20,009,976	
Net Position June 30	\$ 15,257,496	\$ 14,867,291	\$ 6,255,051	\$ 5,421,571	\$ 21,512,547	\$ 20,288,862	6.0%

Table 2 - Changes in Net Position

For the Years Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands)

(Unaudited)



Governmental Activities

The State's total governmental revenues from all sources increased \$1.9 billion or 5.5%. Charges for Services increased \$349.5 million or 12.4%. Operating and capital grants and contributions increased a total of \$720.7 million or 4.5%. Tax revenues increased \$670.7 million or 4.2%.

The following table shows to what extent program revenues (charges for services and grants) covered program expenses. For fiscal year 2013, program revenues covered \$19.8 billion or 59.1% of \$33.5 billion in total program expenses. The remaining \$13.7 billion or 40.9% of the total program expenses, the State relied on state taxes and other general revenues.

For the Years Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands)

	Program Expenses	5 5 5		Program Revenues as a Percentage of Program Expenses		
	2013	2013	2013	2012	2013	2012
<u>Functions/Programs</u> Primary Government Governmental Activities:						
General Government	\$ 1,606,626	\$ 2,720,439	\$ 1,113,813	\$ 951,971	169.3%	171.8%
Education	10,770,532	2,441,117	(8,329,415)	(7,984,398)	22.7%	20.9%
Health and Welfare	16,033,221	12,263,583	(3,769,638)	(3,830,004)	76.5%	75.5%
Transportation	1,656,662	1,322,162	(334,500)	(301,612)	79.8%	80.2%
Public Safety	2,012,501	345,385	(1,667,116)	(1,558,578)	17.2%	18.5%
Economic Development and Assistance	515,874	488,405	(27,469)	(78,523)	94.7%	90.0%
Culture and Recreation	240,018	206,808	(33,210)	(19,642)	86.2%	91.6%
Conservation	51,038	18,282	(32,756)	(26,901)	35.8%	46.6%
Interest and Other Charges on Long-Term Debt	616,328		(616,328)	(638,775)	0.0%	0.0%
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 33,502,800	\$ 19,806,181	\$(13,696,619)	\$(13,486,462)	59.1%	58.1%

Business-Type Activities

Net position of business-type activities increased by \$833.5 million or 15.4% during the fiscal year. Operating revenues from the State's business-type activities increased \$204.7 million or 2.0% from the prior year. This was primarily due to an increase in revenue from Charges for Services. Total operating expenses for the State's business-type activities decreased \$378.3 million or 3.0%. This decrease is attributable to lower expenses in the Unemployment Compensation Fund and the State Health Benefit Plan.

In fiscal year 2013, business-type activities expenses were funded 85.8% or \$10.4 billion from program revenues compared to 81.6% or \$10.2 billion in the prior year. The remaining expenses were funded by \$2.4 billion in transfers from governmental activities to the Higher Education Fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Fund Balances

At June 30, 2013, the State's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$5.5 billion. Of this amount, \$57.0 million or 1.0% is nonspendable, either due to its form or legal constraints, and \$4.2 billion or 76.8% is restricted for specific programs by constitutional provisions, external constraints, or contractual obligations. Net position that is restricted by the Constitution principally includes motor fuel taxes that can be used only to build roads and bridges and lottery funds held for education purposes. Restrictions by external parties include general obligation bonds that can only be used for authorized capital projects. Additionally, \$5.0 million or 0.1% of total fund balance has been committed to specific purposes. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless approved by the General Assembly and Governor. An additional \$421.0 million or 7.6% of total fund balance has been assigned to specific purposes, as expressed by the intent of State management. The remaining \$798.6 million or 14.5% of fund balance is unassigned.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the State. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund reflected a total fund balance of \$4.4 billion. The net change in fund balance during the fiscal year was \$693.9 million or 15.8% compared to \$5.8 million or 0.2% net change in the prior year. The General Fund ended the year with an unrestricted, unassigned fund balance of \$798.6 million.

Major revenue, expenditure and other sources/uses contributing to the change in fund balance are as follows:

Revenues

Revenues of the General Fund totaled \$36.5 billion in the fiscal year, an increase of \$1.9 billion or 5.4% from the prior year. Factors contributing to this change included the following:

- Taxes increased \$670.7 million or 4.2% from the prior year.
- Federal Revenues increased by \$640.8 million or 4.2% from the prior year.
- Licenses and Permits increased by \$160.0 million or 27.0% from the prior year
- Fines and Forfeits increased by \$157.4 million or 34.9% from the prior year

Expenditures

Expenditures of the General Fund totaled \$32.6 billion in the fiscal year, an increase of \$1.2 billion or 3.8% from the prior year. Factors contributing to this change included the following:

- Education expenditures increased \$669.6 million or 6.6% from the prior year.
- Health and Welfare expenditures increased \$362.3 million or 2.3% from the prior year.

Capital Project Fund - General Obligation Bond Projects Fund

Fund balance in the General Obligation Bond Projects Fund increased by \$94.9 million or 10.4% from the prior year. This was primarily the result of general revenues, debt issuances, and transfers in exceeding capital expenditures and transfers out. The State issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE'S PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Higher Education

The net position of the Higher Education Fund increased \$107.7 million or 1.8% compared to the prior year, before restatements. Net Investment in Capital Assets increased by \$220.8 million or 3.5%. Restricted fund balance increased \$122.8 million due to an increase in Capital Projects and Permanent Trusts. Operating revenues of the Fund increased \$109.0 million or 2.5% due to increases in net student tuition and fees revenue of \$45.7 million and sales and services of \$40.3 million. These increases are attributable to increased enrollments. In addition, the Higher Education Fund received \$2.1 billion in transfers in from the General Fund, an increase of \$45.3 million or 2.2% compared to the prior year. Fiscal year 2013 operating expenses increased \$59.1 million or 0.8% compared to the prior year.

State Health Benefit Plan

The Operating Revenues for the State Health Benefit Plan (SHBP) increased by \$63.0 million and Operating Expenses decreased by \$168.8 million. SHBP net position improved from a deficit of \$272.5 million to a deficit of \$129.7 million.

Unemployment Compensation

The State's average unemployment rate for the fiscal year 2013 improved from 9.1% to 8.5%. As a result, fewer claims were submitted and benefit payments decreased \$381.3 million or 17.0% this year compared to last fiscal year. Due to this small improvement in the economy, employer unemployment rates were reduced and the corresponding unemployment tax revenue decreased by \$119.2 million or 5.2%. Employer taxes and other revenues exceeded benefit payments by \$310.8 million.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The State's capital assets decreased a net \$48.5 million or 0.2% during the year. The change consisted of a net increase in infrastructure of \$894.4 million and net increases in land of \$228.3 million, buildings and improvements of \$239.0 million; machinery and equipment of \$45.2 million; with a corresponding decrease of construction in progress of \$1.5 billion.

Additional information on the State's capital assets can be found in Note 7 of the Notes to the Financial Statements section of this report.

(*Table on next page*)

(Unaudited)



	Governmental Activities			B us iness-type A ctivities				Total Primary Government			•	
		2013		2012		2013		2012		2013		2012
Buildings/Building Improvements	\$	2,040,280	\$	2,073,789	\$	6,243,780	\$	5,971,263	\$	8,284,060	\$	8,045,052
Improvements Other Than Buildings		55,146		52,220		255,079		231,221		310,225		283,441
Infrastructure		11,853,096		10,971,630		210,149		197,199		12,063,245		11,168,829
Intangibles - Other Than Software		94,492		92,501		-		-		94,492		92,501
Land		3,410,333		3,219,473		411,910		374,472		3,822,243		3,593,945
Library Collections		-		-		172,064		175,462		172,064		175,462
Machinery and Equipment		212,978		192,793		2,505,760		2,480,774		2,718,738		2,673,567
Software		67,804		75,523		10,558		6,287		78,362		81,810
Works of Art and Collections		1,326		1,326		51,004		47,636		52,330		48,962
Construction in Progress		3,030,452		4,511,734		223,199		222,595	_	3,253,651		4,734,329
Total	\$	20,765,907	\$ 2	21,190,989	\$ 1	0,083,503	\$	9,706,909	\$.	30,849,410	\$ 3	30,897,898

Table 4 - Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation As of June 30, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands)

Debt Administration

The Constitution authorizes issuing general obligation debt only as approved by the Legislature and prohibits the issuance of general obligation bonds for operating purposes. The Constitution requires the State to maintain a reserve sufficient to pay annual debt service requirements on all general obligation debt. If for any reason the reserve balance is insufficient to make, when due, all debt service payments, the first revenues received thereafter in the General Fund will be set aside for such use. The Constitution also stipulates that no debt may be incurred when the highest aggregate annual debt service requirements for any year for outstanding general obligation debt and guaranteed revenue debt, including proposed debt, exceed 10% of the total revenue receipts, less refunds in the state treasury, in the fiscal year immediately preceding the year in which any such debt is to be incurred. At June 30, 2013, the State was \$542.3 million below the annual debt service limit established by the Constitution.

Table 5 - Net Outstanding Bond Debt

As of June 30, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands)

		imental vities		ss-Type vities	Total Primary Government		
	2013 2012 2013		2013	2012	2013	2012	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 9,072,784	\$ 8,889,868	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,072,784	\$ 8,889,868	
GARVEE Revenue Bonds	1,095,153	1,236,119	-	-	1,095,153	1,236,119	
Revenue Bonds	408,772	442,626	1,211,200	319,248	1,619,972	761,874	
	\$10,576,709	\$10,568,613	\$ 1,211,200	\$ 319,248	\$11,787,909	\$10,887,861	

At the end of the fiscal year, the State had total bonded debt outstanding of \$11.8 billion. Of this amount \$9.5 billion (not including deferred charges, premiums, and discounts) or 80.4% is secured by the full faith and credit of the government (general obligation bonds and guaranteed revenue bonds), and \$1.1 billion or 10.3% in State Road and Tollway Authority GARVEE debt secured by Federal Highway funds and state motor fuel funds.

Total general obligation bonds and revenue bonds payable net of premiums, discounts and deferred amounts on refunding increased \$182.9 million or 2.1% and increased \$717.1 million or 35.9% respectively. During the fiscal year, the State issued \$1.3 billion of general obligation bonds. Of the general obligation bonds issued, \$412.7

(Unaudited)



million was issued for higher education facilities, \$62.2 million was used for K-12 school facilities, \$70.9 million for water and sewer loans to local governments, \$150.0 million for projects and facilities of the Georgia Ports Authority, \$486.8 million to refund existing general obligation bonds, and \$139.1 million for various state agency facilities.

The State maintains a triple-A bond rating on its general obligation debt from all three national rating agencies. These ratings, the highest available, help the State achieve the lowest possible interest rates. Additional information regarding the State's outstanding debt can be found in Note 8 of the Notes to the Financial Statements section.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Fiscal Performance

Fiscal conditions improved for the State during fiscal year 2013 as net revenue collections were \$18.3 billion or 5.9% greater than fiscal year 2012. Net Revenue Collections deposited with the Office of the State Treasurer during fiscal year 2013 were \$135.2 million more than the initial revenue estimate per budget. Of the major tax sources, corporate and personal income tax collections were the largest components of overall tax growth at \$206.6 million or 35.0% and \$629.9 million or 7.7%, respectively. See table below for more details:

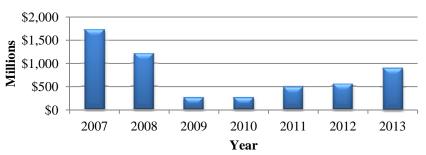
				% Change		% Change
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2013	to FY 2012	FY 2014	to FY 2013
	Actual	Budget	Actual	Actual	Budget	Actual
Tax Revenues						
Personal Income Tax	\$ 8,142,370,500	\$ 8,485,664,017	\$ 8,772,227,404	7.74%	\$ 8,895,846,000	1.41%
Corporate Income Tax	590,676,110	706,325,000	797,255,429	34.97%	775,314,000	-2.75%
Sales and Use Tax	5,303,524,233	5,225,951,123	5,277,211,183	-0.50%	5,094,297,000	-3.47%
Motor Fuel Tax	1,019,300,803	979,423,000	1,000,625,732	-1.83%	972,027,000	-2.86%
Tobacco Tax	227,146,091	228,054,675	211,618,073	-6.84%	232,268,000	9.76%
Alcoholic Beverages Tax	175,050,571	179,251,785	180,785,957	3.28%	181,044,303	0.14%
Property Tax	68,951,095	50,540,240	53,491,655	-22.42%	31,395,827	-41.31%
Insurance Premium Tax	309,192,735	348,919,500	329,236,920	6.48%	356,919,500	8.41%
Motor Vehicle Tax	308,342,308	315,742,523	457,490,366	48.37%	325,214,799	-28.91%
Title Fee	-	264,000,000	-	0.00%	733,000,000	100.00%
Estate Tax	27,923		(15,351,947)	100.00%		-100.00%
Total Tax Revenues	16,144,582,369	16,783,871,863	17,064,590,773	5.70%	17,597,326,429	3.12%
Fees and Sales	1,125,393,105	1,196,011,768	1,231,267,815	9.41%	1,201,022,161	-2.46%
Total General Fund Revenues	\$ 17,269,975,474	\$ 17,979,883,631	\$ 18,295,858,588	5.94%	\$ 18,798,348,590	2.75%

Revenue Shortfall Reserve (RSR)

The State maintains the RSR which provides for the sound management of excess revenue collections in any given fiscal year. By statute, all surplus state funds existing at the end of each fiscal year shall be reserved and added to the RSR. Funds in the RSR carry forward from fiscal year to fiscal year without reverting to the revenue collections fund within the General Fund at the end of a fiscal year. Each fiscal year, the General Assembly may appropriate from the RSR an amount up to 1% of the net revenue collections of the preceding fiscal year for funding increased K-12 education needs. Also, the Governor may release for appropriation by the General Assembly a stated amount of reserve funds in the RSR that are in excess of 4% of the net revenue collections of the preceding fiscal year. The RSR cannot exceed 15% of the previous fiscal year's net revenue collections.

(Unaudited)

As the State continues to address the effects of one of the worst economic downturns in recent history, the ending balance in the RSR is a critical tool in helping to address budget shortfalls. After reaching a peak in fiscal year 2007 at \$1.7 billion (9.2% of net revenue collections), the State's RSR balance declined to a low of \$268.2 million (1.8% of net revenue collections) in fiscal year 2010. The RSR increased to \$494.0 in 2011 and \$550.7 million in 2012. In 2013, the RSR increased by \$349.6 million and has a current balance of \$900.3 million including audited agency lapse (approximately \$218.2 million). The increase to the RSR was accomplished due to revenue collections exceeding revenue estimates (\$316.0 million), reduction of agency allotment balances, and return of unexpended and unobligated funds by agencies. By statute, 1% of fiscal year 2013 net revenue collections (\$183.0 million) is available from the RSR for the mid-year K-12 education appropriation adjustment in the Amended fiscal year 2013 budget. However, this amount had not been appropriated as of the date of this report.



Revenue Shortfall Reserve

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

2013 Budget Highlights

Georgia had a strong finish to fiscal year 2013

Tax revenue collections were up 5.7% and total budgetary revenue collections were up 5.9% over fiscal year 2012, exceeding the revenue estimate for the General Fund by 1.8% and enabling the state to add substantially to the RSR. As a result, the RSR has a balance of \$900.3 million prior to the allowance for the 1% mid-year adjustment for K-12 in the amended fiscal year 2014 budget and after the lapse of additional fiscal year 2013 agency surplus.

Year-to-date revenue performance continues to exceed projections

Georgia's fiscal year 2014 YTD tax revenue collections reported by the Department of Revenue are, through September, up 5.8% over the same period for fiscal year 2013 tax revenue and total State general funds collections are running ahead of budgeted growth (5.5% actual vs. 2.7% budget). Individual income tax, which is the largest component of General Fund revenues, is up 4.9%.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)



Economic Highlights

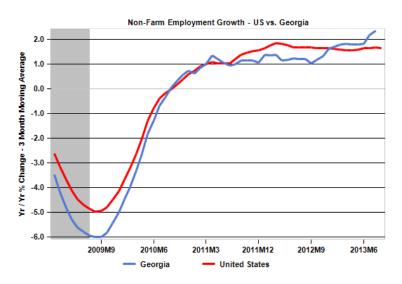
The Moderate Economic Recovery Continues, but Risks Are Significant

The U.S. economy has been in recovery for nearly four years and GDP growth has picked up several times only to slow again. The slow pace of recovery has left unemployment high and the economy growing below its long-term potential. The national economy has sustained its recovery through the end of the payroll tax holiday, the imposition of higher marginal tax rates on high income taxpayers, and the initial stages of sequestration. The government shutdown and debt limit fight added another drag from federal policy actions/uncertainty to economic growth.

Georgia's economy also is experiencing a moderate recovery with growth in employment, home prices, and residential construction permits. While a moderate economic recovery is expected to continue, there are significant risks to continued growth, with federal fiscal policy the biggest threat.

Employment Situation

- As of September 2013, the U.S. labor market growth is running at 143,000 new jobs per month and the U.S. unemployment rate is 7.2% as of September.
- By comparison, Georgia added 91,600 net new jobs over the last twelve months. Year over year growth in employment in Georgia equals 2.3% on a three month moving average basis as of August. Georgia's growth rate exceeds the comparable rate through August for the U.S. employment growth of 1.7%. Georgia's unemployment rate of 8.7% as of August is higher than the national rate.



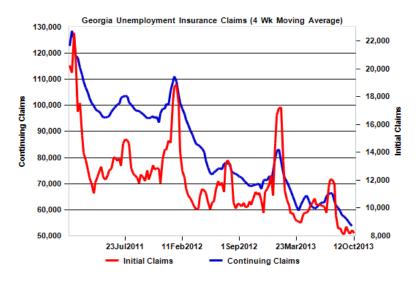
Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)



Unemployment Insurance Claims

• Initial unemployment insurance claims reflect a gradually improving labor market in the U.S. and in Georgia and are well below year ago levels.



Employment Data

- Seven sectors are showing positive year over year growth on a three month moving average basis. These include professional and business services; leisure and hospitality; education and health; information; and trade, transportation, and utilities.
- Georgia's construction and finance sectors were hit very hard by the downturn in housing. Both sectors have finally begun to show year over year growth in employment. Manufacturing employment is near flat while other services and government are showing small declines in employment.
- Employment growth is well diversified across metro areas in the state. The Atlanta metro area leads all Georgia metro areas with year over year growth averaging 2.7%. Eight of the fourteen metro areas tracked are seeing positive growth and three metro areas are seeing small year over year declines.

State Economic Development Programs

Georgia has several key economic development programs designed to attract and retain new or expanding businesses to the state through the availability of grants or low-interest loans for capital needs and free-of-charge customized training for their workforce.

OneGeorgia Authority Grants and Loans

- The EDGE, Equity, and ESB programs provide grants or low interest loans for capital assets to rural Georgia communities to enable Georgia's communities to compete nationally in attracting businesses.
- Since 2011, OneGeorgia has awarded nearly \$98 million in grants and loans, which has resulted in over \$4.3 billion in private investment and the creation of over 13,500 new jobs.

Regional Economic Business Assistance (REBA) Grants

- REBA provides grant awards to both metropolitan and rural Georgia communities for capital assets necessary to recruit or retain businesses in the state.
- Since 2011, the REBA program has awarded nearly \$9.5 million in grants, which has resulted in over \$964 million in private investment and the creation of 5,500 new jobs.

(Unaudited)



Quick Start

- Quick Start provides comprehensive, customized, and free-of-charge training through Georgia's technical college system to qualified new, expanding, or existing businesses.
- During fiscal year13, delivered 133 projects across the entire state, helping create or retain 12,438 jobs. 70% of trainees located outside Metro Atlanta, 38% of projects were with international companies from 15 different countries.

Georgia will maintain a cautious approach to the Amended fiscal year 2014 and fiscal year 2015 budgets

Due to uncertainty in federal fiscal policy, Georgia continues to take a conservative approach to the current and upcoming fiscal years. The current enacted fiscal year 2014 budget assumes tax revenue growth of 4.8% over the Amended fiscal year 2013 budget estimate. Compared to actual revenues for fiscal year 2013, the budget is balanced to 3.1% total tax revenue growth.

While revenue performance has been strong to date, budget instructions issued in July for Amended fiscal year 2014 and fiscal year 2015 required flat budget requests from state agencies. As in previous years, both the Amended fiscal year 2014 and fiscal year 2015 budget cost drivers will be in the areas of education and health care. Both budgets will accommodate funding needs for enrollment growth in K-12 education and additional costs to Medicaid associated with the Affordable Care Act.

Georgia has not yet seen a significant impact on state agency operations as a result of federal fiscal year 2013 sequestration reductions. The administration continues to work closely with state agencies in monitoring the federal budget and preparing contingency plans, but does not anticipate replacing any federal dollars except in life/safety emergency situations.

The State must submit its budget recommendations to the General Assembly in early January 2014 and will continue to monitor revenue trends and economic and political events to factor into potential adjustments to the revenue estimates.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the State's finances for all of the State's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate the State's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to: State Accounting Office, 200 Piedmont Avenue, Suite 1604 West Tower, and Atlanta, Georgia 30334-9010.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

1776

	vernmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities	Total	С	omponent Units
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,373,455	\$	1,742,607	\$ 4,116,062	\$	1,187,053
Investments	3,355,111		461,751	3,816,862		1,978,011
Receivables (Net)	3,977,931		674,609	4,652,540		4,024,017
Due from Primary Government	-		-	-		4,558
Due from Component Units	58,999		141,637	200,636		-
Internal Balances	260,268		(260,268)	-		-
Inventories	44,756		31,766	76,522		27,523
Prepaid Items	23,740		79,733	103,473		19,593
Other Assets	43,184		36,409	79,593		316,649
Restricted Assets	- / -		,	,		,
Cash and Cash Equivalents	45,357		92,557	137,914		344,469
Investments	22,364		223,624	245,988		1,552,963
Receivables (Net)	22,304		225,024	245,700		854,558
	-		-	-		654,556
Capital Assets						
Nondepreciable	6,536,198		679,501	7,215,699		499,669
Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	 14,229,709		9,404,002	 23,633,711		1,773,598
Total Assets	 30,971,072		13,307,928	 44,279,000		12,582,661
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Accumulated Decrease in Fair Value of Hedging Derivatives	 -		7,610	 7,610		7,722
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	2,397,067		292,354	2,689,421		268,011
Due to Primary Government	-		-	-		200,636
Due to Component Units	221		4,337	4,558		-
Benefits Payable	907,018		275,379	1,182,397		-
Accrued Interest Payable	189,601		674	190,275		5,547
Contracts Payable	133,797		17,063	150,860		16,972
Funds Held for Others	117,539		47,357	164,896		689
Unearned Revenue	145,801		526,651	672,452		812,643
Claims and Judgments Payable	574,861		520,051	574,861		4,412
Other Liabilities	96,497		46,556	143,053		326,048
	90,497		40,550	145,055		520,048
Noncurrent Liabilities:	1.050.007		102.020	1 2 4 2 0 1 6		107 575
Due within one year	1,050,087		193,829	1,243,916		197,575
Due in more than one year	 10,101,087		5,578,403	 15,679,490		3,818,818
Total Liabilities	 15,713,576		6,982,603	 22,696,179		5,651,351
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred Service Concession Arrangement Receipts	 -		77,884	 77,884		-
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	13,737,276		6,502,029	20,239,305		1,410,007
Restricted for:						
Bond Covenants/Debt Service	-		-	-		105,930
Capital Projects	-		75,188	75,188		82,609
Guaranteed Revenue Debt Common Reserve Fund	54,003		-	54,003		-
Loan and Grant Programs	-		-	-		1,420,138
Lottery for Education	774,143		-	774,143		-,
Motor Fuel Tax Funds	1,765,378		-	1,765,378		_
Permanent Trusts:	1,705,570		-	1,705,570		-
			057 000	057.007		1.007.070
Nonexpendable	14		257,823	257,837		1,087,079
Expendable	-		399,070	399,070		1,024,571
Unemployment Compensation Benefits	-		61,133	61,133		-
Other Purposes	707,778		23,214	730,992		44,335
Unrestricted	 (1,781,096)		(1,063,406)	 (2,844,502)		1,764,363
Total Net Position	\$ 15,257,496	\$	6,255,051	\$ 21,512,547	\$	6,939,032
	 	_	-	 	-	-

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

					Prog	ram Revenues		
				Sales and		Operating		Capital
			0	Charges for		Grants and		frants and
		Expenses		Services	C	Contributions		ontributions
Functions/Programs								
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	1,606,626	\$	2,205,860	\$	501,157	\$	13,422
Education		10,770,532		8,951		2,432,166		-
Health and Welfare		16,033,221		576,110		11,686,863		610
Transportation		1,656,662		23,393		17,859		1,280,910
Public Safety		2,012,501		161,190		169,265		14,930
Economic Development and Assistance		515,874		70,459		417,946		-
Culture and Recreation		240,018		124,810		81,998		-
Conservation		51,038		7,454		10,004		824
Interest and Other Charges on Long-Term Debt		616,328		-		-		-
Total Governmental Activities		33,502,800		3,178,227		15,317,258		1,310,696
Business-type Activities:								
Higher Education Fund		7,931,918		2,992,037		2,652,244		88,169
State Health Benefit Plan		2,193,829		-		2,336,582		-
Unemployment Compensation Fund		1,858,989		-		2,169,765		-
Nonmajor Enterprise Fund		191,949		114,152		92,571		2,496
Total Business-type Activities		12,176,685		3,106,189		7,251,162		90,665
Total Primary Government	\$	45,679,485	\$	6,284,416	\$	22,568,420	\$	1,401,361
Comment Half								
Component Units	¢	52 (21	¢	70.020	¢	164 401	¢	
Georgia Environmental Finance Authority	\$	53,624	\$	78,830	\$	164,401	\$	-
Georgia Housing and Finance Authority		156,958		22,079		131,254		-
Georgia Lottery Corporation		3,657,983		3,640,269		1		-
Georgia Ports Authority		287,219		292,583		16,407		11,882
Georgia Tech Foundation, Incorporated		130,763		15,012		119,901		31,740
Nonmajor Component Units		2,287,930		1,127,303		1,109,973		36,272
Total Component Units	\$	6,574,477	\$	5,176,076	\$	1,541,937	\$	79,894

General Revenues: Taxes Personal Income Taxes General Sales Taxes Other Taxes Unrestricted Investment Income Unclaimed Property Other Payments from the State of Georgia Contributions to Permanent Endowments Transfers Total General Revenues, Contributions to Permanent Endowments and Transfers Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning - Restated (Note 3) Net Position - Ending



Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
	Primary	Government						
Governmental	ŗ	ness-Type			Component			
Activities		ctivities		Total		Units		
\$ 1,113,813			\$	1,113,813				
(8,329,415)	1			(8,329,415)				
(3,769,638)	1			(3,769,638)				
(334,500)	1			(334,500)				
(1,667,116)				(1,667,116)				
(27,469)				(27,469)				
(33,210)				(33,210)				
(32,756)				(32,756)				
(616,328)	-			(616,328)				
(13,696,619)	<u> </u>			(13,696,619)				
	\$	(2,199,468)		(2,199,468)				
		142,753		142,753				
		310,776		310,776				
		17,270		17,270				
	. <u> </u>	(1,728,669)		(1,728,669)				
(13,696,619)	<u> </u>	(1,728,669)		(15,425,288)				
					\$	189,607		
						(3,625)		
						(17,713)		
						33,653		
						35,890		
						(14,382)		
						223,430		

Net (Expense) Revenue and	
Changes in Net Position	

8,854,916	-	8,854,916	-
5,082,342	-	5,082,342	-
2,708,094	-	2,708,094	29,164
323	-	323	-
138,832	-	138,832	-
126,862	-	126,862	-
-	-	-	64,886
-	1,231	1,231	50,287
(2,377,595)	2,377,595		
14,533,774	2,378,826	16,912,600	144,337
837,155	650,157	1,487,312	367,767
14,420,341	5,604,894	20,025,235	6,571,265
\$ 15,257,496	\$ 6,255,051	\$ 21,512,547	\$ 6,939,032

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)



	General Fund			General Obligation Bond Projects Fund		Nonmajor Funds		Total	
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2.312.746	\$		\$	41.126	\$	2,353,872	
Investments	¢	2,078,565	φ	1,155,243	¢	41,120 13,511	ф	2,333,872	
Receivables (Net)		3,905,386		2,256		11,287		3,918,929	
Due from Other Funds		1,087		2,230		1,306		2,393	
Due from Component Units		58,944				1,500		58,944	
Inventories		31,639		_		-		31,639	
Restricted Assets		51,057						51,057	
Cash and Cash Equivalents		16,508		-		28,849		45,357	
Investments		8,149		_		14,215		22,364	
Advances to Primary Government		0,149		_		7,725		7,725	
Other Assets		37,394		-		-		37,394	
Total Assets	\$	8,450,418	\$	1,157,499	\$	118,019	\$	9,725,936	
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals	\$	2,313,432	\$	49,720	\$	539	\$	2,363,691	
Due to Other Funds		401,755		-		625		402,380	
Due to Component Units		221		-		-		221	
Benefits Payable		907,018		-		-		907,018	
Contracts Payable		121,150		11,895		750		133,795	
Undistributed Local Government Sales Tax		4,300		-		-		4,300	
Funds Held for Others		116,984		-		-		116,984	
Deferred Revenue		145,466		16		-		145,482	
Other Liabilities		36,576		91,745		-		128,321	
Total Liabilities		4,046,902		153,376		1,914		4,202,192	
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable		56,937		-		14		56,951	
Restricted		3,177,010		982,151		83,002		4,242,163	
Unrestricted									
Committed		4,954		-		-		4,954	
Assigned		365,985		21,972		33,089		421,046	
Unassigned		798,630		-		-		798,630	
Total Fund Balances		4,403,516		1,004,123		116,105		5,523,744	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	8,450,418	\$	1,157,499	\$	118,019	\$	9,725,936	

Reconciliation of Fund Balances To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)



Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (from previous page)		\$ 5,523,744
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not		
reported in the funds. These assets consist of:		
Land	\$ 3,390,010	
Buildings and Building Improvements	3,212,665	
Improvements Other Than Buildings	97,071	
Machinery and Equipment	864,024	
Infrastructure	26,122,027	
Construction in Progress	3,030,451	
Works of Art and Collections	86	
Intangibles - Other Than Software	94,571	
Software	199,465	
Accumulated Depreciation	(16,560,837)	20,449,533
Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the funds. However, issuance costs are deferred		
and amortized over the life of the bonds and are included in governmental activities		
in the Statement of Net Position.		28,773
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual		
funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in		
governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		511,074
Certain long-term liabilities, assets and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current		
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
General Obligation Bonds	(8,653,160)	
Premiums	(681,547)	
Deferred Amount on Refunding	261,923	
Accrued Interest Payable	(179,948)	
Revenue Bonds	(1,422,275)	
Premiums	(90,810)	
Deferred Amount on Refunding	9,160	
Accrued Interest Payable	(9,653)	
Capital Leases	(173,120)	
Compensated Absences	(305,200)	
Long-Term Notes	(4,000)	
Arbitrage Rebate	(4,877)	
Other	(2,121)	(11,255,628)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 15,257,496

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)



	General Fund	General Obligation Bond Projects Fund	Nonmajor Funds		Total
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 16,645,352	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 16,645,352
Licenses and Permits	753,517	-		-	753,517
Intergovernmental - Federal	15,916,284	19,555		-	15,935,839
Intergovernmental - Other	563,329	11,654		51,740	626,723
Sales and Services Fines and Forfeits	483,297	-		309	483,606
Interest and Other Investment Income	607,862 4,394	2 ((9		182	607,862
Unclaimed Property	4,394	2,668		162	7,244 138,832
Lottery Proceeds	927,479	-		-	927,479
Nursing Home Provider Fees	176,864			_	176,864
Hospital Provider Payments	232,080	_		_	232,080
Other	71,570	1,971		1,607	75,148
	 , 1,0 , 0			1,007	 70,110
Total Revenues	 36,520,860	35,848		53,838	 36,610,546
Expenditures: Current:					
General Government	1,042,249	2,871		-	1,045,120
Education	10,768,786	_,		-	10,768,786
Health and Welfare	16,031,121	-		-	16,031,121
Transportation	1,871,685	-		8,192	1,879,877
Public Safety	2,033,814	-		-	2,033,814
Economic Development and Assistance	490,747	-		3,269	494,016
Culture and Recreation	263,636	-		-	263,636
Conservation	51,053	-		261	51,314
Capital Outlay	-	600,128		-	600,128
Debt Service					
Principal	-	-		774,855	774,855
Interest	2	-		461,430	461,432
Accrued Interest on Bonds Retired in Advance	-	-		19	19
Discount on Bonds Retired in Advance	-	-		214	214
Other Debt Service Expenditures	-	24,965		130,092	155,057
Intergovernmental	 -	138,161		-	 138,161
Total Expenditures	 32,553,093	766,125		1,378,332	 34,697,550
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 3,967,767	(730,277)		(1,324,494)	 1,912,996
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Debt Issuance - General Obligation Bonds	-	834,870		-	834,870
Debt Issuance - Refunding Bonds	-	-		486,825	486,825
Debt Issuance - General Obligation Bonds - Premium	-	124,742		-	124,742
Debt Issuance - Refunding Bonds - Premium	-	-		102,681	102,681
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	-	-		(587,396)	(587,396)
Capital Leases	5,847	-		-	5,847
Transfers In	37,401	13,932		1,373,087	1,424,420
Transfers Out	 (3,317,114)	(148,390)		(15,759)	 (3,481,263)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (3,273,866)	825,154		1,359,438	 (1,089,274)
Net Change in Fund Balances	693,901	94,877		34,944	823,722
Fund Balances, July 1	 3,709,615	909,246		81,161	 4,700,022
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 4,403,516	\$ 1,004,123	\$	116,105	\$ 5,523,744

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (from previous page)		\$ 823,722
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay (net of losses), net of transfers to Business-Type Activities, Component Units and outside organizations.	\$ 1.024.734	
Depreciation expense	(1,016,057)	8,677
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		7,689
Bond proceeds (net of issuance costs and payments to refunding escrow) provide current financial resources to governmental funds; however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		(803,800)
Some capital additions were financed through capital leases. In governmental funds, a capital lease		
arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a liability.		(5,847)
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces the long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Payments were made on the following long-term liabilities:		
General Obligation Bonds Revenue Bonds	735,585	
Notes	157,965 10,600	
Capital Leases	34,048	938,198
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The incorporation of the external activities of these funds, and the elimination of profit/loss generated by primary government customers results in net revenue (expense) for Governmental		
Activities.		(13,896)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. This adjustment combines the net changes in the following balances:		
Compensated Absences	13,774	
Accrued Interest on Bonds Payable	(34,148)	
Arbitrage Rebate	3,976	
Amortization of Deferred Amount on Refunding Amortization of Bond Premiums	42,142 (139,988)	
Allocation of Deferred Bond Issuance Costs	(139,988)	
Other	(4,644)	 (117,588)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 837,155

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

			Business-ty	pe Act	ivities - Enter	prise F	unds				overnmental Activities -
	Education Heal		State Unemploym Health Benefit Compensati Plan Fund		npensation	N	Ionmajor Funds	Total		Internal Service Funds	
Assets											
Current Assets:											
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,237,459	\$	154,622	\$	307,095	\$	41,807	\$	1,740,983	\$	57,842
Investments	228,083		76,041		-		259		304,383		33,768
Accounts Receivable (Net)	275,054		120,467		195,532		28,408		619,461		56,392
Due from Other Funds	9,619		-		-		1,417,756		1,427,375		516,087
Due from Component Units	136,728		-		-		-		136,728		54
Notes Receivable	-		-		-		2,367		2,367		-
Other Assets	102,910		-		-		29,438		132,348		14,306
Restricted Assets											
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-		-		-		50,960		50,960		5,226
Investments	-		-		-		21,911		21,911		1,260
Noncurrent Assets:											
Other Receivables	-		-		-		3,762		3,762		-
Investments	79,193		-		-		78,175		157,368		74,024
Notes Receivable	45,313		-		-		3,696		49,009		-
Due from Component Units	4,909		-		-		-		4,909		-
Other Noncurrent Assets	-		-		-		15,129		15,129		-
Restricted Assets											
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7,081		-		-		29,289		36,370		-
Investments	60,711		-		-		139,742		200,453		-
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	661,812		-		-		17,689		679,501		21,562
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	9,373,865		-		-		24,528		9,398,393		300,419
Total Assets	 12,222,737		351,130		502,627		1,904,916		14,981,410		1,080,940
Deferred Outflows of Resources											
Accumulated Decrease in											
Fair Value of Hedging Derivatives	-		-		-		7,610		7,610		-
											(continued)



	Business-tvr	pe Activities - Entern	rise Funds		Governmental Activities -
Higher	State	Unemployment			Internal
	Health Benefit Plan	1	5	Total	Service Funds
203,331	20,228	3,334	18,929	245,822	29,078
1,248,771	41,763	-	292,627	1,583,161	1,669
4,337	-	-	-	4,337	-
33,166	224,461	17,752	-	275,379	-
5,048	-	-	-	5,048	-
263,000	194,097	23,642	4,922	485,661	319
-	-	-	-	-	574,861
134,864	120	-	102	135,086	2,230
24,063	-	-	-	24,063	-
2,192	-	-	712	2,904	6,719
-	-	-	31,480	31,480	-
108,180	-	-	2,408	110,588	833
-	-	-	54	54	5,014
87,733	199	-	102	88,034	2,437
-	-	-	7,725	7,725	-
1,068,069	-	-	-	1,068,069	-
1,272,390	-	-	2,602	1,274,992	75,925
-	-	-	1,179,720	1,179,720	-
1,562,542	-	-	-	1,562,542	-
14,115	-	396,766	23,530	434,411	180
-	-	-	7,610	7,610	-
6,031,801	480,868	441,494	1,572,523	8,526,686	699,265
77,884				77,884	
6 450 748	_	-	45 673	6 496 421	239,337
0,150,710			15,075	0,190,121	239,337
75 188	_	-	_	75 188	-
	-	-	23.214	,	-
				,	
160 122	_	-	97 701	257 823	-
	_	_	· · · · · ·	,	_
510,452	-	61 133		,	-
(801 458)	(129 738)	01,155	92 797	,	142,338
(071, 730)	(12), (30)	\$ 61.133	\$ 340,003	()20,399)	\$ 381.675
	Education Fund 2003,331 1,248,771 4,337 33,166 5,048 263,000 - 134,864 24,063 2,192 - 108,180 - 87,733 - 1,068,069 1,272,390 - 1,562,542 14,115 - 6,031,801	Higher Education Fund State Health Benefit Plan 203,331 20,228 1,248,771 41,763 4,337 - 33,166 224,461 5,048 - 263,000 194,097 - - 134,864 120 24,063 - 2,192 - - - 108,180 - - - 1,068,069 - 1,272,390 - - - 1,562,542 - 1,562,542 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Higher Education Fund State Health Benefit Plan Unemployment Compensation Fund 203,331 20,228 3,334 1,248,771 41,763 - 4,337 - - 33,166 224,461 17,752 5,048 - - 263,000 194,097 23,642 - - - 134,864 120 - 24,063 - - 2,192 - - - - - 108,180 - - - - - 108,180 - - - - - 1,068,069 - - - - - 1,562,542 - - - - - 1,562,542 - - - - - - - - - - - - </td <td>Education Fund Health Benefit Plan Compensation Fund Nonmajor Funds 203,331 20,228 3,334 18,929 1,248,771 41,763 - - 33,166 224,461 17,752 - 5,048 - - - 263,000 194,097 23,642 4,922 - - - - 134,864 120 - 102 24,063 - - - - - - 31,480 108,180 - - - - - - 54 87,733 199 - 102 - - - - 1,068,069 - - - - - - - 1,562,542 - - - - - - - - 6,450,748 - - - - <tr< td=""><td>Higher Fauc State Plan Unemployment Compensation Fund Nonmajor Funds Total 203,331 20,228 3,334 18,929 245,822 1,248,771 41,763 292,627 1,583,161 4,337 - - 4,337 33,166 224,461 17,752 - 275,379 5,048 - - - - - - 134,864 120 - 102 135,086 24,063 - - 712 2,904 - - - - 712 2,408 10,588 - - - 2,004 - - - 712 2,408 10,588 - - - 7,725 7,725 108,180 - - - 2,602 1,274,992 - - 1,562,542 - - 1,562,542 - - 1,562,542 - - 1,562,542 - - 1,562,542<!--</td--></td></tr<></td>	Education Fund Health Benefit Plan Compensation Fund Nonmajor Funds 203,331 20,228 3,334 18,929 1,248,771 41,763 - - 33,166 224,461 17,752 - 5,048 - - - 263,000 194,097 23,642 4,922 - - - - 134,864 120 - 102 24,063 - - - - - - 31,480 108,180 - - - - - - 54 87,733 199 - 102 - - - - 1,068,069 - - - - - - - 1,562,542 - - - - - - - - 6,450,748 - - - - <tr< td=""><td>Higher Fauc State Plan Unemployment Compensation Fund Nonmajor Funds Total 203,331 20,228 3,334 18,929 245,822 1,248,771 41,763 292,627 1,583,161 4,337 - - 4,337 33,166 224,461 17,752 - 275,379 5,048 - - - - - - 134,864 120 - 102 135,086 24,063 - - 712 2,904 - - - - 712 2,408 10,588 - - - 2,004 - - - 712 2,408 10,588 - - - 7,725 7,725 108,180 - - - 2,602 1,274,992 - - 1,562,542 - - 1,562,542 - - 1,562,542 - - 1,562,542 - - 1,562,542<!--</td--></td></tr<>	Higher Fauc State Plan Unemployment Compensation Fund Nonmajor Funds Total 203,331 20,228 3,334 18,929 245,822 1,248,771 41,763 292,627 1,583,161 4,337 - - 4,337 33,166 224,461 17,752 - 275,379 5,048 - - - - - - 134,864 120 - 102 135,086 24,063 - - 712 2,904 - - - - 712 2,408 10,588 - - - 2,004 - - - 712 2,408 10,588 - - - 7,725 7,725 108,180 - - - 2,602 1,274,992 - - 1,562,542 - - 1,562,542 - - 1,562,542 - - 1,562,542 - - 1,562,542 </td

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of Internal Service Fund activities related to Enterprise Funds. Net Position of Business-type Activities (129,399) \$ 6,255,051



Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position **Proprietary Funds** For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

(dollars in thousands)

			Bucinece-tu		tivities - Enter	nrise F	unde			Governmental Activities -	
	Higher Education Fund	S Health	tate h Benefit Plan	Unemployment Compensation Fund		Nonmajor Funds		Total			Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:											
Operating Grants and Contributions/Premiums Rents and Royalties	\$ 1,544,319 5,247	\$ 2	2,336,395	\$	2,169,765	\$	68,115 61,835	\$	6,118,594 67,082	\$	217,516 53,087
Sales and Services	1,025,193		-		-		41,789		1,066,982		269,423
Tuition and Fees	2,436,258		-		-		-		2,436,258		-
Less: Scholarship Allowances Other	(607,570) 132,909		-				15,045		(607,570) 147,954		72,654
Total Operating Revenues	4,536,356	2	2,336,395		2,169,765		186,784		9,229,300		612,680
Operating Expenses:											
Personal Services	4,773,736		6,080		-		3,568		4,783,384		52,104
Services and Supplies	2,028,043		113,359		-		23,120		2,164,522		350,567
Scholarships and Fellowships	448,603		-		-		350		448,953		-
Benefits	-	2	2,074,390		1,858,989		-		3,933,379		-
Claims and Judgments	-		-		-		- 15,012		- 15,012		192,339
Interest Expense Depreciation	491,131		-		-		3,554		494,685		- 30,503
Amortization	491,151		-				6,823		6,823		
Other			-		-		76,157		76,157		-
Total Operating Expenses	7,741,513	2	2,193,829		1,858,989		128,584		11,922,915		625,513
Operating Income (Loss)	(3,205,157)	<u> </u>	142,566		310,776		58,200		(2,693,615)		(12,833)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):											
Grants and Contributions	1,082,155		-		-		-		1,082,155		-
Interest and Other Investment Income	25,770		187		-		19,934		45,891		1,760
Interest Expense	(189,227)		-		-		(58,132)		(247,359)		-
Other	2,817		-		-		(5,212)		(2,395)		8,933
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	921,515		187				(43,410)		878,292		10,693
Income (Loss) Before Contributions											
and Transfers	(2,283,642)	<u> </u>	142,753		310,776		14,790		(1,815,323)		(2,140)
Contributions to Permanent Endowments	-		-		-		1,231		1,231		-
Capital Contributions	393,499		-		-		2,496		395,995		1,895
Total Contributions	393,499				-		3,727		397,226		1,895
Transfers:											
Transfers In	2,065,080		-		-		14,164		2,079,244		12,178
Transfers Out	(4,413)	<u> </u>	-		(58)		(7,819)		(12,290)		(24,529)
Net Transfers	2,060,667		-		(58)		6,345		2,066,954		(12,351)
Change in Net Position	170,524		142,753		310,718		24,862		648,857		(12,596)
Net Position, July 1 (Restated - Note 3)	5,942,528		(272,491)		(249,585)		315,141				394,271
Net Position, June 30	\$ 6,113,052	\$	(129,738)	\$	61,133	\$	340,003			\$	381,675
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of Interna	l Service Fund activities	related to E	Enterprise F	unds.				_	1,300		
Change in Net Position of business-type activi	ties							\$	650,157		
o service of the serv								-	,		

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

_	
	1776

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		_		pe Activities - Enter	prise Funds		Governmental Activities -
Cash Received from Constanting \$ 1.042,068 \$ - \$ 101,799 \$ 1,143,867 \$ 97,61 Cash Received from Constant Required 1,563,509 2,368,711 2,151,936 83,131 6,167,287 154,60 Cash Paid to Employees (3,317,125) (96,601) - - 1,827,640 - - 1,827,640 - - 1,827,640 - - 1,827,640 - - 1,827,640 - - 1,827,640 - - 1,827,640 - - - 1,827,640 - - - 1,82,75 - - - (70,077) (70,077) (1,745,737) 3,66 -		Education		Compensation	6	Total	Service
Cash Received from Grans and Required 1,563,509 2,368,711 2,151,936 83,131 6,167,287 154,65 Cash Received from Tution and Fees 1,527,640 - - - 1,227,640 Cash Paid to Vendors (3,017,725) 06,601) - (4,27,81) (3,157,107) (358,256,257) Cash Paid for Benefits - (2,053,322) - (3,015,955) - (3,015,955) - (3,017,725) - - (3,017,725) - - (3,017,725) - - (3,015,955) - (3,015,955) - - (3,017,955) - - (3,017,955) - - (3,017,955) - - (3,017,955) - <td< th=""><th>* 0</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>	* 0						
Contributions/Premiums 1.563:509 2.368:71 2.151,936 83,131 6.167:287 1452 Cash Pacit to Vandors (3.017,725) (96.601) - - 1.827,640 Cash Pacit to Vandors (3.3017,725) (96.601) - (42,781) (3.315,910) Cash Pacit to Vandors (3.455,644) (6.084) - (3.572) (3.465,200) (62.1 Cash Pacit of Emerifis - (2.053,332) (1.800,261) - (1.564) (180,611) (77) Cash Pacit of Nonscriptial Financing Activities (2.316,600) 212,604 291,673 66.586 (1.745,737) 3.66 Cash Plows from Noncepital Financing Activities (2.316,600) 212,604 291,673 66.586 (1.745,737) 3.6 Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities - - 3.679 2.065,759 5.33 Transfers from Onscriptial Financing Activities - - 3.679 2.065,759 5.33 Other Funds 2.065,080 - - 3.679 2.065,759 5	Cash Received from Customers	\$ 1,042,068	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 101,799	\$ 1,143,867	\$ 397,619
Cash Received from Tuition and Fees $1,827,640$ - - $1,827,640$ Cash Paid to Vendors $(3,017,725)$ $(96,601)$ - $(42,781)$ $(3,157,107)$ $(358,22)$ Cash Paid to Emedits - $(2,053,332)$ $(1,800,263)$ - $(3,913,595)$ Cash Paid for Scholarships, Fellowships and Loans $(458,723)$ - (300) $(459,073)$ Other Operating Receipts (Payments) $182,175$ - $(1,564)$ $180,611$ (72) Net Cash Provided by (Used in Operating Activities: $(2,316,690)$ $212,694$ $291,673$ $66,586$ $(1,745,77)$ 3.66 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: 2,065,080 - 3.679 $20,68,799$ 5.33 Transfers tom Other Funds $2,065,080$ - 5.0729 $1.054,929$ $13,11$ Net Cash Provided by (Used in 0) - $(348,536)$ $(1,84,71)$ $(2,751,734)$ $(3,77)$ Noncapital Financing Debt - $(348,594)$ $35,461$ $2,751,734$ $(3,77)$ Noncapital Financing Activities $3,064,867$ $(22,664)$ 1.82 $(2,$	Cash Received from Grants and Required						
Cash Piad to Vendors (3,017,725) (96,601) - (42,781) (3,171,07) (358,22) Cash Piad to Employces (3,455,33) (6,084) - (3,757) (3,465,290) (52,11) Cash Piad for Claims and Judgments - - (70,077) (70,077) (137,42) Cash Piad for Scholarbips, Fellowships and Loans (458,723) - - (1,564) 180,611 (7) Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities (2,316,690) 212,694 291,673 66,586 (1,745,737) 3,66 Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities 1 12,694 291,673 66,586 (1,474,737) 3,66 Transfers from Oncepital Financing Activities 1 - - 3,679 5,33 Transfers from Other Funds 2,065,080 - - 50,729 1,054,929 13,19 Net Cash Provided by (Used in) 1,004,200 - - 50,729 1,054,929 13,19 Noncapital Financing Activities 3,064,867 - 2,266,40 1,83	Contributions/Premiums	1,563,509	2,368,711	2,151,936	83,131	6,167,287	154,616
Cash Paid to Employees (3,455,634) (6,084) - (3,572) (3,465,290) (52,11) Cash Paid for Claims and Judgments - (2,053,332) (1,860,263) - (3,913,595) Cash Paid for Claims and Judgments - - (70,077) (70,077) (70,077) Cash Paid for Claims and Judgments - - (1,564) 180,611 (7) Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: (2,316,690) 212,694 291,673 66,586 (1,745,737) 3,66 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: (2,055,080) - - 3,679 2,068,759 5,33 Transfers for Other Funds 2,065,080 - - 3,679 2,068,789 5,34 Payments on Noncapital Financing Debt - - (348,536) (18,947) (367,483) - Not Cash Flow from Capital And Related - - 5,0729 1,514 (3,767) Staft Flow from Capital And Related - - - 5,626 - - 92,158	Cash Received from Tuition and Fees	1,827,640	-	-	-	1,827,640	-
Cash Piad for Severins - (2,053,332) (1,860,263) - (3,913,595) Cash Piad for Scholarships, Fellowships and Loans (458,723) - - (70,077) (137,42) Cash Piad for Scholarships, Fellowships and Loans (458,723) - - (1,564) 180,611 (77) Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities (2,316,690) 212,694 291,673 66,586 (1,745,737) 3,66 Cash Plows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers from Other Funds 2,065,080 - - 3,679 2,068,759 5,33 Transfers to Other Funds (4,413) - (58) - (4,471) (2,23) Other Noncapital Financing Debt - - (348,536) (18,947) (367,483) Other Noncapital Financing Activities 3,064,867 - (36,64) 2,751,734 (3,76) Noncapital Financing Activities 3,064,867 - (2,664) 1.8: 2,751,734 (3,76) Capital Contributions - - - (2,664) 1.8: 2,751,734 (3,76) Capital Contributions	Cash Paid to Vendors	(3,017,725)	(96,601)	-	(42,781)	(3,157,107)	(358,226)
Cash Paid for Claims and Judgments - - (70,077) (70,077) (137,43) Cash Paid for Scholarships, Fellowships and Loans (458,723) - - (350) (459,073) Other Operating Recipts (Psyments) 1182,175 - - (1,646) 1180,611 (77) Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities (2,316,690) 212,694 291,673 66,586 (1,745,737) 3,66 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: - - 3,679 2,068,759 5,33 Transfers to Other Funds 2,065,080 - - 3,679 2,068,743 5,34 Other Noncapital Financing Debt - - (348,556) (18,947) (367,483) Other Noncapital Recipts (Psyments) 1,004,200 - - 50,729 1,054,929 13,15 Not Cash Flows from Capital and Related Emancing Activities: - - 9,2158 - - 9,2158 Capital Granita and Grans Activities: - - - 2,2164 1,83 - - 9,2158 - - - 9,2158	Cash Paid to Employees	(3,455,634)	(6,084)	-	(3,572)	(3,465,290)	(52,118)
Cash Paid for Scholarships, Fellowships and Leans (458,723) - - (350) (459,073) Other Operating Receipts (Payments) 182,175 - - (1.564) 180,611 (7) Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities (2.316,690) 212,694 291,673 66,586 (1.745,737) 3.6 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers from Other Funds 2.065,080 - - 3.679 2.068,759 5.33 Other Noncapital Financing Debt - - (348,536) (18,471) (2.374,743) - (2.4471) (2.231,692) 13.19 Noncapital Financing Debt - - (348,594) 35.461 2.751,734 (3.70 Noncapital Financing Activities 3.064,867 - (348,594) 35.461 2.751,734 (3.70 Cash Provided by (Used in) - - (2.664) 1.82 7 - (2.664) 1.82 7 Noncapital Financing Activities - - (2.664) 1.82 7 - </td <td>Cash Paid for Benefits</td> <td>-</td> <td>(2,053,332)</td> <td>(1,860,263)</td> <td>-</td> <td>(3,913,595)</td> <td>-</td>	Cash Paid for Benefits	-	(2,053,332)	(1,860,263)	-	(3,913,595)	-
Other Operating Receipts (Payments) $182,175$ - (1,564) $180,611$ (75) Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities (2,316,690) $212,694$ $291,673$ $66,586$ $(1,745,737)$ $3,66$ Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities 2065,080 - - $3,679$ $2,068,759$ $5,33$ Transfers for Other Funds $(4,413)$ - (58) - $(4,471)$ $(22,37,83)$ Other Noncapital Receipts (Payments) $1,004,200$ - - $(348,594)$ $(35,461)$ $2,751,734$ $(3,76)$ Noncapital Financing Activities $3,064,867$ - $(348,594)$ $35,461$ $2,751,734$ $(3,76)$ Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: - $ 92,158$ - - $ 5,626$ $2,2799$ $(44,518)$ $(6,66)$ Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asets $5,626$ - - $ 5,626$ $2,2799$ $(44,518)$ $(6,66)$ Principal Paid on Capital Debt $(138,443)$ <td>Cash Paid for Claims and Judgments</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>(70,077)</td> <td>(70,077)</td> <td>(137,452)</td>	Cash Paid for Claims and Judgments	-	-	-	(70,077)	(70,077)	(137,452)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: (2,316,690) 212,694 291,673 66,586 (1,745,737) 3,66 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: 2,065,080 - - 3,679 2,068,759 5,36 Transfers to Other Funds (4,413) - (58) - (4,471) (22,38) Payments on Noncapital Financing Debt - - (348,536) (18,947) (367,483) Other Noncapital Receipts (Payments) 1,004,200 - - 50,729 1,054,929 13,19 Net Cash Provided by (Used in) - - (348,594) 35,461 2,751,734 (3,76) Cash Elows from Capital and Related - - - (2,664) 1,83 Financing Activities: - </td <td>Cash Paid for Scholarships, Fellowships and Loans</td> <td>(458,723)</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>(350)</td> <td>(459,073)</td> <td>-</td>	Cash Paid for Scholarships, Fellowships and Loans	(458,723)	-	-	(350)	(459,073)	-
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: (2,316,690) 212,694 291,673 66,586 (1,745,737) 3,66 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: 2,065,080 - - 3,679 2,068,759 5,36 Transfers to Other Funds (4,413) - (58) - (4,471) (22,38) Payments on Noncapital Financing Debt - - (348,536) (18,947) (367,483) Other Noncapital Receipts (Payments) 1,004,200 - - 50,729 1,054,929 13,19 Net Cash Provided by (Used in) - - (348,594) 35,461 2,751,734 (3,76) Cash Elows from Capital and Related - - - (2,664) 1,83 Financing Activities: - </td <td>• • •</td> <td>182,175</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>(1.564)</td> <td></td> <td>(793)</td>	• • •	182,175	-	-	(1.564)		(793)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: 7.0 Transfers from Other Funds 2.065,080 - - 3.679 2.068,759 5.3,3 Payments on Noncapital Financing Debt - - (348,536) (18,947) (367,483) Other Noncapital Receipts (Payments) 1.004,200 - - 50,729 1,054,929 13,15 Net Cash Provided by (Used in) 1.004,200 - - 50,729 1,054,929 13,15 Noncapital Financing Activities 3.064,867 - (348,594) 35,461 2,751,734 (3,70 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: - - - 2,664) 1.85 Capital Contributions - - - - 2,664 1.85 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 5,626 - - - 5,626 2,20 Printerio and Construction of Capital Assets (42,809) - - (2,698) (80,216) (6.66 Interest Paid on Capital Debt (18,843) - - (39,519) (227,962) - Net Cash Use		·	212 694	291 673		·	3,646
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Net easi i fovided by (Osed in) Operating Activities	(2,510,090)	212,074	271,075	00,580	(1,745,757)	5,040
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:						
Payments on Noncapital Financing Debt - - (348,536) (18,947) (367,483) Other Noncapital Receipts (Payments) 1,004,200 - - 50,729 1,054,929 13,14 Net Cash Provided by (Used in) - - 50,729 1,054,929 13,14 Noncapital Financing Activities 3,064,867 - (348,594) 35,461 2,751,734 (3,76) Cash Flows from Capital and Related - - - (2,664) 1,83 - - 92,158 - - - 92,158 - - - 5,626 2,20 Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets 5,626 - - - 5,626 2,20 Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets 5,626 - - - 5,626 2,20 Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets 5,626 - - - 5,626 2,20 Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets 5,626 - - - 6,669 1,045,518) (6,66) Principal Paid on Capital Debt (188,443) -	Transfers from Other Funds	2,065,080	-	-	3,679	2,068,759	5,361
Other Noncapital Receipts (Payments) $1,004,200$ - - $50,729$ $1,054,929$ $13,19$ Net Cash Provided by (Used in) 3,064,867 - $(348,594)$ $35,461$ $2,751,734$ $(3,70)$ Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: - - - $(2,664)$ $1,85$ Capital Contributions - - - $(2,664)$ $1,85$ Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $5,626$ - - $5,626$ $2,21$ Principal Paid on Capital Debt (18,843) - (2,6982) (80,216) $(6,66)$ Interest Paid on Capital Debt (18,843) - (239,519) (227,962) $(227,962)$ $(227,962)$ Net Cash Used in Capital and Related - - $(71,066)$ $25,759$ $(54,210)$ $(3,3)$ Interest and Dividends Received 46,471 187 $ (4,549)$ $(4,549)$ Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities - - $(71,066)$ $25,759$ $(54,210)$	Transfers to Other Funds	(4,413)	-	(58)	-	(4,471)	(22,319)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) 3,064,867 (348,594) 35,461 2,751,734 (3,764) Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: (2,664) (2,664) 1.83 Capital Gratis and Gifts Received 92,158 - - 92,158 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 5,626 - - 5,626 Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (442,809) - (2,709) (445,518) (6,62) Principal Paid on Capital Debt (188,443) - - (26,982) (80,216) (6,66) Interest Paid on Capital Debt (188,443) - - (39,519) (227,962) Net Cash Used in Capital and Related - - (71,874) (658,576) (9,23) Cash Flows from Investing Activities (8,903) (71,066) - 25,759 (54,210) (3,3] Interest and Dividends Received 46,471 187 - - (4,549) - Sale (Purchase) of Investing Activities - - - - -	Payments on Noncapital Financing Debt	-	-	(348,536)	(18,947)	(367,483)	-
Noncapital Financing Activities 3,064,867 (348,594) 35,461 2,751,734 (3,77) Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Capital Contributions - - (2,664) (2,664) 1,88 Capital Contributions - - - (2,664) (2,664) 1,88 Capital Contributions - - - 92,158 - - 92,158 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 5,626 - - 5,626 2,22 Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (442,809) - - (2,709) (445,518) (6,65) Interest Paid on Capital Debt (188,443) - - (39,519) (227,962) - Net Cash Used in Capital and Related - - (71,874) (658,576) (9,22) Cash Flows from Investing Activities - - (71,066) - 25,759 (54,210) (3,3) Interest and Dividends Received 46,471 187 - - - - -<	Other Noncapital Receipts (Payments)	1,004,200	-	-	50,729	1,054,929	13,195
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Capital Contributions - - - (2,664) (2,664) 1.83 Capital Contributions 92,158 - - 92,158 - 92,158 - 92,158 - 92,158 - 92,158 - 92,158 - 92,158 - 92,158 - 92,158 - 92,158 - 92,158 - - 92,158 - - 92,158 - - 92,158 - - 92,158 - - 92,158 - - 92,158 - - 92,158 - - 92,158 - - 92,158 - - 92,158 - - - 92,158 (6,65 - - - (2,698) (80,216) (6,66 - - - (26,952) - - - (39,519) (227,962) - - - (71,874) (658,576) (9,22) - - <td>Net Cash Provided by (Used in)</td> <td><u> </u></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Net Cash Provided by (Used in)	<u> </u>					
Financing Activities: Capital Contributions - - - (2,664) (2,664) 1,83 Capital Grants and Gifts Received 92,158 - - 92,158 - Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 5,626 - - 5,626 2,20 Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (42,809) - - (2,709) (44,518) (6,66 Interest Paid on Capital Debt (53,234) - - (26,982) (80,216) (6,66 Interest Paid on Capital Debt (188,443) - - (39,519) (227,962) - Net Cash Used in Capital and Related - - (71,874) (658,576) (9,22) Cash Flows from Investing Activities: - - (71,874) (658,576) (9,22) Sale (Purchase) of Investments (Net) (8,903) (71,066) - 25,759 (54,210) (3,33) Interest and Dividends Received 46,471 187 - (4,549) (4,549) Other Investing Activities - - - (4,549) (4,549)	Noncapital Financing Activities	3,064,867	-	(348,594)	35,461	2,751,734	(3,763)
Capital Grants and Gifts Received 92,158 - - 92,158 - 92,158 - 92,158 92,158 - 92,158 92,158 92,158 - 92,158 92,158 92,158 92,158 - 92,158 92,158 92,158 92,158 - 92,158 92,159 92,159 92,159 92,159 92,159 92,159,159 92,159 92,159 <td< td=""><td>Cash Flows from Capital and Related</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Cash Flows from Capital and Related						
Capital Grants and Gifts Received $92,158$ - - 92,158 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $5,626$ - - - $5,626$ $2,20$ Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets $(442,809)$ - - $(2,709)$ $(445,518)$ $(6,66)$ Principal Paid on Capital Debt $(53,234)$ - - $(26,982)$ $(80,216)$ $(6,66)$ Interest Paid on Capital Debt $(188,443)$ - - $(39,519)$ $(227,962)$ Net Cash Used in Capital and Related - $(71,874)$ $(658,576)$ $(9,23)$ Cash Flows from Investing Activities: - - $(71,874)$ $(658,576)$ $(9,23)$ Sale (Purchase) of Investments (Net) $(8,903)$ $(71,066)$ - $25,759$ $(54,210)$ $(3,31)$ Interest and Dividends Received $46,4711$ 187 - $19,934$ $66,592$ $1,76$ Other Investing Activities $37,568$ $(70,879)$ 0 $41,144$ $7,833$ $(1,52)$ Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities $37,568$ $(70,879)$	Financing Activities:						
Capital Grants and Gifts Received 92,158 - - 92,158 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 5,626 - - 5,626 2,20 Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets $(442,809)$ - - $(2,709)$ $(445,518)$ $(6,66)$ Principal Paid on Capital Debt $(53,234)$ - - $(26,982)$ $(80,216)$ $(6,66)$ Interest Paid on Capital Debt $(188,443)$ - - $(39,519)$ $(227,962)$ Net Cash Used in Capital and Related - $(71,874)$ $(658,576)$ $(9,23)$ Cash Flows from Investing Activities: - - $(71,874)$ $(658,576)$ $(9,23)$ Sale (Purchase) of Investments (Net) $(8,903)$ $(71,066)$ - $25,759$ $(54,210)$ $(3,31)$ Interest and Dividends Received $46,4711$ 187 - $19,934$ $66,592$ $1,76$ Other Investing Activities $37,568$ $(70,879)$ 0 $41,144$ $7,833$ $(1,52)$ Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities $37,568$ $(70,879)$ 0 $41,144$	Capital Contributions	-	-	-	(2,664)	(2,664)	1,835
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 5,626 - - - 5,626 2,20 Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets $(442,809)$ - - $(2,709)$ $(445,518)$ $(6,63)$ Principal Paid on Capital Debt $(53,234)$ - - $(26,982)$ $(80,216)$ $(6,66)$ Interest Paid on Capital Debt $(188,443)$ - - $(39,519)$ $(227,962)$ Net Cash Used in Capital and Related - $(71,874)$ $(658,576)$ $(9,23)$ Cash Flows from Investing Activities (586,702) - - $(71,874)$ $(658,576)$ $(9,23)$ Cash Flows from Investing Activities (586,702) - - $(71,874)$ $(658,576)$ $(9,23)$ Cash Flows from Investing Activities (586,702) - - $(71,874)$ $(658,576)$ $(9,23)$ Cash Provided by (Used in Newting Activities (586,702) - - $(71,874)$ $(658,576)$ $(9,23)$ Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities 37,568 $(70,879)$ 0 $41,144$ $7,833$ $(1,53)$ Net Increa	Capital Grants and Gifts Received	92,158	-	-	-	92,158	-
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets $(442,809)$ $(2,709)$ $(445,518)$ $(6,67)$ Principal Paid on Capital Debt $(53,234)$ $(26,982)$ $(80,216)$ $(6,66)$ Interest Paid on Capital Debt $(188,443)$ $(39,519)$ $(227,962)$ Net Cash Used in Capital and Related $(586,702)$ $(71,874)$ $(658,576)$ $(9,23)$ Sale (Purchase) of Investing Activities: $(8,903)$ $(71,066)$ - $25,759$ $(54,210)$ $(3,3)$ Interest and Dividends Received $46,471$ 187 - $19,934$ $66,592$ $1,79$ Other Investing Activities $37,568$ $(70,879)$ 0 $41,144$ $7,833$ $(1,52)$ Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities $199,043$ $141,815$ $(56,921)$ $71,317$ $355,254$ $(10,83)$ Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 $1,045,497$ $12,807$ $364,016$ $50,739$ $1,473,059$ $73,94$	*	5.626	-	-	-	5.626	2,200
Principal Paid on Capital Debt (53,234) - - (26,982) (80,216) (6,64) Interest Paid on Capital Debt (188,443) - - (39,519) (227,962) (26,982) (80,216) (6,64) Net Cash Used in Capital and Related - (39,519) (227,962) (658,576) (9,22) Cash Flows from Investing Activities (586,702) - - (71,874) (658,576) (9,22) Sale (Purchase) of Investing Activities: (8,903) (71,066) - 25,759 (54,210) (3,31) Interest and Dividends Received 46,471 187 - 19,934 66,592 1,79 Other Investing Activities - - - (4,549) (4,549) - Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities 37,568 (70,879) 0 41,144 7,833 (1,52) Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 199,043 141,815 (56,921) 71,317 355,254 (10,82) Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 1,045,497 12,807 364,016 50,739 1,473,059 73,94	1	(442,809)	-	-	(2.709)	(445,518)	(6,630)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt (188,443) - - (39,519) (227,962) Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities (586,702) - - (71,874) (658,576) (9,22) Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Sale (Purchase) of Investments (Net) (8,903) (71,066) - 25,759 (54,210) (3,31) Interest and Dividends Received 46,471 187 - 19,934 66,592 1,79 Other Investing Activities - - - (4,549) - - Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities 37,568 (70,879) 0 41,144 7,833 (1,52) Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 199,043 141,815 (56,921) 71,317 355,254 (10,82) Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 1,045,497 12,807 364,016 50,739 1,473,059 73,94	1 1		-	-			(6,643)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related - - (71,874) (658,576) (9,22) Cash Flows from Investing Activities - - (71,874) (658,576) (9,22) Cash Flows from Investing Activities - - (71,874) (658,576) (9,22) Cash Flows from Investing Activities (8,903) (71,066) - 25,759 (54,210) (3,3) Interest and Dividends Received 46,471 187 - 19,934 66,592 1,79 Other Investing Activities - - - (4,549) (4,549) (4,549) Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities 37,568 (70,879) 0 41,144 7,833 (1,52) Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 199,043 141,815 (56,921) 71,317 355,254 (10,82) Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 1,045,497 12,807 364,016 50,739 1,473,059 73,94			-	-			(0,0.0)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Sale (Purchase) of Investments (Net) (8,903) (71,066) - 25,759 (54,210) (3,3) Interest and Dividends Received 46,471 187 - 19,934 66,592 1,75 Other Investing Activities - - - (4,549) (4,549) Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities 37,568 (70,879) 0 41,144 7,833 (1,52) Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 199,043 141,815 (56,921) 71,317 355,254 (10,82) Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 1,045,497 12,807 364,016 50,739 1,473,059 73,94	*	(100,110)			(53,513)	(227,502)	
Sale (Purchase) of Investments (Net) (8,903) (71,066) - 25,759 (54,210) (3,31) Interest and Dividends Received 46,471 187 - 19,934 66,592 1,79 Other Investing Activities - - (4,549) (4,549) (4,549) Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities 37,568 (70,879) 0 41,144 7,833 (1,52) Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 199,043 141,815 (56,921) 71,317 355,254 (10,87) Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 1,045,497 12,807 364,016 50,739 1,473,059 73,94	Financing Activities	(586,702)	-		(71,874)	(658,576)	(9,238)
Sale (Purchase) of Investments (Net) (8,903) (71,066) - 25,759 (54,210) (3,31) Interest and Dividends Received 46,471 187 - 19,934 66,592 1,79 Other Investing Activities - - (4,549) (4,549) (4,549) Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities 37,568 (70,879) 0 41,144 7,833 (1,52) Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 199,043 141,815 (56,921) 71,317 355,254 (10,87) Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 1,045,497 12,807 364,016 50,739 1,473,059 73,94	Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Interest and Dividends Received 46,471 187 - 19,934 66,592 1,79 Other Investing Activities - - - (4,549) (4,549) (4,549) Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities 37,568 (70,879) 0 41,144 7,833 (1,52) Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 199,043 141,815 (56,921) 71,317 355,254 (10,87) Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 1,045,497 12,807 364,016 50,739 1,473,059 73,94	0	(8 003)	(71.066)		25 750	(54 210)	(3,317)
Other Investing Activities - - - (4,549) (4,549) Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities 37,568 (70,879) 0 41,144 7,833 (1,52) Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 199,043 141,815 (56,921) 71,317 355,254 (10,87) Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 1,045,497 12,807 364,016 50,739 1,473,059 73,94							1,793
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities 37,568 (70,879) 0 41,144 7,833 (1,52) Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 199,043 141,815 (56,921) 71,317 355,254 (10,87) Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 1,045,497 12,807 364,016 50,739 1,473,059 73,94				_			1,755
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 199,043 141,815 (56,921) 71,317 355,254 (10,87) Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 1,045,497 12,807 364,016 50,739 1,473,059 73,94							
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 1,045,497 12,807 364,016 50,739 1,473,059 73,94	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	37,568	(70,879)	0	41,144	7,833	(1,524)
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	199,043	141,815	(56,921)	71,317	355,254	(10,879)
	Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	1,045,497	12,807	364,016	50,739	1,473,059	73,947
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30 $$ 1,244,540 $ $$ 154,622 $ $$ 307,095 $ $$ 122,056 $ $$ 1,828,513 $ $$ 65,000$	Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ 1,244,540	\$ 154,622	\$ 307,095	\$ 122,056	\$ 1,828,313	\$ 63,068

(continued)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									Governmental		
		Higher Education	Hea	State alth Benefit	Une	employment mpensation	N	onmajor				ctivities - Internal Service
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		Fund		Plan		Fund		Funds		Total		Funds
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(3,205,157)	\$	142,566	\$	310,776	\$	58,200	\$	(2,693,615)	\$	(12,833)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:												
Depreciation/Amortization Expense		491,131		-		-		10,377		501,508		30,503
Other Reconciling Items		-		-		-		· -		-		437
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:												
Accounts Receivable		69,147		(50,539)		(17,721)		(4,907)		(4,020)		2,849
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-		(63,950)
Due from Component Units								9,769		9,769		(05,550)
Other Assets		8.039		_		_		1,311		9,350		1,333
Notes Receivable		5,416		_		_		-		5,416		-
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals		(423)		16,763		(867)		(398)		15,075		(9,255)
Due to Other Funds		(423)		537		(807)		(1,683)		(1,146)		(7,255)
Benefits Payable		-		21,058		(1,275)		(1,005)		(1,140)		
-		-		21,038 82,318		(1,273)				,		- 665
Unearned Revenue		(4,228)		82,318		760		(2,246)		76,604		54,887
Claims and Judgments Payable		-		-		-		-		-		
Compensated Absences Payable		4,449		(9)		-		(3)		4,437		(593)
Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation		284,395		-		-		-		284,395		-
Other Liabilities		30,541		-		-		(3,834)		26,707		(473)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	(2,316,690)	\$	212,694	\$	291,673	\$	66,586	\$	(1,745,737)	\$	3,646
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:												
Gift of Capital Assets Reducing Proceeds of	~				<u>^</u>		<u>^</u>		â			
Capital Grants and Gifts	\$	300,684	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	300,684	\$	-
Gifts other than Capital Assets Reducing Proceeds of												
Grants and Gifts for Other than Capital Assets		30,839		-		-		-		30,839		-
Change in Accrued Interest Payable												
Affecting Interest Paid		798		-		-		-		798		-
Capital Assets Acquired by Incurring												
Capital Lease Obligations		187,130		-		-		-		187,130		-
Change in Fair Value of Investments		10,265		-		-		-		10,265		(31)
Special Item - Equipment-Capital Asset Transfer		25,823		-		-		-		25,823		-
Capital Lease Obligation		9,617		-		-		-		9,617		4,553
Other		2,781		-		-		-		2,781		-
Total Noncash Investing, Capital and												
Financing Activities	\$	567,937	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	567,937	\$	4,522

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	ion and Other loyee Benefits Trust	I	nvestment Trust	Priva	ate Purpose Trust		Agency	 Total
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	\$ 582,856	\$	3,976,440	\$	5,352	\$	121,846	\$ 4,686,494
Interest and Dividends	216,079		34		-		-	216,113
Due from Brokers for Securities Sold	76,857		-		-		-	76,857
Other	200,202		-		-		7,722	207,924
Due from Other Funds	43,962		-		-		-	43,962
Investments, at Fair Value								
Certificates of Deposit	-		-		-		1,791	1,791
Pooled Investments	14,483,873		2,058,805		2,323		20,951	16,565,952
Mutual Funds	1,583,295		-		-		4,489	1,587,784
Repurchase Agreements	1,525,000		-		-		-	1,525,000
Municipal, U. S. and Foreign	9 5 00 096						51 602	8,641,778
Government Obligations Corporate Bonds/Notes/Debentures	8,590,086 6,684,921		-		-		51,692	6,684,921
Stocks	41,847,258		-		-		-	41,847,258
Asset-Backed Securities	12,024							12.024
Mortgage Investments	92,213		_		_		_	92,213
Real Estate Investment Trusts	29,332		-		-		-	29,332
Capital Assets								
Land	2,071		-		-		-	2,071
Buildings	7,693		-		826		-	8,519
Software	29,325		-		-		-	29,325
Machinery and Equipment	5,595		-		103		-	5,698
Works of Art	114							114
Accumulated Depreciation	(34,985)		-		(615)		-	(35,600)
Other Assets	 625		-		-		58,871	 59,496
Total Assets	 75,978,396		6,035,279		7,989		267,362	 82,289,026
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals	45,373				11		9,253	54,637
Due to Other Funds	2,604		-		3		9,233	2,607
Due to Brokers for Securities Purchased	132,779		-		-		-	132,779
Salaries/Withholdings Payable	2		-		-		-	2
Benefits Payable	54,815		-		-		-	54,815
Funds Held for Others	-		-		-		258,106	258,106
Unearned Revenue	12,860		-		-		-	12,860
Compensated Absences Payable	58		-		198		-	256
Other Liabilities	 -		-		496	. <u> </u>	3	 499
Total Liabilities	 248,491				708		267,362	 516,561
Net Position								
Held in Trust for:	74 617 075							74 (17)77
Pension Benefits	74,617,077		-		-		-	74,617,077
Other Postemployment Benefits	908,049 204 770		-		-		-	908,049 204,770
Other Employee Benefits	204,779		-		-		-	204,779 6,035,279
Pool Participants Other Purposes	-		6,035,279		7,281		-	6,035,279 7,281
Total Net Position	\$ 75,729,905	\$	6,035,279	\$	7,281	\$	-	\$ 81,772,465

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

(dollars in thousands)				
	Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust	Investment Trust	Private Purpose Trust	Total
Additions:				
Contributions/Assessments				
Employer	\$ 2,213,625	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,213,625
Plan Members/Participants	948,581	-	100,061	1,048,642
Other Contributions				
Fines and Bond Forfeitures	19,174	-	-	19,174
Insurance Company Premium Taxes	28,443	-	-	28,443
Insurance Premiums	14,173	-	-	14,173
Other Fees	4,901	-	-	4,901
Rebates	6,600	-	-	6,600
Interest and Other Investment Income				
Dividends and Interest	1,731,054	13,884	76	1,745,014
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in				
Investments Reported at Fair Value	7,320,399	429	-	7,320,828
Less: Investment Expense	(47,759)	(3,607)	-	(51,366)
Pool Participant Deposits	-	7,484,274	-	7,484,274
Other				
Transfers from Other Funds	2,240	-	-	2,240
Miscellaneous	1,451			1,451
Total Additions	12,242,882	7,494,980	100,137	19,837,999
Deductions:				
General and Administrative Expenses	84,512	-	2,601	87,113
Benefits	5,899,332	-	99,262	5,998,594
Pool Participant Withdrawals	-	7,496,281	-	7,496,281
Refunds	104,775			104,775
Total Deductions	6,088,619	7,496,281	101,863	13,686,763
Change in Net Position Held in Trust for:				
Pension and Other Employee Benefits	6,154,263	-	-	6,154,263
Pool Participants	-	(1,301)	-	(1,301)
Other Purposes	-	-	(1,726)	(1,726)
Net Position, July 1	69,575,642	6,036,580	9,007	75,621,229
Net Position, June 30	\$ 75,729,905	\$ 6,035,279	\$ 7,281	\$ 81,772,465

Statement of Net Position Component Units June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	Georgia Environmental Finance Authority	Georgia Housing and Finance Authority	Georgia Lottery Corporation	Georgia Ports Authority	Georgia Tech Foundation, Incorporated	Nonmajor Component Units	Total
Assets							
Current Assets:			.				* * * * * * *
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 532,286	\$ 92,341	\$ 3,882	\$ 96,054	\$ 5,563	\$ 456,927	\$ 1,187,053
Investments	235,361	5,129	-	27,639	-	190,149	458,278
Receivables	1.750		152.055	10 500	07.514	211.002	121.007
Accounts (Net)	1,752	-	153,055	40,592	27,514	211,983	434,896
Capital Leases from						10 501	21.072
Primary Government	-	-	-	-	5,279	18,784	24,063
Interest and Dividends	4,029	764	-	-	-	2,042	6,835
Notes and Loans (Net)	-	-	-	438	1,136	339,345	340,919
Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	679	679
Due from Primary Government	-	-	-	-	-	4,558	4,558
Due from Component Units	-	-	-	-	-	8,896	8,896
Intergovernmental Receivables	8,416	-	-	-	-	13,075	21,491
Other Current Assets	3,390	58,284	1,768	6,251	-	107,282	176,975
Noncurrent Assets:							
Investments	-	131,267	-	8,203	863,697	516,566	1,519,733
Receivables (Net)							
Capital Leases from							
Primary Government	-	-	-	-	141,563	926,506	1,068,069
Notes and Loans	1,358,814	614,440	-	1,903	-	61,899	2,037,056
Other	-	-	-	-	45,366	44,643	90,009
Due from Component Units	-	-	-	-	-	91,806	91,806
Restricted Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	119,456	8,676	-	8,205	208,132	344,469
Investments	-	101,492	247,964	-	533,294	670,213	1,552,963
Receivables (Net)							
Notes and Loans	-	843,702	-	-	-	-	843,702
Interest and Dividends	-	10,856	-	-	-	-	10,856
Deferred Charges	-	13,038	-	-	-	-	13,038
Non-depreciable Capital Assets	-	800	-	289,085	3,395	206,389	499,669
Depreciable Capital Assets (Net)	25	2,479	3,916	619,524	33,407	1,114,247	1,773,598
Other Noncurrent Assets				35,383	61,069	77,300	173,752
Total Assets	2,144,073	1,994,048	419,261	1,125,072	1,729,488	5,271,421	12,683,363
Deferred Outflows							
Accumulated Decrease in							
Fair Value of Hedging Derivatives	-		-	-		7,722	7,722
							(continued)



Statement of Net Position Component Units June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	Georgia Environmental Finance Authority	Georgia Housing and Finance Authority	Georgia Lottery Corporation	Georgia Ports Authority	Georgia Tech Foundation, Incorporated	Nonmajor Component Units	Total
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals	3,005	10,136	99,555	18,794	17,184	124,830	273,504
Due to Primary Government	1,680	2	57,264	22	-	136,759	195,727
Due to Component Units	-	-	-	-	8,716	180	8,896
Funds Held for Others	-	-	-	-	-	689	689
Unearned Revenue	-	1,820	-	622	37,795	110,628	150,865
Notes and Loans Payable	-	-	-	2,000	58,188	7,693	67,881
Revenue/Mortgage Bonds Payable	7,875	26,560	-	-	9,345	40,083	83,863
Other Current Liabilities	90	148,857	10,868	2,188	2,475	58,226	222,704
Current Liabilities Payable from							
Restricted Assets:							
Accrued Interest Payable	-	-	-	-	-	1,585	1,585
Revenue Bonds Payable	-	-	-	-	-	11,175	11,175
Other	-	-	8,503	-	-	8,609	17,112
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Unearned Revenue	-	621,252	-	-	37,445	1,410	660,107
Notes and Loans Payable	-	-	-	34,457	-	118,629	153,086
Revenue/Mortgage Bonds Payable	138,161	1,003,778	-	-	251,380	1,740,387	3,133,706
Grand Prizes Payable	-	-	216,176	-	-	-	216,176
Due to Component Units	-	-	-	-	91,806	-	91,806
Due to Primary Government	-	-	-	-	-	4,909	4,909
Derivative Instrument Payable	-	-	-	-	-	42,607	42,607
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	270		3,123	45,387	18,087	348,788	415,655
Total Liabilities	151,081	1,812,405	395,489	103,470	532,421	2,757,187	5,752,053
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	25	3,279	3,916	872,152	(28,943)	559,578	1,410,007
Restricted for:							
Bond Covenants/Debt Service	80,668	-	-	-	-	25,262	105,930
Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	10,250	72,359	82,609
Permanent Trusts							
Expendable	-	-	-	-	596,704	427,867	1,024,571
Nonexpendable	-	-	-	-	533,294	553,785	1,087,079
Loan and Grant Programs	1,420,138	-	-	-	-	-	1,420,138
Other Purposes	-	-	-	-	-	44,335	44,335
Unrestricted	492,161	178,364	19,856	149,450	85,762	838,770	1,764,363
Total Net Position	\$ 1,992,992	\$ 181,643	\$ 23,772	\$ 1,021,602	\$ 1,197,067	\$ 2,521,956	\$ 6,939,032





Statement of Activities Component Units For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	Georgia Environmental Finance Authority		Georgia Housing and Finance Authority		Georgia Lottery Corporation		Georgia Ports Authority		Georgia Tech Foundation, Incorporated		Nonmajor Component Units		Total	
Expenses	\$	53,624	\$	156,958	\$ 3	,657,983	\$	287,219	\$	130,763	\$	2,287,930	\$	6,574,477
Program Revenues:														
Sales and Charges for Services		78,830		22,079	3	,640,269		292,583		15,012		1,127,303		5,176,076
Operating Grants and Contributions	164,401		131,254		1		16,407		119,901		1,109,973			1,541,937
Capital Grants and Contributions		-	-				11,882		31,740		36,272			79,894
Total Program Revenues		243,231		153,333	3	,640,270		320,872		166,653		2,273,548		6,797,907
Net (Expenses) Revenue		189,607		(3,625)		(17,713)		33,653		35,890		(14,382)		223,430
General Revenues:														
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-		29,164		29,164
Payments from the State of Georgia		-		-		-		-		-		64,886		64,886
Contributions to Permanent Endowments		-		-		-		-		31,704		18,583		50,287
												· · · · ·		
Total General Revenues		-		-		-		-		31,704		112,633		144,337
Change in Net Position		189,607		(3,625)		(17,713)		33,653		67,594		98,251		367,767
Net Position, July 1 - Restated (Note 3)		1,803,385		185,268		41,485		987,949		1,129,473		2,423,705		6,571,265
Net Position, June 30	\$	1,992,992	\$	181,643	\$	23,772	\$	1,021,602	\$	1,197,067	\$	2,521,956	\$	6,939,032



Notes to the Financial Statements Index



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Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the State have been prepared in conformity with GAAP as prescribed by the GASB. Preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The fiscal year end for the primary government and component units is June 30, except for the Stone Mountain Memorial Association, VSU Auxiliary Service Real Estate Foundation, Inc., Armstrong Atlantic State University Educational Properties Foundation, Inc. (all nonmajor enterprise funds) and Governor's Defense Initiative (special revenue fund), which have a fiscal year end of December 31.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the State reporting entity includes the primary government and its component units. The primary government consists of all the organizations that compose the legal entity of the State. All agencies, departments, authorities, commissions, courts, councils, boards, universities, colleges, foundations, retirement funds, associations and other organizations that are not legally separate are, for financial reporting purposes, considered part of the primary government. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the State's elected officials are financially accountable.

Financial accountability is the ability of the State to appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing board and to impose its will upon the organization or when there exists the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. When the State does not appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, GASB standards require inclusion in the financial reporting entity if: (1) an organization is fiscally dependent upon the State because its resources are held for the direct benefit of the State or can be accessed by the State *and* (2) the potential exists for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the State. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the financial statements to be misleading.

Where noted below, the State's component units issue their own separate audited financial statements which may be obtained from their respective administrative offices. Financial statements for component unit organizations with "AUD" at the end of their descriptions below may be obtained from the Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts (DOAA) online at www.audits.ga.gov. Certain component units (with "MGMT" at the end of their descriptions below) are not required to prepare or issue separate financial statements beyond the financial information included in this report. Management reports including information pertinent to the financial and compliance activities of these organizations can also be obtained from DOAA, as indicated above. The financial statements for discretely presented higher education foundations and similar organizations can be obtained from their respective administrative offices or from the Board of Regents.

Blended Component Units

Blended component units have governing bodies substantively the same as the State, provide services entirely or almost entirely to the primary government or have total debt outstanding, including leases, that is expected to be paid entirely, or almost entirely, with resources of the State. As such, although they are legally separate entities, they are, in substance, part of the government's operations. GASB standards require this type of component unit to be reported as part of the primary government and blended into the appropriate funds.

The State's blended component units, as described in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds, Nonmajor Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds portions of the Supplementary Information – Combining and Individual Fund Statements category of the Financial Section, are as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



Special Revenue Funds

The following component units provide services entirely or almost entirely to the primary government and are therefore considered blended component units:

The Georgia Economic Development Foundation, Inc. is a legally separate nonprofit corporation organized to assist the Department of Economic Development in its activities promoting the economic development of the State of Georgia. (MGMT)

The **Georgia Natural Resources Foundation** is a legally separate nonprofit organization created to support the Georgia Department of Natural Resources by providing funding and assistance to enhance natural resource conservation, historic preservation, environmental education, and outdoor recreation. (MGMT)

The **Georgia Tourism Foundation** is a legally separate nonprofit corporation organized to lessen the government burden of promoting tourism by soliciting contributions for the State-wide Tourism Marketing Program. (MGMT)

The **Governor's Defense Initiative** is a legally separate nonprofit corporation organized to promote economic development and workforce training at Georgia's military base establishments and their surrounding communities. (MGMT)

The **State Road and Tollway Authority** is a legally separate public corporation created to construct, operate and manage a system of roads, bridges and tunnels and facilities related thereto. The Authority's total debt outstanding is expected to be paid with resources of the Primary Government and therefore is considered a blended component unit. (AUD)

Debt Service Funds

The **State Road and Tollway Authority Debt Service Fund** accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the debt of the Authority's governmental funds. The Authority issues bonded debt which finances State transportation infrastructure construction. (AUD)

Enterprise Funds

Georgia Higher Education The Facilities Authority is a legally separate public corporation created for the purpose of financing eligible construction. renovation, improvement, and rehabilitation or restoration projects for the Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia and the Technical College System of the State of Georgia through the issuance of revenue bonds. The Authority issues debt and enters into lease agreements principally with the University System of Georgia Foundation, Inc. (nonmajor enterprise The costs of the Authority's debt are fund). recovered through lease payments from the Foundation. The Authority provides services entirely or almost entirely to the Primary Government and is therefore considered a blended component unit. (AUD)

The **State Road and Tollway Authority** uses an enterprise fund to account for its operation of the Georgia 400 Extension toll and for the I-85 HOV to HOT project. (AUD)

The following foundations have debt that is expected to be paid entirely or almost entirely with resources of the Primary Government and therefore are considered blended component units:

The Armstrong Atlantic State University Educational Properties Foundation, Inc. is a nonprofit organization that was created to manage and improve various real estate assets for the benefit of Armstrong Atlantic State University. The Foundation has created a number of limited liability companies of which it is the sole member for purposes including the acquisition, financing, ownership, and operation of dormitory and other ancillary various facilities at the University. The individual financial statements may be obtained from the foundation at the following address: Attn: Controller, 11935 Abercorn Street, Savannah, GA 31419.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The Georgia State University Foundation, Inc. is a nonprofit corporation that serves as the official fund-raising and fund-management organization for Georgia State University and is committed to supporting and assisting the University in achieving its goals and objectives through soliciting and managing private gifts and collaborating and advising on activities the benefit of and advancement of the University. The individual financial statements may be obtained from the foundation at the following address: Attn: Controller, One Park Place SE, Atlanta, GA 30303.

State University The Georgia Research Foundation, Inc. is a nonprofit corporation created to support the research activities of the University through securing gifts, contributions and grants from individuals, private organizations and public agencies and in obtaining contracts with such individuals or entities for the performance of sponsored research, development, or other programs by the university. The individual financial statements may be obtained from the foundation at the following address: Attn: Comptroller/Assistant VP, Finance & Administration, 33 Gilmer Street, Suite 400B. Atlanta. GA 30303.

The **Georgia Tech Facilities, Inc.** is a nonprofit corporation that promotes and supports the Georgia Institute of Technology, principally by financing and constructing buildings and facilities for use by the Institute. The individual financial statements may be obtained from the foundation at the following address: Attn: Affiliate Organizations & Capital Assets Accounting Director, Georgia Tech, 221 Uncle Heinie Way, 325 Lyman Hall, Atlanta, GA 30332

The University System of Georgia Foundation, Inc. is a nonprofit corporation created to support and advance the work of the University System of Georgia. The foundation's support comes primarily from contributions and grants from individuals and corporations, and from leasing activities within the University System of Georgia. The individual financial statements may be obtained from the foundation at the following address: Attn: Director of Business Services, 270 Washington Street, SW, Atlanta, GA 30334.

The VSU Auxiliary Services Real Estate Foundation, Inc. is a nonprofit corporation created to provide accommodations, food services and store facilities to students, faculty, and staff of Valdosta State University. The Foundation is the sole owner of various limited liability companies, which their collective purpose is to construct facilities to be used as student housing, parking decks, a health center, and a student union. Upon completion, the facilities are leased to the Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia. The individual financial statements may be obtained from the foundation at the following address: Attn: Assistant Director of Auxiliary Services, 1500 N. Patterson Street, Valdosta, GA 31698.

Internal Service Funds

The following component units all provide services entirely or almost entirely to the Primary Government and are therefore considered blended component units:

The **Georgia Aviation Authority** was created to acquire, operate, maintain, house, and dispose of all state aviation assets, and to provide aviation services and oversight of state aircraft and aviation operations programs, associated with aircraft of the Department of Transportation, Department of Natural Resources, Department of Public Safety, and the State Forestry Commission. (MGMT)

The **Georgia Building Authority** is responsible for all services associated with the management of State office buildings, maintaining the grounds within the State Capitol complex, maintaining the Governor's Mansion and operating parking facilities. (AUD)

The **Georgia Correctional Industries** Administration utilizes the inmate work force to manufacture products and provide services for the penal system, other units of state government and local governments. (MGMT)

The Georgia Technology Authority was created to provide technology enterprise management and technology portfolio management to state and local governments. (MGMT)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



The State Road and Tollway Authority Customer Service Center Fund is used to report activities related to managing toll paying customer accounts and non-customer violations relating to the Authority's Georgia 400 Extension and the I-85 Express Lanes Project proprietary funds. (AUD)

Discretely Presented Component Units

Discrete presentation entails reporting component unit financial data in a separate column and/or rows in each of the government-wide statements to emphasize that these component units are legally separate from the State. Except for Georgia Military College, the other component units are included in the reporting entity because, under the criteria established by GASB, the State has the ability to impose its will on these organizations.

The determination of major component units is based on any of the following factors: (a) the services provided by the component unit to the citizenry are such that separate reporting as a major component unit is considered essential to financial statement users, (b) there are significant transactions with the primary government, or (c) there is a significant financial benefit or burden relationship with the primary government.

The State's <u>major</u> discretely presented component units are described below:

The Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA) is a body corporate and politic. GEFA provides funding to eligible municipalities, counties, water and sewer authorities in the State for construction and expansion of public water, sewer, and solid waste facilities. GEFA is governed by a board of directors consisting of three officials designated by statute and eight members appointed by the Governor. (AUD)

The Georgia Housing and Finance Authority (GHFA) is a body corporate and politic. GHFA is responsible for facilitating housing, housing finance and financing for health facilities and health care services throughout the State. The powers of GHFA are vested in eighteen members who also comprise the board of the Department of Community Affairs

(DCA). Board members are appointed by the Governor and are composed of one member from each U.S. Congressional District in the State, plus five additional members from the State at large, and include elected officials of counties or municipalities, individuals with an interest or expertise in community or economic development, environmental issues, housing development or finance or citizens who in the judgment and discretion of the Governor would enhance the DCA board. (AUD)

The **Georgia Ports Authority** (**GPA**) is a body corporate and politic. The purpose of the Authority is to develop and improve the harbors or seaports of the State for the handling of waterborne commerce and to acquire, construct, equip, maintain, develop and improve said harbors, seaports and their facilities. The Board consists of twelve members, all of which are appointed by the Governor. (AUD)

The **Georgia Lottery Corporation (GLC)** is a public body, corporate and politic. GLC operates lottery games to provide continuing entertainment to the public and maximize revenues, the net proceeds of which are utilized to support improvements and enhancements for educational purposes. GLC is governed by a board of directors composed of seven members, all of which are appointed by the Governor. The State is legally entitled to residual resources of GLC. (AUD)

The **Georgia Tech Foundation, Incorporated** is a nonprofit organization established to promote, in various ways, the cause of higher education in the State, to raise and receive funds for the support and enhancement of the Georgia Institute of Technology, and to aid the Georgia Institute of Technology in its development as a leading educational institution. The individual financial statements may be obtained from the foundation at the following address: 760 Spring St. NW, Atlanta, GA 30308

The State's <u>nonmajor</u> discretely presented component units are as follows:

The Geo. L. Smith II Georgia World Congress Center Authority is a body corporate and politic and an instrumentality and public corporation of the

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

State. The Authority is responsible for operating and maintaining a comprehensive international trade and convention center consisting of a complex of facilities suitable for multipurpose use. (AUD)

The **Georgia Agricultural Exposition Authority** is a body corporate and politic. This Authority is responsible for provision of a facility for the agricultural community, for public events, exhibits and other activities and for promotion and staging of a statewide fair. (MGMT)

The **Georgia Development Authority** is a body corporate and politic. The Authority was created to assist agricultural and industrial interests by providing credit and servicing functions to better enable farmers and businessmen to obtain needed capital funds. (AUD)

The **Georgia Foundation for Public Education** is a nonprofit organization established to solicit and accept contributions of money and in-kind contributions of services and property for the purpose of supporting educational excellence in Georgia. (MGMT)

The Georgia Higher Education Assistance Corporation is a public authority, body corporate and politic. The Corporation was created to improve the higher educational opportunities of eligible students by guaranteeing educational loan credit to students and to parents of students. The Corporation is governed by the Board of Commissioners of the Georgia Student Finance Commission. (AUD)

The **Georgia Highway Authority** is a body corporate and politic. This Authority was created to build, rebuild, relocate, construct, reconstruct, surface, resurface, layout, grade, repair, improve, widen, straighten, operate, own, maintain, lease and manage roads, bridges and approaches. The three members of the Authority are State officials designated by statute. The Authority has a separate management report, but separate audited financial statements are not required or issued for it. (MGMT) The Georgia International and Maritime Trade Center Authority is a body corporate and politic. The Authority was created to develop and promote the growth of the State's import and export markets through its ports and other transportation modes, and to construct, operate and maintain the Savannah International Trade and Convention Center. (AUD)

The **Georgia Medical Center Authority** is a body corporate and politic. The general nature of the business of the Authority is the provision of life sciences industry research and development and manufacturing facilities and programs based in the State of Georgia, the commercialization of biomedical and biotechnical research results, the promotion of closer ties between academic institutions of the state and the biomedical industry, the facilitation of the development of a life sciences industrial cluster in the State, and the advancement of local and state economic growth. (AUD)

The Georgia Military College (GMC) is a body corporate and politic, and is an instrumentality and a public corporation of the State. GMC is dedicated to providing a high-quality military education to the youth of the State. The Board of Trustees consists of the mayor of the City of Milledgeville and six additional members, one of which is elected from each of the six municipal voting districts of the City, as required by statute. The government, control, and management of GMC are vested in the Board of Trustees. GMC receives any designated funds appropriated by the General Assembly through the Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia. Although GMC does not meet the fiscal dependency or financial benefit/burden criteria, due to the nature and significance to the State and the potential assumption that GMC is the same as other colleges reported within the state reporting entity, management has determined that it would be misleading to exclude GMC from the state reporting entity. (AUD)

The **Georgia Public Telecommunications Commission** is a body corporate and politic. This Commission is a public charitable organization

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



created for the purpose of providing educational, instructional and public broadcasting services to citizens of Georgia. The budget of the Commission must be approved by the State. (AUD)

The **Georgia Rail Passenger Authority** is a body corporate and politic. This Authority is responsible for construction, financing, operation and development of rail passenger service and other public transportation projects. (MGMT)

The **Georgia Regional Transportation Authority** is a body corporate and politic. The purpose of the Authority is to manage land transportation and air quality within certain areas of the State. (MGMT)

The **Georgia Seed Development Commission** is a body corporate and politic and an instrumentality and public corporation of the State whose purpose is to purchase, process, and resell breeders' and foundation seeds. (MGMT)

The Georgia Sports Hall of Fame Authority is a body corporate and politic. This Authority was created to construct and maintain a facility to house the Georgia Sports Hall of Fame to honor those who have made outstanding and lasting contributions to sports and athletics, and to operate, advertise and promote the Sports Hall of Fame. (MGMT)

The **Georgia Student Finance Authority** is a body corporate and politic. This Authority was created for the purpose of improving higher educational opportunities by providing educational scholarship, grant and loan assistance. A substantial amount of funding is provided to the Authority by the State. (AUD)

The Jekyll Island State Park Authority is a body corporate and politic and an instrumentality and public corporation of the State. The Authority was created to operate and manage resort recreational facilities on Jekyll Island. (MGMT)

The **Lake Lanier Islands Development Authority** is a body corporate and politic and an instrumentality and public corporation of the State. The purpose of the Authority is to manage, preserve and protect projects on Lake Lanier Islands. (MGMT)

The North Georgia Mountains Authority is a body corporate and politic and an instrumentality and public corporation of the State responsible for the construction and management of recreation, accommodation and tourist facilities and services. (MGMT)

The **OneGeorgia Authority** is a body corporate and politic and an instrumentality and public corporation of the State. The purpose of the Authority is to promote the health, welfare, safety and economic society of the rural citizens of the State through the development and retention of employment opportunities in rural areas and the enhancement of the infrastructures that accomplish that goal. The six members of the Authority are State officials designated by statute. (MGMT)

The **Regional Educational Service Agencies** was established to provide shared services to improve the effectiveness of educational programs and services of local school systems and to provide direct instructional programs to selected public school students. The State has sixteen of these agencies. (MGMT)

The **Sapelo Island Heritage Authority** is a body corporate and politic. The purpose of the authority is the preservation of the cultural and historic values of Hog Hammock Community located on Greater Sapelo Island. (MGMT)

The **Stone Mountain Memorial Association** is a body corporate and politic and an instrumentality and public corporation of the State. The Authority is responsible for the preservation and protection of Stone Mountain as a Confederate memorial and public recreational area. (AUD)

The **Superior Court Clerks' Cooperative Authority** is a body corporate and politic and an instrumentality and public corporation of the State created to provide a cooperative for the development, acquisition and distribution of record management systems, information, services, supplies

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

and materials for superior court clerks of the State. (AUD)

The Higher Education Foundations and Similar **Organizations** are nonprofit organizations established to secure and manage support for various projects including acquisitions and improvements of properties and facilities for units of the University The following are the System of Georgia. organizations included in the Higher Education Foundations:

Georgia College & State University Foundation, Inc. Georgia Southern University Housing Foundation, Inc. Georgia Tech Athletic Association

Georgia Tech Research Corporation

Kennesaw State University Foundation, Inc.

MCG Health System, Inc.

Medical College of Georgia Foundation, Inc.

- Medical College of Georgia Physicians Practice **Group Foundation**
- University of Georgia Athletic Association, Inc. University of Georgia Foundation

University of Georgia Research Foundation, Inc.

University of North Georgia Real Estate Foundation, Inc.

Fiduciary Component Units

GAAP requires fiduciary component units to be reported as fiduciary funds of the primary government rather than as discrete component units. In accordance with GAAP, fiduciary funds and component units that are fiduciary in nature are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The State's two most significant fiduciary component units are the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (System) and the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). Fiduciary component units are detailed in the Fiduciary Funds portion of the Supplementary Information - Combining and Individual Fund Statements category of the Financial Section.

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from its discretely presented component units.

The Statement of Net Position presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expense of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function. Program revenues include (a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a Taxes and other items not particular function. meeting the definition of program revenues are instead reported as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental and proprietary funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Internal service funds are also aggregated and reported in a separate column on the proprietary funds financial statements.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year in which eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Unearned revenue is recorded when cash or other assets are received prior to being Additionally, long-term assets and earned. Liabilities, such as capital assets and long-term debt, are included on the financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the State generally considers taxes and other revenues to be available if the revenues are collected within 30 days after fiscal year-end. An exception to this policy is federal grant revenues, which generally are considered to be available if collection is expected within 12 months after year-end. All deferred revenue reported represents revenue that is unearned, rather than unavailable. Capital purchases are recorded as expenditures and neither capital assets nor long-term liabilities, such as long-term debt, are reflected on the balance sheet.

Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, and other long-term liabilities, are recorded only when payment is due or (for debt service expenditures), when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the subsequent fiscal year.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition, such as investment earnings, are reported as nonoperating.

The State's proprietary funds and discretely presented component units, other than certain higher education foundations and similar organizations, follow all GASB pronouncements, (including all NCGA Statements and Interpretations currently in effect). Certain higher education foundations and similar organizations report under FASB standards; including FASB Codification Topic 958, *Not-for-Profit Entities*. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. The FASB reports were reclassified to GASB presentation in these financial statements.

GAAP requires that revenues and expenses relating to summer school activities, the dates of which cross the State's fiscal year, are allocated between fiscal years rather than reported in a single fiscal year with the exception of teachers' salaries which are recorded in the fiscal year earned.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The State reports the following major funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund - The principal operating fund of the State which accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

General Obligation Bond Projects Fund - Accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds) financed with general obligation bond proceeds, including educational facilities for county and independent school systems.

Major Enterprise Funds

Higher Education Fund - Accounts for the operations of State colleges and universities and State technical colleges.

State Health Benefit Plan (SHBP) – Administers self-insured program of health benefits for the employees of units of government of the State, units of county government and local education agencies located within the State.

Unemployment Compensation Fund - Accounts for the collection of employers' unemployment insurance tax and the payment of unemployment insurance benefits.

Additionally, the State reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds - Account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The State's special revenue funds represent the blended component units that conduct general governmental functions and activities related to the Transportation Investment Act

Debt Service Funds - Account for the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt. The General Obligation Debt Sinking Fund, which is

a legally mandated fund responsible for fulfilling annual debt service requirements on all general obligation debt, is included in this fund type, as is the SRTA Debt Service Fund.

Permanent Funds - Account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the State's programs. The only permanent fund the State has is the Pupils Trust Fund at Georgia Academy for the Blind.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds - Account for those activities for which fees are charged to external users for goods or services. These funds are also used when the activity is financed with debt that is secured by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges. SRTA's Proprietary Funds, Georgia Higher Education Facilities Authority, Armstrong Atlantic State University Educational Properties Foundation, Inc., Georgia State University Foundation, Inc., Georgia State University Research Foundation, Inc., Georgia Tech Facilities, Inc., University System of Georgia Foundation, Inc., Valdosta State University Auxiliary Services Real Estate Foundation, Inc. are the State's nonmajor enterprise funds.

Internal Service Funds - Account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other State departments or agencies, or to governmental entities, other on а costreimbursement basis. The predominant participant in internal service fund activity is the primary The activities accounted for in the government. State's internal service funds include risk management, prison industries, property management, personnel technology, and administration.

Fiduciary Funds

Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds - Account for the retirement systems and plans administered by the System, TRS, and for pension plans administered on behalf of a variety of local government officials and employees. These funds also include those used to report the

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



accumulation of resources for, and payment of other postemployment benefits.

Investment Trust Funds - Account for the external portions of government-sponsored investment pools, including Georgia Fund 1, Georgia Extended Asset Pool, and the Regents Investment Pool.

Private Purpose Trust Funds - Report resources of all other trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Auctioneers Education Research and Recovery Fund, Real Estate Education, Research, and Recovery Fund and the Subsequent Injury Trust Fund are reported in this category.

Agency Funds - Account for the assets and liabilities for deposits and investments entrusted to the State as an agent for other governmental units, other organizations, or individuals. These funds include tax collections, child support recoveries, and correctional detainees' accounts.

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balances

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include currency on hand and demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions and short-term, highly liquid investments with maturity dates within three months of the date acquired, such as certificates of deposits, money market certificates and repurchase agreements.

Investments

Investments include financial instruments with terms in excess of three months from the date of purchase, certain other securities held for the production of revenue, and land and other real estate held as investments by endowments. Investments are presented at fair value. Changes in the fair value of land and other real estate held as investments by endowments are reported as investment income.

The State Depository Board may permit any department, board, bureau or other agency to invest

funds collected directly by such organization in short-term time deposit agreements, provided that the interest income of those funds is remitted to the State Treasurer as revenues of the State. As a matter of general practice, however, demand funds of any department, board, bureau or other agency in excess of current operating expenses are required to be deposited with the State Treasurer for the purpose of pooled investment per Official Code of Georgia 50-17-63. Such cash is managed primarily in pooled investment funds to maximize interest earnings. The pooled investment funds "Georgia Fund 1" and "Georgia Extended Asset Pool" are also available on a voluntary basis to organizations outside of the State reporting entity. The funds in the local government investment pool may be consolidated with State funds under control of the State Treasurer for investment purposes, per OCGA 36-83-8.

The Georgia Fund 1 or Primary Liquidity Portfolio's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal. Net asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and values participants' shares sold and redeemed at the pool's share price, \$1.00 per share. Investments are directed toward short-term instruments.

The Georgia Extended Asset Pool is part of the Extended Term Portfolio. The pool's primary objective is the prudent management of public funds on behalf of the State and local governments seeking income higher than money market rates. Net Asset Value (NAV) is calculated daily to determine current share price. NAV is calculated by taking the closing fair value of securities owned plus other assets and subtracting liabilities. The remainder is then divided by the total number of shares outstanding to compute NAV per share (current share price). The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participants' shares sold and redeemed based on the current share price. Investments consist generally of securities issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. Government or any of its agencies or instrumentalities, bankers' acceptances and repurchase agreements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Units of the University System of Georgia and their affiliated organizations may participate in the Regents Investment Pool. A significant portion of the holdings in the Regents Investment Pool are reported as cash and cash equivalents on the face of the financial statements even though they may have maturity periods in excess of three months. The fair value of the investments is determined daily. The pool does not issue shares. Each participant is allocated a pro rata share of each investment at fair value along with a pro rata share of the interest it earns. The Regents Investment Pool maintains an assortment of funds which invest in diverse holdings with varying investment objectives.

The State's Unemployment Compensation Fund monies are required by the Social Security Act to be invested in the U.S. Department of Treasury, Bureau of Public Debt Unemployment Trust Fund (BPDUTF), which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The fair value of the position in the BPDUTF is the same as the value of the BPDUTF shares.

Receivables

Receivables in the State's governmental funds pertain primarily to federal grants and to revenues related to charges for services. Receivables in all other funds have arisen in the ordinary course of business. Receivables are recorded, net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria (See Note 1-D) have been met. Receivables from the federal government are reasonably assured; an allowance for uncollectible accounts is not typically established for federal receivables.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of supplies and materials are determined by physical count and/or perpetual inventory records and are valued at cost, weighted average cost, moving average cost, or lower of weighted average cost or market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method, depending on the individual organization's preference. The costs of governmental fund inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased for larger agencies and agencies with material inventories. Other agencies may use either the purchase or consumption method.

Prepaid items include payments made to vendors and local government organizations for services that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal year-end. Also, the employer's portion of health insurance benefits applicable to coverage effective after the fiscal year-end is recorded as a prepaid item.

The fund balance of governmental funds is reported as nonspendable for inventories and prepaid items to indicate that these amounts do not represent expendable available financial resources.

Restricted Assets

Certain cash, investments, and other assets are classified as restricted assets on the Balance Sheet and/or Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants, escrow arrangements or other regulations.

Capital Assets

Capital assets of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and capitalized in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets of the State's proprietary funds and component units are capitalized in the fund in which Capital assets are stated at they are utilized. historical cost or, in some instances, estimated historical cost. Estimation methods include using historical sources to determine the cost of similar assets at the time of acquisition and indexing where the historical cost of an asset is estimated by taking the current cost of a similar asset and dividing it by an index figure which adjusts for inflation. Donated capital assets are stated at fair market value at the time of donation. Infrastructure acquired prior to fiscal years ended after June 30, 1980 is reported.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



All acquisitions in the following asset categories are capitalized regardless of cost:

Land and non-depreciable land improvements

- Bridges and roadways included in the State highway system
- Works of art and collections, acquired or donated, unless held for financial gain.

Amounts for other asset categories are capitalized when the cost or value equals or exceeds the following thresholds. Items acquired through capital leases or donations are subject to these capitalization thresholds, using the classifications most closely related to the leased or donated assets.

Asset Category Infrastructure other than bridges and roadways in State highway	Threshold \$1,000,000		
system			
Software	\$1	,000,000	
Intangible assets, other than software	\$	100,000	
Buildings and building improvements	\$	100,000	
Improvements other than buildings	\$	100,000	
Library collections – capitalize all if collection equals or exceeds	\$	100,000	
Machinery and equipment	\$	5,000	

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives is not capitalized. The State holds certain assets such as works of art, historical documents, and artifacts that have not been capitalized or depreciated because either they are held for financial gain or they are protected and preserved for exhibition, education, or research and are considered to have inexhaustible useful lives. Major outlays for construction of bridges and roadways in the State highway system are capitalized as projects are constructed. All other major construction projects are capitalized when projects are completed. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized in governmental funds. Interest incurred during the construction of proprietary fund assets is included in the capitalized value of the asset.

Capital assets without indefinite or inexhaustible useful lives are amortized or depreciated on the straight-line basis over the following useful lives:

Infrastructure	10-100 years
Buildings and building improvement	ts 5-60 years
Improvements other than buildings	15-50 years
Machinery and equipment	3-20 years
Software	3-10 years
Intangible assets, other than softwar	e 20 years
Library collections	10 years
Works of art and collections	5-40 years

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

Compensated Absences

Employees earn annual leave ranging from ten to fourteen hours each month depending upon the employee's length of continuous State service with a maximum accumulation of 45 days. Employees are paid for unused accumulated annual leave upon retirement or termination of employment. Funds are provided in the appropriation of funds each fiscal year to cover the cost of annual leave of terminated employees. The State's obligation for accumulated unpaid annual leave is reported as a liability in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Employees earn 10 hours of sick leave each month with a maximum accumulation of 90 days. Sick leave does not vest with the employee. Unused accumulated sick leave is forfeited upon retirement or termination of employment. However, certain employees who retire with 120 days or more of forfeited annual and sick leave are entitled to

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

additional service credit in the System. No liability is recorded for rights to receive sick pay benefits.

Long-term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities column or business-type activities column on the government-wide Statement of Net Position and on the proprietary fund Statements. Bond discounts, premiums and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method or the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the unamortized bond premium or discount and, when applicable, the deferred amount on refunding. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges (assets) and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 requires governmental organizations issuing tax-exempt bonds to refund to the U.S. Treasury, interest earnings on bond proceeds in excess of the yield on those bonds. Governmental organizations must comply with arbitrage rebate requirements in order for their bonds to maintain tax-exempt status. Organizations are required to remit arbitrage rebate payments for nonpurpose interest to the federal government at least once every five years over the life of the bonds. Arbitrage liability is treated as an expense in the government-wide statements when the liability is In the fund financial statements, recognized. governmental funds report arbitrage (other debt service) expenditures when the liability is due.

Pollution remediation obligations are recorded when the State knows that a site is polluted and one or more obligating events have occurred. The amount recorded is an estimate of the current value of potential outlays for the cleanup, calculated using the "expected cash flows" measurement technique.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Net Position

Net position is reported as net investment in capital assets, restricted or unrestricted. "Net Investment in Capital Assets" consists of capital assets, net of accumulated amortization/depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often is designated, indicating it is not available for general operations. Such designations have internally imposed constraints on resources, but can be removed or modified.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available for use, it is the State's policy to allow each organization to determine spending order in a manner consistent with the Georgia Constitution and applicable State law which maximizes the benefit to the customer and/or the efficiency of the program.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



Fund Balances

Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified follows:

Nonspendable – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted into cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the State or through the external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal actions of both the Governor and the General Assembly. Only the Governor and the General Assembly may establish, modify or rescind the commitment by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit the amounts (e.g., legislation).

Assigned – Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the State's intent that they be used for specific purposes, but they are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments may be made under statutory authority of management of the reporting organizations in the State.

Unassigned – The residual amount of fund balance is reported as unassigned for balances that do not meet the above constraints. The government reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

As with net position, when both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for use, it is the State's policy to allow each organization to determine spending order in a manner consistent with the Georgia Constitution and applicable State law which maximizes the benefit to the customer and/or the efficiency of the program. Within unrestricted fund balance, the State's policy is that committed amounts generally should be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Interfund Activity and Balances

Equally offsetting asset and liability accounts (due from/to other funds) are used to account for amounts owed to a particular fund by another fund for obligations on goods sold or services rendered.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements with the exception of activities between governmental activities and business-type activities. In the fund financial statements, transfers represent flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return or requirements for repayment. In addition, transfers are recorded when a fund receiving revenue provides it to the fund which expends the resources. Transfers of balances between funds are made to accomplish various provisions of law.

Interfund payables and receivables have been eliminated from the Statement of Net Position except for amounts due between governmental and business-type activities. These amounts are reported as internal balances on the Statement of Net Position.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 2 - CHANGES IN FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As discussed below, the State implemented GASB Statement No. 61 in fiscal year 2013. This statement modified criteria for inclusion of component units within the State's financial reporting entity and changed provisions regarding the blending of component units.

Primary Government

As a result of the changes in provisions for blending component units included in GASB Statement No. 61, six organizations previously reported as Higher (discretely Education Foundations presented component units) are now reported as nonmajor enterprise funds. This change resulted in an increase in the beginning net position of the nonmajor enterprise funds of \$246.4 million. Also, Georgia Military College, previously reported within the higher education fund is now reported as a discretely presented component unit. This change resulted in a decrease in the beginning net position of the higher education fund of \$66.3 million.

In addition to the changes resulting from implementation of GASB Statement No. 61, the following other changes were made to the Primary Government:

The Governor's Defense Initiative was created effective July 1, 2012 to promote economic development and workforce training at Georgia's military base establishments and their surrounding communities. This organization is included in the nonmajor governmental funds.

The Transportation Investment Act Fund accounts for funds collected by the State under the Transportation Investment Act which took effect on January 1, 2013, and utilized by the Department of Transportation for projects in the relevant special tax districts. This fund is included in the nonmajor governmental funds.

The activities of the State Personnel Administration internal service fund are now reported under the Department of Administrative Services internal service fund. This change did not impact the beginning net position of the internal service fund.

Component Units

As mentioned above, the changes in provisions for blending of component units required movement of six organizations previously reported as Higher Education Foundations (discretely presented component units) to nonmajor enterprise funds and the activity of the Georgia Military College (previously in the higher education fund) is now reported as a discretely presented component unit. These changes resulted in a decrease in the beginning net position of the nonmajor component units of \$180.1 million.

The provisions of GASB Statement No. 61 which modified criteria for inclusion of component units within the State's financial reporting entity resulted in the removal of the Oconee River Greenway Authority and the Southwest Georgia Railroad Excursion Authority. This change resulted in a decrease in the beginning net position of the nonmajor component units of \$2.2 million.

In addition, Georgia Music Hall of Fame Authority has essentially ceased operations. Previously reported assets for the Authority belong to Georgia Music Hall of Fame, Inc., a component unit of the Authority. Under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, Georgia Music Hall of Fame, Inc. does not meet the criteria for inclusion of component units within the State's financial reporting entity. This change resulted in a decrease in the beginning net position of the nonmajor component units of \$0.4 million.

B. Adoption of New Accounting Principles

In fiscal year 2013, the State implemented the following new GASB Statements:

GASB Statement No. 60, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements addressed issues related to service concession arrangement (SCA's), which are a type of publicprivate or public-public partnership. As a result of

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

implementing this Statement, presentation and terminology changes were made to the government-wide and fund financial statements as necessary.

GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus* modified certain requirement for inclusion of component units in the State's financial reporting entity, amended certain blending provisions for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government and clarified the reporting of equity interest in legally separate organizations. The effects of implementing this Statement on the State's reporting entity have been included in the paragraphs above.

GASB Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements* incorporated, into GASB's authoritative literature, certain accounting and financial reporting guidance issued by FASB and the AICPA. Slight revisions have been made to note disclosures to accommodate the provisions of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position standardized the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effect on net position. As a result of implementing this Statement, presentation and terminology changes were made to the government-wide and fund financial statements as necessary. The reporting of all deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be implemented in fiscal year 2014 with GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities.

In fiscal year 2014, the State will implement the following GASB Statements:

- No. 65 Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities
- No. 66 Technical Corrections 2012 an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62



- No. 67 Financial Reporting for Pension Plans an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25
- No. 70 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees

The objective of Statement No. 65 is to specify the items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities that should now be reported as deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, outflow of resources or inflows of resources.

The objective of Statement No. 66 is to amend Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues and Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.

The objective of Statement No. 67 is to improve the usefulness of pension information included in the general purpose external financial reports of state governmental pension plans for making decisions and assessing accountability.

The objective of Statement No. 70 is to improve the recognition, measurement, and disclosure guidance for state governments that have extended or received financial guarantees that are nonexchange transactions.

As of the date of this report, the State has not determined the financial impact of implementing Statements No. 65 through No. 67 and No. 70.

C. Correction of Prior Year Errors

During the fiscal year, it was determined that prior year interest accruals were overstated by \$10.2 million in the General Fund and were understated by \$3.4 million in the governmental activities. The beginning fund balance of the General Fund and the beginning net position of the governmental activities have been restated to reflect correction of these errors.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 2 - CHANGES IN FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING (continued)

During the fiscal year, it was determined that capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, were overstated within the governmental activities in fiscal year 2012 by \$441.3 million resulting in an overstatement of net position, as reported. The beginning net position of the governmental activities was decreased to reflect correction of accumulated depreciation and net capital assets. The majority of this change was due to implementation of new technology to improve capital asset tracking and maintain proper asset classification by the Department of Transportation.

During the fiscal year it was determined that the compensated absence liability was understated within governmental activities in fiscal year 2012 by \$2.2 million resulting in an overstatement of net position, as reported. The beginning net position of governmental activities was decreased to reflect correction of this liability.

During the fiscal year, it was determined that certain capital lease liabilities within governmental activities in the fiscal year 2012 were understated by \$0.3 million, resulting in an overstatement of net position, as reported. The beginning net position of governmental activities was decreased to reflect correction of these liabilities.

During the fiscal year, it was determined that liabilities related to compensated absences, capital leases and claims payable (internal service funds) were overstated by \$3.7 million, resulting in an understatement of net position, as reported. The beginning net position of governmental activities was increased to reflect correction of these liabilities.

During the fiscal year, it was determined that net position were understated within various institutions of the Board of Regents (Higher Education Fund) in fiscal year 2012 by \$3.5 million resulting in an understatement of net position, as reported. The beginning net position of the Higher Education Fund was increased primarily to reflect an increase in capital assets and deferred inflows of resources. During the fiscal year, it was determined that nonmajor enterprise fund net position should be restated by \$0.2 million to reflect an adjustment for bond payment issuance costs.

During the fiscal year, it was determined that discretely presented component units' net position was overstated by \$1.4 million. An adjustment was made to decrease net position to reflect corrections to capital assets and capital lease liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 3 - FUND EQUITY RECLASSIFICATIONS AND RESTATEMENTS

Reclassifications and Restatements consisted of the following (in thousands):

Governmental Funds and Activities Major Funds: (10,195) \$ 3,719,810 \$ - \$ (10,195) \$ 3,709,015 General Obligation Bond Projects Fund \$ 909,246 - - 909,246 Special Revenue Funds 60,109 - - 60,109 Debt Service Fund 21,038 - - 21,038 Permanent Fund 14 - - 14 Toal Governmental Funds 20,872,383 - (441,285) 20,431,098 Copinal Assets, net of depreciation 20,872,383 - (277) (11,127,867) Inclusion of Internal Service Funds 521,316 - 3,654 524,970 Adjustment to Capiral Lease Liability (11,127,590) - (277) (11,127,867) Inclusion of Internal Service Funds \$ 14,867,291 \$ - \$ 14,420,341 - Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities \$ 6,005,363 \$ (66,339) \$ 3,504 \$ 5,942,528 Higher Education Fund \$ 6,005,363 \$ (66,339) \$ 3,564 \$ 9,942,528		6/30/2012 As Previou Reported	sly	F R	hange in 'inancial eporting Entity		prrection of Prior Year Errors		6/30/2012 (Restated)
General Fund \$ 3.719.810 \$ \$ (10,195) \$ 3.709.615 General Funds 909.246 60,109 60,109 Special Revenue Funds 60,109 60,109 60,109 Debt Service Fund 21,033 60,109 41 Total Governmental Funds 44 4,700,022 Governmental Fund 14 4,700,022 Governmental Funds 20,872,383 (441,285) 20,431,098 Cher Noncurrent Assets and Liabilities (109,035) 1,153 (107,882) Long-Term Liabilities 521,316 3,654 524,970 Total Governmental Funds and Activities \$ 14,867,291 \$ \$ 5,942,528 Major Funds: \$ 14,867,291 \$ \$ (272,491) Unemployment Compensation Fund (272,491) (249,585) Nomajor Funds: 68,983 246,358 (200) 315,141 In									
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Capital Assets, net of depreciation 20,872,383 - (441,285) 20,431,098 Other Noncurrent Assets and Liabilities (109,035) - 1,153 (107,882) Long-Term Liabilities (11,127,590) - (277) (11,127,87) Inclusion of Internal Service Funds in 521,316 - 3,654 524,970 Total Governmental Activities \$ 14,867,291 \$ \$ (446,950) \$ 14,420,341 Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities \$ 14,867,291 \$ \$ (446,950) \$ 14,420,341 Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities \$ 6,005,363 \$ (66,339) \$ 5,942,528 Major Funds: # 14,867,291 \$ - (242,491) - (242,491) - (249,585) - - (249,585) - (249,585) - (249,585) - (249,585) - (249,585) - (249,585) - (249,585) - (249,585) - (249,585) - (249,585) - (249,585) - (249,585) -		4,710			-		(10,195)		
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Long-Term Liabilities Adjustment to Capital Lease Liability Inclusion of Internal Service Funds in Governmental Activities(11,127,590)-(277)(11,127,867)Total Governmental Funds and Activities\$ 21,316-3,654524,970Total Governmental Funds and Activities\$ 14,867,291\$\$ (446,950)\$ 14,420,341Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities Major Funds: Higher Education Fund State Health Benefit Plan Unemployment Compensation Fund (249,585)\$ 6,005,363\$ (66,339)\$ 3,504\$ 5,942,528Nonmajor Funds: Enterprise Funds Internal Service Funds Covernmental Activities\$ 6,005,363\$ (66,339)\$ 3,504\$ 5,942,528Nonmajor Funds: Enterprise Funds Internal Service Funds Removal of Internal Service Funds Relating to Governmental Activities\$ 6,983246,358(200)315,141Total Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities\$ 5,421,571\$ 180,019\$ 3,304\$ 5,604,894Fiduciary Funds Investment Trust Funds Private Purpose Trust Funds\$ 69,575,642\$ -\$ -\$ 69,575,642Presented Component Units\$ 75,621,229\$ -\$ -\$ 75,621,229\$ -\$ -\$ 75,621,229Discretely Presented Component Units\$ 6,755,299\$ (182,671)\$ (1,363)\$ 6,571,262	Capital Assets, net of depreciation	20,872	383		-		(441,285)		20,431,098
Adjustment to Capital Lease Liability (11,127,590) - (277) (11,127,67) Inclusion of Internal Service Funds in 521,316 - 3,654 524,970 Total Governmental Activities \$ 14,867,291 \$ - \$ (446,950) \$ 14,420,341 Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities \$ 6,005,363 \$ (66,339) \$ 3,504 \$ 5,942,528 Major Funds: * (272,491) - - (272,491) Internal Service Funds 68,983 246,358 (200) 315,141 Internal Service Funds 390,617 - 3,654 524,970 Total Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities 68,983 246,358 (200) 315,141 Internal Service Funds (521,316) - (3,654) (524,970) Total Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities \$ 5,421,571 \$ 180,019 \$ 3,304 \$ 5,604,894 Fiduciary Funds \$ 69,575,642 \$ - \$ - \$ 6,036,580 - - 6,036,580 Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds \$ 6,036,580 - - 6,036,580 - - 6,036,580 <td></td> <td>(109</td> <td>035)</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>1,153</td> <td></td> <td>(107,882)</td>		(109	035)		-		1,153		(107,882)
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Total Governmental Funds and Activities \$ 14,867,291 \$ \$ (446,950) \$ 14,420,341 Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities \$ 6,005,363 \$ (66,339) \$ 3,504 \$ 5,942,528 Higher Education Fund \$ 6,005,363 \$ (66,339) \$ 5,942,528 Nonmajor Funds: (272,491) - - (272,491) Unemployment Compensation Fund (249,585) - - (249,585) Nonmajor Funds: 68,983 246,358 (200) 315,141 Internal Service Funds 68,983 246,358 (200) 315,141 Internal Service Funds Look-Back Adjustments 68,983 246,358 (200) 315,141 Internal Service Funds Relating to (521,316) - (3,654) (524,970) Total Proprietary Funds s 5,421,571 \$ 180,019 \$ 3,304 \$ 5,604,894 Fiduciary Funds \$ 69,575,642 \$ - \$ 6		521.	316		-		3,654		524,970
Major Funds: Higher Education Fund \$ 6,005,363 \$ (66,339) \$ 3,504 \$ 5,942,528 State Health Benefit Plan (272,491) - (272,491) Unemployment Compensation Fund (249,585) - (249,585) Nonmajor Funds: 68,983 246,358 (200) 315,141 Internal Service Funds 68,983 246,358 (200) 315,141 Internal Service Funds 68,983 246,358 (200) 315,141 Internal Service Funds Look-Back Adjustments 68,983 246,358 (524,970) Total Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities \$ 5,421,571 \$ 180,019 \$ 3,304 \$ 5,604,894 Fiduciary Funds \$ 69,575,642 \$ - \$ - \$ 69,575,642 Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds \$ 69,575,642 \$ - \$ 69,575,642 Investment Trust Funds 9,007 - - 9,007 Total Fiduciary Funds \$ 75,621,229 \$ - \$ 75,621,229 \$ - \$ 75,621,229 Discretely Presented Component Units \$ 6,755,299 \$ (182,671) \$ (1,363) \$ 6,571,265	Total Governmental Funds and Activities	\$ 14,867	291	\$	-	\$	(446,950)	\$	
Major Funds: Higher Education Fund \$ 6,005,363 \$ (66,339) \$ 3,504 \$ 5,942,528 State Health Benefit Plan (272,491) - (272,491) Unemployment Compensation Fund (249,585) - (249,585) Nonmajor Funds: 68,983 246,358 (200) 315,141 Internal Service Funds 68,983 246,358 (200) 315,141 Internal Service Funds 68,983 246,358 (200) 315,141 Internal Service Funds Look-Back Adjustments 68,983 246,358 (524,970) Total Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities \$ 5,421,571 \$ 180,019 \$ 3,304 \$ 5,604,894 Fiduciary Funds \$ 69,575,642 \$ - \$ - \$ 69,575,642 Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds \$ 69,575,642 \$ - \$ 69,575,642 Investment Trust Funds 9,007 - - 9,007 Total Fiduciary Funds \$ 75,621,229 \$ - \$ 75,621,229 \$ - \$ 75,621,229 Discretely Presented Component Units \$ 6,755,299 \$ (182,671) \$ (1,363) \$ 6,571,265									
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Unemployment Compensation Fund (249,585) - - (249,585) Nonmajor Funds: Enterprise Funds 68,983 246,358 (200) 315,141 Internal Service Funds 68,983 246,358 (200) 315,141 Internal Service Funds Look-Back Adjustments 390,617 - 3,654 394,271 Internal Service Funds Relating to (521,316) - (3,654) (524,970) Total Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities \$ 5,421,571 \$ 180,019 \$ 3,304 \$ 5,604,894 Fiduciary Funds \$ 69,575,642 - \$ - \$ 69,575,642 Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds \$ 69,575,642 - \$ 6,036,580 Private Purpose Trust Funds 9,007 - - 9,007 Total Fiduciary Funds \$ 75,621,229 - \$ - \$ 6,036,580 Private Purpose Trust Funds \$ 75,621,229 - \$ - \$ 75,621,229 Discretely Presented Component Units \$ 6,755,299<	e	. , ,		Ψ	(00,557)	Ψ		Ψ	· · ·
Nonmajor Funds: 68,983 246,358 (200) 315,141 Internal Service Funds 390,617 - 3,654 394,271 Internal Service Funds Look-Back Adjustments 8 5,21,316) - (3,654) (524,970) Total Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities \$ 5,421,571 \$ 180,019 \$ 3,304 \$ 5,604,894 Fiduciary Funds \$ 5,421,571 \$ 180,019 \$ 3,304 \$ 5,604,894 Fiduciary Funds \$ 6,9,575,642 \$ - \$ 69,575,642 Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds \$ 69,575,642 \$ - \$ 6,036,580 Private Purpose Trust Funds 9,007 - - 9,007 - 9,007 Total Fiduciary Funds \$ 75,621,229 \$ - \$ 75,621,229 Discretely Presented Component Units \$ 6,755,299 \$ (182,671) \$ (1,363) \$ 6,571,265					-		-		
Internal Service Funds390,617-3,654394,271Internal Service Funds Look-Back Adjustments Removal of Internal Service Funds Relating to Governmental Activities(521,316)-(3,654)(524,970)Total Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities\$ 5,421,571\$ 180,019\$ 3,304\$ 5,604,894Fiduciary Funds Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds Investment Trust Funds\$ 69,575,642\$ -\$ -\$ 69,575,642Private Purpose Trust Funds Private Purpose Trust Funds\$ 75,621,229\$ -\$ -\$ 75,621,229Discretely Presented Component Units\$ 6,755,299\$ (182,671)\$ (1,363)\$ 6,571,265	Nonmajor Funds:								
Internal Service Funds Look-Back Adjustments Removal of Internal Service Funds Relating to Governmental Activities(521,316)-(3,654)(524,970)Total Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities\$ 5,421,571\$ 180,019\$ 3,304\$ 5,604,894Fiduciary Funds Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds Investment Trust Funds\$ 69,575,642\$ -\$ -\$ 69,575,642Private Purpose Trust Funds Private Purpose Trust Funds\$ 75,621,229\$ -\$ -\$ 75,621,229Discretely Presented Component Units\$ 6,755,299\$ (182,671)\$ (1,363)\$ 6,571,265	Enterprise Funds	68.	983		246,358		(200)		315,141
Removal of Internal Service Funds Relating to (521,316) - (3,654) (524,970) Total Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities \$ 5,421,571 \$ 180,019 \$ 3,304 \$ 5,604,894 Fiduciary Funds \$ 69,575,642 \$ - \$ - \$ 69,575,642 \$ - \$ 69,575,642 \$ - \$ 69,575,642 Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds \$ 69,575,642 \$ - \$ 6,036,580 - - \$ 6,036,580 Private Purpose Trust Funds \$ 75,621,229 \$ - \$ - \$ 75,621,229 9,007 Total Fiduciary Funds \$ 6,755,299 \$ (182,671) \$ (1,363) \$ 6,571,265	Internal Service Funds	390	617		-		3,654		394,271
Governmental Activities (521,316) - (3,654) (524,970) Total Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities \$ 5,421,571 \$ 180,019 \$ 3,304 \$ 5,604,894 Fiduciary Funds Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds \$ 69,575,642 \$ - \$ - \$ 69,575,642 Investment Trust Funds \$ 0,036,580 - - 6,036,580 - 9,007 - 9,007 Total Fiduciary Funds \$ 75,621,229 \$ - \$ - \$ 75,621,229 \$ - \$ 75,621,229 \$ - \$ 75,621,229 Discretely Presented Component Units \$ 6,755,299 \$ (182,671) \$ (1,363) \$ 6,571,265	5								
Total Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities \$ 5,421,571 \$ 180,019 \$ 3,304 \$ 5,604,894 Fiduciary Funds Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds \$ 69,575,642 \$ - \$ - \$ 69,575,642 Investment Trust Funds \$ 0,036,580 - - 6 0,036,580 - - 6 0,036,580 Private Purpose Trust Funds \$ 75,621,229 \$ - \$ - \$ 75,621,229 \$ - \$ 75,621,229 Discretely Presented Component Units \$ 6,755,299 \$ (182,671) \$ (1,363) \$ 6,571,265									
Fiduciary Funds \$ 69,575,642 \$ - \$ 69,575,642 Investment Trust Funds 6,036,580 - - 6,036,580 - - 6,036,580 Private Purpose Trust Funds 9,007 - - 9,007 - 9,007 Total Fiduciary Funds \$ 75,621,229 \$ - \$ 75,621,229 Discretely Presented Component Units \$ 6,755,299 \$ (182,671) \$ (1,363) \$ 6,571,265	Governmental Activities	(521,	316)		-		(3,654)		(524,970)
Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds \$ 69,575,642 \$ - \$ 69,575,642 Investment Trust Funds 6,036,580 6,036,580 Private Purpose Trust Funds 9,007 9,007 Total Fiduciary Funds \$ 75,621,229 \$ - \$ 75,621,229 Discretely Presented Component Units \$ 6,755,299 \$ (182,671) \$ (1,363) \$ 6,571,265	Total Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities	\$ 5,421	571	\$	180,019	\$	3,304	\$	5,604,894
Investment Trust Funds 6,036,580 - - 6,036,580 Private Purpose Trust Funds 9,007 - - 6,036,580 Total Fiduciary Funds \$ 75,621,229 \$ - \$ - \$ 75,621,229 Discretely Presented Component Units \$ 6,755,299 \$ (182,671) \$ (1,363) \$ 6,571,265	Fiduciary Funds								
Private Purpose Trust Funds 9,007 - 9,007 Total Fiduciary Funds \$ 75,621,229 \$ - \$ 75,621,229 Discretely Presented Component Units \$ 6,755,299 \$ (182,671) \$ (1,363) \$ 6,571,265		\$ 69,575	642	\$	-	\$	-	\$	69,575,642
Total Fiduciary Funds \$ 75,621,229 \$ - \$ 75,621,229 Discretely Presented Component Units \$ 6,755,299 \$ (182,671) \$ (1,363) \$ 6,571,265	Investment Trust Funds	6,036	580		-		-		6,036,580
Discretely Presented Component Units \$ 6,755,299 \$ (182,671) \$ (1,363) \$ 6,571,265	Private Purpose Trust Funds	9	007		-		-		9,007
	Total Fiduciary Funds	\$ 75,621	229	\$	-	\$		\$	75,621,229
Total Reporting Entity \$ 102,665,390 \$ (2,652) \$ (445,009) \$ 102,217,729	Discretely Presented Component Units	\$ 6,755	299	\$	(182,671)	\$	(1,363)	\$	6,571,265
	Total Reporting Entity	\$ 102,665	390	\$	(2,652)	\$	(445,009)	\$	102,217,729

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 4 - NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

A. Restricted Net Position

Restricted net position at June 30, 2013 is as follows (in thousands):

	Governmental Activities		tal Business-Type Activities		otal Primary overnment
Capital Projects	\$	-	\$	75,188	\$ 75,188
Guaranteed Revenue Debt Common Reserve Fund		54,003		-	54,003
Lottery for Education		774,143		-	774,143
Motor Fuel Tax Funds		1,765,378		-	1,765,378
Permanent Trusts		14		656,893	656,907
Unemployment Compensation Benefits		-		61,133	61,133
Other Purposes		707,778		23,214	 730,992
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	3,301,316	\$	816,428	\$ 4,117,744

The restricted net position of the governmental activities includes \$84.0 million of net position restricted by enabling legislation.

B. Fund Balances

The specific purposes of the governmental funds fund balances, classified as other than unassigned, at June 30, 2013 are as follows (in thousands):

		Ge ne ral Fund	O	General oligation Id Projects Fund	Gove	onmajor ernmental Funds		Total
Nonspendable Fund Balance Not in Spendable Form Legally Required to be Maintained Intact	\$	56,937 -	\$	-	\$	- 14	\$	56,937 14
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$	56,937	\$	_	\$	14	\$	56,951
Restricted Fund Balance Capital Projects Guaranteed Revenue Debt	\$	-	\$	936,242	\$	-	\$	936,242
Common Reserve Fund Lottery For Education Roads and Bridges (Motor Fuel Tax Funds)		54,003 774,143 1,727,747				- - 37.631		54,003 774,143 1,765,378
Unissued Debt/Debt Service Other General Government		75,066		- 45,909		45,371		120,437
Education Health and Welfare		4,763 181,562 153,664				- -		4,763 181,562 153,664
Transportation Public Safety Economic Development and Assistance Culture and Recreation		133,004 65,975 13,039 44,946		-		-		133,004 65,975 13,039 44,946
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$	3,177,010	\$	982,151	\$	83,002	\$	4,242,163
Committed Fund Balance General Government Health and Welfare Public Safety	\$	2,948 799 1,207	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,948 799 1,207
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$	4,954	\$		\$		\$	4,954
Assigned Fund Balance								
General Government Education Health and Welfare	\$	71,112 28,631 115,069	\$	21,972 - -	\$	- - -	\$	93,084 28,631 115,069
Transportation Public Safety Economic Development and Assistance Culture and Recreation		- 61,432 84,010 4,861				31,975 - 883 231		31,975 61,432 84,893 5,092
Conservation Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$	870 365,985	\$	- 21,972	\$	33,089	\$	870 421,046
Total Assigned Fund Dalance	Φ	303,965	Φ	21,972	Φ	33,089	Ф	421,040

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



C. Deficit Net Position

The following funds reported total net position deficits at June 30, 2013:

The SHBP (enterprise fund) ended the year with a deficit net position balance of \$129.7 million. The deficit was created in the prior fiscal years, but was reduced this year by the excess of employee and employer contributions over benefits paid to plan participants.

The Georgia Tech Facilities, Inc. (nonmajor enterprise fund) ended the year with a deficit net position balance of \$26.5 million. The deficit was the result of non operating losses exceeding operating net profit.

In addition to the net position deficits disclosed above, the governmental activities of the State ended the year with an Unrestricted Net Position deficit of \$1.8 billion. The deficit is a result of the State incurring debt for the purposes of capital acquisition and construction on behalf of county and independent school systems and State schools. As of June 30, 2013 outstanding general obligation bonds applicable to these projects was \$2.1 billion. Since the incurrence of this debt does not result in capital assets acquisitions for the State, the debt is not reflected in the net position category, net investment in capital assets, but rather in the unrestricted net position category.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2013 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows (in thousands):

	Primary Government and Fiduciary	Component	
	Funds	Units	Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,116,062	\$ 1,187,053	\$ 5,303,115
Investments	3,816,862	1,978,011	5,794,873
Restricted Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	137,914	344,469	482,383
Investments	245,988	1,552,963	1,798,951
Fiduciary Funds			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,686,494	-	4,686,494
Investments	76,988,053		76,988,053
Total Cash and Investments	\$89,991,373	\$ 5,062,496	\$95,053,869

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2013 consist of the following (in thousands):

	Go and	Primary vernment Fiduciary Funds		mponent Units		Total
Cash on Hand	\$	2,355	\$	58	\$	2,413
Deposits with Financial Institutions (Note 5A)		5,686,784		964,118		6,650,902
Investments (Note 5B)		85,192,754		3,207,800		88,400,554
Assets Held at the Board of Regents						
on Behalf of Other Organizations		(21,963)		21,963		-
Assets Held at the Office of the State Treasurer						
on Behalf of Other Organizations		(868,557)		868,557		-
Total Cash and Investments	\$89	9,991,373	\$5	,062,496	\$9	95,053,869

A. Deposits

Deposits include bank accounts and short-term investments, especially certificates of deposit. State demand deposits, time deposits, and certificates of deposit must be secured by eligible collateral or by a surety bond approved by the State Depository Board (Board). Eligible collateral includes any one or more of the following securities as enumerated in

OCGA 50-17-59:

- 1) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other direct obligations of the U.S. Government or of the State.
- 2) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



- 3) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose.
- 4) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State.
- 5) Bonds, bills, certificates of indebtedness, notes or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the U.S. government, which are fully guaranteed, both as to principal and interest and debt obligations, issued by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

The State Treasurer may also accept letters of credit issued by a Federal Home Loan Bank or the guarantee or insurance of accounts of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) (to the extent authorized by federal law governing the FDIC) to secure state funds on deposit in state depositories. In addition, upon approval of the State Treasurer, a combination of the methods above may be utilized by a depository to secure deposits.

Uninsured and uncollaterized
Uninsured and collateralized with securities
held by the pledging financial institutions
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held
by the pledging institutions' trust departments
or agents, but not in the State's name
Total deposits exposed to custodial credit risk

The carrying amounts of deposits of certain higher education foundations which utilize FASB standards

The Board is authorized in OCGA 50-17-58 to allow agencies of the State the option of exempting demand deposits from the collateral requirements. Currently, the Board has only authorized the Office of the State Treasurer (OST) to waive collateral on special accounts approved by the Board in accordance with its investment policy. The Board requires all other state demand time deposits and certificates of deposits to be collateralized in an amount equal to and not less than 110% of any deposit not insured by the FDIC. In addition, the Board instituted a requirement to limit total State deposits at any State depository to not exceed 100% of the depository's equity capital. The Board may temporarily increase the total state deposit limit at any state depository to 125% of equity capital to allow for fluctuation in demand deposit balances.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the State's deposits may not be recovered. At June 30, 2013, bank balances of the primary government and its component units' deposits totaled \$6.6 billion. Of these deposits, \$370.4 million were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows (in thousands):

	rimary e rnme nt	nponent Units		Total
\$	10,446	\$ 5,286	\$	15,732
	25,494	22,960		48,454
<u> </u>	153,932 1 89,872	 152,305 180,551	<u> </u>	306,237 370,423

were \$187.7 million. These deposits are not included in the balances reflected above.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

B. Investments

Primary Government

As the predominant portion of the primary government's investments are managed by OST, OST's investment policies are considered to be the defacto investment policies of the primary government. Pursuant to OST's investment policies which are governed by the Board, the State Treasurer shall invest all funds with the degree of judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering first the probable safety of their capital and then the probable income to be derived (OCGA 50-5A-7).

The Board may permit the State Treasurer to invest in any one or more of the following (OCGA 50-17-63 and OCGA 50-17-2):

- 1) Bankers' Acceptances
- 2) Commercial Paper (CP)
- Obligations of the United States and its subsidiary corporations and instrumentalities or entities sanctioned or authorized by the United States
- 4) Obligations of corporations organized under the laws of this state or any other state
- 5) Direct obligations of the government of any foreign country which the International Monetary Fund lists as an industrialized country and for which the full faith and credit of such government has been pledged for the payment of principal and interest, provided that such securities are listed as investment grade by a nationally recognized rating agency
- 6) Repurchase Agreements

Authorized investments are subject to certain restrictions pursuant to the Board's investment policy.

<u>Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust</u> <u>Funds</u>

In accordance with OCGA, Public Retirement Systems may invest in the following:

- 1) U.S. or Canadian corporations or their obligations with limits as to the corporations' size and credit rating.
- 2) Repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements for direct obligations of the U.S. government and for obligations unconditionally guaranteed by agencies.
- 3) FDIC insured cash assets or deposits.
- 4) Bonds, notes, warrants, loans or other debt issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government.
- 5) Taxable bonds, notes, warrants or other securities issued and guaranteed by any state, the District of Columbia, Canada or any province in Canada.
- 6) Bonds, debentures or other securities issued or insured or guaranteed by an agency, authority, unit, or corporate body created by the U.S. government.
- 7) Investment grade collateralized mortgage obligations.
- 8) Obligations issued, assumed or guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development or the International Financial Corporation.
- 9) Bonds, debentures, notes and other evidence of indebtedness issued, assumed, or guaranteed by any solvent institution existing under the laws of the U.S. or of Canada, or any state or province thereof, which are not in default and are secured to a certain level.
- 10) Secured and unsecured obligations issued by any solvent institution existing under the laws of the U.S. or of Canada, or any state or province thereof, bearing interest at a fixed rate, with mandatory principal and interest due at a specified time with additional limits.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



- 11) Equipment trust obligations or interests in transportation equipment, wholly or in part within the U.S., and the right to receive determinate portions or related income.
- 12) Loans that are secured by pledge or securities eligible for investment.
- 13) Purchase money mortgages or like securities received upon the sale or exchange of real property acquired.
- 14) Secured mortgages or mortgage participation, pass-through, conventional pass-through, trust certificate, or other similar securities with restrictions.
- 15) Land and buildings on such land used or acquired for use as a fund's office for the convenient transaction of its own business with restrictions.
- 16) Real property and equipment acquired under various circumstances.

In addition, large retirement systems have restrictions as to the concentration of investments in corporations and equities and additional stipulations exist related to decreases in a fund's asset value. The retirement systems have additional restrictions on the acquisition of securities of companies with activities in the Iran petroleum energy sector. A list of scrutinized companies with activities in the Iran petroleum energy sector has been compiled and is annually updated. This list is utilized to identify and potentially divest the retirement systems of such holdings.

In accordance with OCGA, certain eligible large retirement systems (excluding the Teachers Retirement System) are authorized to invest in alternative investments such as privately placed investment pools that include investments such as Leveraged Buyout funds, Mezzanine funds, Workout funds, Debt funds, Venture Capital funds Merchant Banking funds, Funds of funds. In addition, these retirement systems are authorized to invest in private placements and other private investments such as Leveraged Buyouts, Venture Capital Investment, Equity Investments such as preferred and common stock, Warrants, Options,

investments public securities, private in Recapitalizations, Privatizations, Mezzanine debt investments, Distressed Debt and Equity investments, Convertible Securities, Receivables, Debt and Equity Derivative Instruments, etc. The amount invested by an eligible large retirement system in alternative investments may not in the aggregate exceed five percent of the eligible large retirement system's assets at any time.

Component Units

Component units follow applicable investing criteria as specifically authorized by statute or by the component unit's governing authority. Certain higher education foundations utilize FASB standards. Balances for those component units as of June 30, 2013, are available as follows (in thousands):

	Fair		
	Value		
Cash Held by Investment Organization	\$	67,293	
Certificates of Deposit		3,959	
Commodity Fund		25,314	
Corporate Bonds		184,418	
Diversifying Strategies		34,120	
Equity Securities		807,507	
Government and Agency Securities		25,208	
Hedge Funds		328,179	
Investment Pools		679,448	
Joint Ventures/Partnerships		2,829	
Money Market Accounts		18,140	
Mutual Funds		62,637	
Natural Resources		85,618	
Real Estate		114,463	
Total Investments	\$2	,439,133	

The component unit disclosures that follow do not include these balances.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Primary Government

OST's policy for the management of interest rate

risk attempts to match investments with expected cash requirements. However, certificates of deposit may not have a term exceeding five years. The State Treasurer may establish duration or maturity limitations for other investments.

The table below provides information about the primary government's exposure to interest rate risk (in thousands):

		Maturity Period					
	Total	Less than				More than	
	Fair Value	3 Months	4 - 12 Months	1 - 5 Years	6 - 10 Years	10 Years	
Asset-Backed Securities	\$ 7,135	\$ -	\$ 1,966	\$ 5,169	\$ -	\$ -	
Commercial Paper	100,141	100,141	-	-	-	-	
Corporate Debt							
Domestic	80,970	12	1,636	41,894	30,836	6,592	
International Government							
Obligations	5,008	-	5,008	-	-	-	
Money Market Mutual Funds	69,729	53,897	14,993	839	-	-	
Mortgage-Backed Securities							
Commercial	8,018	-	1,350	2,670	-	3,998	
Municipal Bonds	1,111	5	-	208	802	96	
Mutual Funds - Debt*	49,861	-	204	41,637	7,636	384	
Repurchase Agreements	5,232,662	4,151,455	1,081,207	-	-	-	
U.S. Agency Obligations	4,055,522	798,340	2,075,996	864,137	86,889	230,160	
U.S. Treasury Obligations	94,597	55,934	8,007	23,383	7,273		
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Total Debt Securities	9,704,754	\$ 5,159,784	\$ 3,190,367	\$ 979,937	\$ 133,436	\$241,230	
Equity Securities - Domestic	181,515						
Equity Securities - International	34,758						
Funds on Deposit with U. S.	54,758						
Treasury for Unemployment							
Compensation	308,535						
Mutual Funds - Equity	65,016						
Real Estate	39,759						
Real Estate Investment Trust	13,819						
Real Estate Investment IIust	13,017						
Total Investments	\$ 10,348,156						

^{*}Maturity Period is weighted average maturity.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds Administered by the Employees' and Teachers Retirement Systems

The Boards of the Employees' and Teachers Retirement systems have elected to manage interest rate risk of these pension and other employee benefit trust funds using the effective duration method. This method is widely used in the management of fixed income portfolios and quantifies to a much greater degree the sensitivity to interest rate changes when analyzing a bond portfolio with call options, prepayment provisions, and any other cash flows. Effective duration makes assumptions regarding the most likely timing and amounts of variable cash flows and is best utilized to gauge the effect of a change in interest rates on the fair value of a portfolio. It is believed that the reporting of

<u>Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds</u> <u>Administered by Other than the Employees' and</u> <u>Teachers Retirement Systems</u>

The Public Retirement System Investment Authority Law does not address specific policies for managing effective duration found in the table below quantifies to the fullest extent possible the interest rate risk of the funds' fixed income assets (in thousands):

	Total Fair Value	Effective Duration (Years)
Corporate and Other Bonds	\$ 7,790,336	5.1
International Obligations:		
Government	395,291	4.0
Corporate	408,432	2.0
Repurchase Agreements	1,775,000	0.0
U.S. Agency Obligations	18,074	1.6
U.S. Treasury Obligations	10,081,325	5.2
Total Debt Securities	20,468,458	
Common Stock		
Domestic	39,367,881	
International	12,401,284	
Mutual Funds - Equity	1,057,421	
Total Investments	\$ 73,295,044	

interest rate risk. The following table provides information about interest rate risks associated with these pension and other employee benefit trust funds' investments (in thousands):

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

						Ma	aturi	ity Perio	d			
		Total	Les	s than				-			Mo	ore than
	Fa	air Value	3 M	Ionths	4 - 12	2 Months	1 -	5 Years	6 - 1	10 Years	10	Years
Asset-Backed Securities												
Domestic	\$	17,836	\$	-	\$	39	\$	5,605	\$	3,704	\$	8,488
International		819		-		-		-		819		-
Corporate Debt												
Domestic		148,954		1,607		9,967		50,896		50,756		35,728
International		5,834		15		391		2,344		974		2,110
Mortgage-Backed Securities												
Commercial		92,213		2		-		1,347		3,339		87,525
Municipal Bonds		3,195		-		421		190		935		1,649
Mutual Funds - Debt*		34,147		-		-		34,147		-		-
U.S. Agency Obligations		95,406		-		480		7,548		4,234		83,144
U.S. Treasury Obligations		63,011		-				37,806		17,039		8,166
Total Debt Securities	\$	461,415	\$	1,624	\$	11,298	\$1	39,883	\$	81,800	\$2	26,810
Equity Securities												
Domestic		434,414										
International		26,000										
Mutual Funds - Equity		598,393										
Real Estate Investment Trust		29,332										
Total Investments	\$	1,549,554										

*Maturity period is weighted average maturity.

Component Units

The component units follow the applicable investing criteria specifically authorized by statute or by the component unit's governing authority. The component units' exposure to interest rate risk is presented below (in thousands):

			N	Iaturity Period		
	Total	Less than				More than
	Fair Value	3 Months	4 - 12 Months	1 - 5 Years	6 - 10 Years	10 Years
Asset-Backed Securities	\$ 15,257	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,067	\$ 2,260	\$ 6,930
Corporate Debt						
Domestic	66,790	553	4,762	52,041	8,547	887
International	8,679	-	319	6,832	1,398	130
Investment Agreements	28,330	-	-	-	2,808	25,522
Money Market Mutual Funds	34,024	902	238	32,884	-	-
Mortgage-Backed Securities						
Commercial	140,921	-	25	938	1,425	138,533
Municipal Bonds	19,755	300	-	14,014	1,853	3,588
Mutual Funds - Debt*	494	-	-	494	-	-
Repurchase Agreements	24,581	18,816	-	-	-	5,765
U.S. Agency Obligations	79,616	948	249	51,792	9,158	17,469
U.S. Treasury Obligations	279,725	8,459	35,558	104,133	66,431	65,144
Total Debt Securities	698,172	\$ 29,978	\$ 41,151	\$ 269,195	\$ 93,880	\$ 263,968
Equity Securities						
Domestic	34,387					
International	13,111					
Mutual Funds - Equity	22,997					
Total Investments	\$ 768,667					

* Maturity Period is weighted average maturity.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment.

Primary Government

OST utilizes its counterparty risk assessment model

The exposure of the primary government's debt securities to credit risk is indicated below (in thousands):

State.

assessment.

	Tot Fair V			ААА		AA		А		ВААА		BAA		BA	,	BBB		в		Not Rated
Asset-Backed Securities		7,135	\$	7,135	\$	-	s	<u> </u>		-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- DA	s		\$	<u>b</u>	\$	Kateu -
Commercial Paper		0,141	Ψ	-	Ψ		Ŷ	100,141	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ		Ŷ		Ψ		Ψ	
Corporate Debt	10	0,111						100,111												
Domestic	8	0,970		107		11,850		55,317								7,029		6,655		12
International Government		.,				,										.,		.,		
Obligations		5,008				-		5,008												-
Money Market Mutual Funds		9,729		64,272		4,508		48		-		-		453		-				448
Mortgage-Backed Securities																				
Commercial		8.018		8.018		-		-		-		-		-		-				-
Municipal Bonds		1,111		1,105		-		6				-		-		-		-		-
Mutual Funds - Debt	4	9,861		15,399		6,734		1,581		12,147		-		-		59		1,735		12,206
Repurchase Agreements	5,18	6,270		-		-		4,922,104		-		6,142		-						258,024
U. S. Agency Obligations	4,02	0,310		857		3,674,180		159		-				-		-		-		345,114
Total Credit Risk -																				
Investments	9,528	,553	\$	96,893	\$ 3	697,272	\$5	,084,364	\$	12,147	\$	6,142	\$	453	\$	7,088	\$	8,390	\$	615,804
U.S. Treasury Obligations	9	4,597																		
U.S. Agency Obligations																				
Explicitly Guaranteed	3	5,212																		
Repurchase Agreements Backed																				
by U. S. Treasury Obligations	4	6,392																		
Total Debt Securities	\$9,704	,754																		

Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds

The credit risk of pension and other employee benefit trust funds is managed by restricting investments to those authorized by the Public Retirement System Investment Authority Law as previously described. The Boards of individual funds may elect to implement more restrictive policies. The pension and other employee benefit trust funds' debt securities exposure to credit risk is indicated below (in thousands):

to assess the credit risk of financial institutions that have been approved to serve as counterparties for the

counterparty based upon its counterparty risk

OST has assigned credit limits to each

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

		Asset-Back	ed Securities	Corpor	ate Debt	International	Mortgage-		Mutual		
	Total		Inter-		Inter-	Government	Backed	Municipal	Funds -	Repurchase	U.S. Agency
	Fair Value	Domestic	national	Domestic	national	Obligations	Securities	Bonds	Debt	Agreements	Obligations
AAA	\$ 842,127	\$ 14,894	\$ 819	\$ 785,231	\$ -	\$ 5,051	\$ 14,912	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,220
AA	2,226,812	914	-	1,338,361	409,364	390,240	4,649	751	-	-	82,533
А	7,528,740	997	-	5,737,377	1,410	-	10,059	2,444	1,453	1,775,000	-
BAA	13,829	-	-	5,318	629	-	7,882	-	-	-	-
BA	11,278	-	-	6,143	-	-	5,135	-	-	-	-
BBB	83,595	1,031	-	64,690	2,787	-	14,717	-	370	-	-
BB	10,955	-	-	1,334	-	-	9,621	-	-	-	-
В	8,282	-	-	-	-	-	8,282	-	-	-	-
CAA	3,098	-	-	-	-	-	3,098	-	-	-	-
CA	2,077	-	-	-	-	-	2,077	-	-	-	-
CCC	5,190	-	-	-	-	-	5,190	-	-	-	-
CC	672	-	-	-	-	-	672	-	-	-	-
С	427	-	-	-	-	-	427	-	-	-	-
D	823	-	-	-	-	-	823	-	-	-	-
Unrated	47,632	-		836	76		4,669		32,324		9,727
Total Credit Risk - Investments	10,785,537	\$ 17,836	\$ 819	\$7,939,290	\$ 414,266	\$ 395,291	\$ 92,213	\$ 3,195	\$ 34,147	\$1,775,000	\$ 113,480
U.S. Treasury Obligations	10,144,336										
Total Debt Securities	\$20,929,873										

Component Units

The component units follow the applicable investing criteria specifically authorized by statute or by the component unit's governing authority. The exposure of the component units' debt securities to credit risk is indicated below (in thousands):

		Asset- Backed	Corpor	ate Debt			Mortgage- Backed		Mutual		
	Total Fair Value	Securities Domestic	Domestic	Inter- national	Investment Agreements	Money Market Mutual Funds	Securities - Commercial	Municipal Bonds	Funds - Debt	Repurchase Agreements	U.S. Agency Obligations
AAA	\$ 91,115	\$ 10,229	\$ 2,795	\$ 4,868	\$ 19,640	\$ 902	\$ 15,831	\$ 4,913	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,937
AA	221,567	3,112	11,738	467	7,830	-	124,789	13,511	-	24,581	35,539
А	45,526	1,486	39,786	1,825	860	-	238	1,331	-	-	-
BAA	6,307	-	6,307	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BBB	6,744	60	5,446	1,238	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BB	786	-	505	281	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
В	62	-	-	-	-	-	62	-	-	-	-
CCC	370	370	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrated	33,830	-	213		-	33,122	1	-	494	-	-
Total Credit Risk - Investments	406,307	\$ 15,257	\$ 66,790	\$ 8,679	\$ 28,330	\$ 34,024	\$ 140,921	\$ 19,755	\$ 494	\$ 24,581	\$ 67,476
U.S. Treasury Obligations	279,725										
U.S. Agency Obligations Explicitly Guaranteed	12,140										
Total Debt Securities	\$ 698,172										

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the State's investments that are in the possession of a bank may not be recovered.

Primary Government

The OST's investment policies include the following

restrictions to manage custodial credit risk for investments:

 Repurchase agreements may be transacted with authorized dealers and banks that carry a rating of A1/P1 or higher, with maximum exposure per institution determined by the State Treasurer and adjusted as needed due to the financial condition of such institutions and the size of the State's investment portfolios.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



Repurchase agreements must be collateralized by obligations of the U.S. and its subsidiary corporations and instrumentalities or entities sanctioned or authorized by the U.S. government or other securities authorized for investment by the State Treasurer. Collateral comprised of obligations of the U.S. and its subsidiary corporations and instrumentalities or entities sanctioned or authorized by the U.S. government must have a market value of at least 102% of the investment and other eligible collateral must have a market value of 105% of the investment. Collateral must be held by a third party custodian approved by the State Treasurer and marked-to-market daily. Exceptions to the requirements for third party custody of collateral may be approved by the State Treasurer for dealer banks if necessary on occasion and such exceptions reported to the Board.

- 2) All certificates of deposit (CD's) must be secured by collateral permitted by statute. Surety bonds acceptable as security for CD's shall require approval by the State Depository Board with such credit constraints or limitations it determines. Pledged securities shall be held by a third party custodian approved by the State Treasurer and marked-tomarket at least monthly with depositories required to initially pledge to the Office of the State Treasurer, and thereafter maintain upon notification of any shortfall, collateral having a market value equal to 110% of CD's.
- 3) Negotiated investment deposit agreements: Deposit agreements with banks that are (1) secured by collateral permitted by statute, held by a third-party custodian, marked-to-market daily, and having a market value equal to or exceeding 110% of the deposit; (2) fully secured by a letter-of-credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; (3) fully secured by a surety bond issued by a financial institution approved by the State Depository Board; or, (4) subject to funds being available upon demand, with U.S. banks carrying ratings no lower than P-1 by Moody's Investors Service and A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation in an amount, including any CP issued by the respective financial institution held for investment by

OST, that does not exceed 5% of portfolio assets for any single institution.

At June 30, 2013, \$66.2 million of the primary government's investments were uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department, but not in the State's name.

<u>Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust</u> <u>Funds</u>

The custodial credit risk of pension and other employee benefit trust funds is managed by restricting investments to those authorized by the Public Retirement System Investment Authority Law described above. At June 30, 2013, \$523.8 million of the pension and other employee benefit trust funds' investments were uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department, but not in the State's name.

Component Units

The component units follow the applicable investing criteria specifically authorized by statute or by the component unit's governing authority. At June 30, 2013, \$33.3 million of the component units' investments were uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department, but not in the State's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the State's investment in a single issuer.

Primary Government

The OST's investment policies for managing concentration of credit risk require diversification of investments to reduce overall portfolio risks while maintaining market rates of return. Investments in each portfolio shall be diversified to eliminate risk of loss from an over concentration in a specific maturity, issuer (including repurchase agreement dealers), and security or class of securities. The

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

State Treasurer establishes Investment Guidelines for each investment portfolio to assure that prudent diversification and adequate liquidity is maintained. The State Treasurer utilizes a counterparty risk assessment model to determine maximum exposure to each approved financial institution. At June 30, 2013, approximately 88.9% of the primary government's total investments were investments in securities of U.S. agencies not explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government.

<u>Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust</u> <u>Funds</u>

The concentration of credit risk policy of pension and other employee benefit trust funds limits investments to no more than 5% of total net assets in any one corporation. At June 30, 2013, no more than 5% of the pension and other employee benefit trust fund's total investments were investments in any single issuer.

Component Units

The component units follow the applicable investing criteria specifically authorized by statute or by the component unit's governing authority. At June 30, 2013, 8.8% of the component units' total investments were investments in securities of U.S. Agencies not explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government.

C. Investments Lending Program

The State is presently involved in securities lending programs with major brokerage firms. The State lends equity and fixed income securities for varying terms and receives a fee based on the loaned securities' value. During a loan, the State continues to receive dividends and interest as the owner of the loaned securities.

Primary Government

In the primary government's securities lending agreement, securities are transferred to an

independent broker in exchange for collateral in the form of cash and/or securities issued by the U.S. Treasury or its agencies. The collateral value must be equal to at least 100% to 102% of the loaned securities value, depending on the type of collateral security.

Securities loaned totaled \$2.0 million at June 30, 2013, and the collateral value was equal to 102%. The loaned securities are in the accompanying note disclosures based on the custodial arrangements for the collateral securities. Loaned securities are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position because the State maintains ownership. The related collateral securities are not recorded as assets on the Statement of Net Position, and a corresponding liability is not recorded, since the State does not pledge or trade the collateral securities.

<u>Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust</u> <u>Funds</u>

In the pension and other employee benefit trust funds securities lending agreements, the brokerage firms pledge collateral securities consisting of U.S. government and agency securities, mortgage-backed securities issued by a U.S. government agency, and U.S. corporate bonds. The collateral value must be equal to at least 102% to 109% of the loaned securities value, depending on the type of collateral security.

Securities loaned totaled \$14.8 billion at June 30, 2013, and the collateral value was equal to 104.2%. The loaned securities are in the accompanying note disclosures based on the custodial arrangements for the collateral securities. Loaned securities are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position because the State maintains ownership. The related collateral securities are not recorded as assets on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position, and a corresponding liability is not recorded, since the State does not pledge or trade the collateral securities.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



D. Other Investments

The State's Unemployment Compensation Fund monies are required by the Social Security Act to be invested in the U.S. Department of Treasury, Bureau of Public Debt Unemployment Trust Fund (BPDUTF), which is not registered with the SEC. The fair value of the position in the BPDUTF is the same as the value of the BPDUTF shares.

The Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture is directed by statute to require dealers in certain agricultural products and livestock to make and deliver to the Department a surety or cash bond to secure the faithful accounting for and payment to producers of the proceeds of agricultural products or livestock handled or sold by the dealer. Cash bonds are required to designate the Department as trustee of the funds and may take the form of certificates of deposit, letters of credit, money orders or cashiers' checks. At June 30, 2013, the Department held surety bonds in the amount of \$15.6 million. These bonds are not recorded on the Balance Sheet.

Securities are held by the Commissioner of Insurance pursuant to statutes that require licensed insurance companies to deposit securities prior to issuance of a certificate of authority to transact insurance. These securities remain in the name of the licensed insurance company as long as the company has a pending claim in the State or until a proper order of a court of competent jurisdiction has been issued to the receiver, conservator, rehabilitator, or liquidator of the insurer or to any other properly designated official or officials who succeed to the management and control of the insurer's assets. The purchase and redemption of such securities are allowed as long as the required levels of deposits are maintained. At June 30, 2013, securities valued at \$224.7 million were held by the Department of Insurance. These securities are not recorded on the Balance Sheet.

Statutes require that surety bonds be provided for State public works contracts. The Department of Transportation holds surety bonds in the amount of \$8.2 billion for construction performance to ensure proper completion and complete performance of construction contracts, and \$8.7 billion for construction payment to ensure that payments are made by the general contractor to all subcontractors. These bonds are not recorded on the Balance Sheet.

The GSFIC State Construction Manual policies require that surety bonds be provided for payment and performance of all State projects of \$100,000 or more. The Department of Corrections holds surety bonds in the amount of \$5.1 million for construction performance to ensure proper completion and complete performance of construction contracts. These bonds are not recorded on the Balance Sheet.

For any organization that elects to assume the liability for unemployment compensation payments in lieu of making contributions to the Unemployment Compensation Fund, the Commissioner of the Department of Labor is authorized by statute to require such organization to execute and file with the Commissioner a cash deposit or surety bond. Cash deposits are held on behalf of such organizations in the Department's name, and are reported as agency funds. At June 30, 2013, the Department held surety bonds in the amount of \$54.7 million. These bonds are not recorded on the Statement of Net Position.

E. Investment Pools

Separate reports on the State's external investment pools are not issued. Condensed financial statements, inclusive of external and internal participants for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, and related risk disclosures for investments are as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Georgia Fund 1

The Primary Liquidity portfolio is a Standard & Poor's AAAf rated stable net asset value investment pool. The pool is not registered with the Securities

<u>Georgia Fund 1</u> <u>Statement of Net Position</u> <u>June 30, 2013</u> (in thousands)		<u>Georgia Fund 1</u> <u>Statement of Changes in Net Position</u> <u>For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013</u>					
Assets		(in thousands Additions)				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$6,612,153	Pool Participant Deposits	\$	33,053,513			
Investments	3,263,982	Investment Income	Ψ	55,055,515			
Net Position	\$9,876,135	Interest		19,905			
		Less: Investment Expense		(5,457)			
		Total Additions		33,067,961			
Distribution of Net Position		Deductions					
External Participant Account Balances	\$5,835,977	Pool Participant Withdrawals		31,715,577			
Internal Participant Account Balances	4,040,158	Net Increase		1,352,384			
Total Net Position	\$9,876,135						
		Net Position					
		July 1, 2012		8,523,751			
		June 30, 2013	\$	9,876,135			
Deposits		Investments					
Because the State does not maintain	separate bank	Georgia Fund 1 follows applicabl	le inve	sting criteria			

Because the State does not maintain separate bank accounts for Georgia Fund 1, separate custodial credit risk disclosures for the Fund's deposits cannot be presented. The carrying amount of the Fund's deposits as of June 30, 2013, was \$3.8 billion. This amount is included in the deposit disclosures of the Primary Government. Georgia Fund 1 follows applicable investing criteria and investment risk management policies as previously described for the primary government. In addition, fund managers restrict investments of the Fund in order to maintain the Standard and Poor's AAAf rating.

and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent

with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment

Company Act of 1940 and is managed to maintain

principal stability.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



Interest Rate Risk

The Fund's investments and exposure to interest rate risk are presented below (in thousands):

			Matur	Range of Yields		
]	Total Fair Value	Less than 3 Months	4 -	12 Months	
Commercial Paper	\$	100,141	\$ 100,141	\$	-	.200%200%
Repurchase Agreements		3,230,000	3,230,000			.030%300%
U.S. Agency Obligations		2,713,983	 749,181		1,964,802	.100%238%
Total Investments	\$	6,044,124	\$ 4,079,322	\$	1,964,802	
~						

Credit Risk

The exposure of the Fund's debt securities to credit risk is indicated below (in thousands):

	Total	Credit	Rating
	Fair Value	AA	Α
Commercial Paper	\$ 100,141	\$ -	\$ 100,141
Repurchase Agreements	3,230,000	-	3,230,000
U.S. Agency Obligations	2,713,983	2,713,983	
	\$6,044,124	\$2,713,983	\$ 3,330,141

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2013, more than 5% of the Fund's total investments were investments in securities of U.S.

agencies not explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. These investments represented 98.3% of total investments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Georgia Extended Asset Pool

The Georgia Extended Asset Pool (GEAP) is a variable net asset value investment pool that follows

<u>Georgia Extended Asset Po</u> <u>Statement of Net Position</u> <u>June 30, 2013</u> (in thousands)		<u>G</u> State For the
Assets		Additions
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 94,650	Pool P
Investments	145,935	Investr
Net Position	\$ 240,585	Int
		Fa
Distribution of Net Position		
External Participant Account Balances	\$ 175,911	Total Addit
Internal Participant Account Balances	64,674	
Total Net Position	\$ 240,585	Deductions
		Pool P

Standard and Poor's credit quality criteria for AA+f rated funds. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

Georgia Extended Asset Pool							
Statement of Changes in Net Pos	sitio	<u>on</u>					
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30), 2	<u>013</u>					
(in thousands)							
Additions							
Pool Participant Deposits	\$	61,000					
Investment Income							
Interest		860					
Fair Value Decrease		(358)					
Less: Investment Expense		(99)					
Total Additions 61,403							
Deductions							
Pool Participant Withdrawals		10,600					
Net Increase		50,803					
Net Position							
July 1, 2012		189,782					
June 30, 2013	\$2	40,585					

Deposits

Because the State does not maintain separate bank accounts for GEAP, separate custodial credit risk disclosures for GEAP's deposits cannot be presented. The carrying amount of GEAP's deposits as of June 30, 2013, was \$19.7 million. This amount is included in the deposit disclosures of the Primary Government.

Investments

GEAP follows applicable investing criteria and investment risk management policies as previously described for the primary government. In addition, the fund managers restrict investments of GEAP in order to maintain the Standard and Poor's AA+f rating.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



Interest Rate Risk

GEAP's investments and exposure to interest rate risk are presented below (in thousands):

		Maturity	Period	Range of Yields
	Total Fair Value	Less than 3 Months	1 - 5 Years	
Repurchase Agreements U.S. Agency Obligations	\$ 175,000 45,935	\$ 175,000 	\$ - 45,935	.130%300% .375% - 3.032%
Total Investments	\$ 220,935	\$ 175,000	\$ 45,935	

Credit Risk

The exposure of GEAP's debt securities to credit risk is indicated below (in thousands):

	Total	Credit]	Rating
	Fair Value	AA	Α
Repurchase Agreements	\$ 175,000	\$ -	\$ 175,000
U.S. Agency Obligations	45,935	45,935	
	\$ 220,935	\$ 45,935	\$ 175,000

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2013, all of GEAP's investments were investments in securities of U.S. agencies not explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Regents Investment Pool

The Regents Investment Pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

<u>Regents Investment Position Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013</u> (in thousands)		<u>Reg</u> <u>Statement</u> <u>For the Fis</u> e			
Assets		Additions			
Investments	\$ 461,273	Pool Participant Dep			
Interest Receivable	681	Investment Income			
Net Position	\$ 461,954	Interest			
		Fair Value Increas			
Distribution of Net Position		Less: Investme			
External Participant Account Balances	\$ 23,391	Total Additions			
Internal Participant Account Balances	438,563				
Total Net Position	\$ 461,954	Deductions			

Regents Investment Pool											
Statement of Changes in Net Position											
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013											
(in thousands)											
Additions											
Pool Participant Deposits	\$	44,337									
Investment Income		12,620									
Interest											
Fair Value Increase		5,556									
Less: Investment Expense		(801)									
Total Additions		61,712									
Deductions											
Pool Participant Withdrawals		(56,774)									
Net Increase		4,937									
Net Position											
July 1, 2012		457,017									
June 30, 2013	\$	461,954									

Deposits

The Regents Investment Pool does not have any deposits as of June 30, 2013.

Investments

The Regents Investment Pool policy guidelines indicate that all investments must be consistent with donor intent, Board of Regents policy and applicable federal and state law. The individual funds of the Pool provide various restrictions on the types of investments allowed.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



Interest Rate Risk

The Regents Investment Pool's funds policy guidelines restrict average maturities of their

holdings. The Regents Investment Pool's investments and exposure to interest rate risk are presented in the following table (in thousands):

		M aturity Period											
	Total	Less than			More Than								
	Fair Value	1 Year	1 - 5 Years	6 - 10 Years	10 Years								
Corporate Debt													
Domestic	\$ 44,503	\$ -	\$ 9,924	\$ 27,987	\$ 6,592								
Money Market Mutual Funds	3,141	3,141	-	-	-								
Mutual Funds - Debt	3,614	-	-	3,614	-								
Repurchase Agreements	36,696	36,696	-	-	-								
U.S. Agency Obligations	268,557	8,195	43,591	61,725	155,046								
U.S. Treasury Obligations	7,603		3,017	4,586									
Total Debt Securities	364,114	\$ 48,032	\$ 56,532	\$ 97,912	\$161,638								
Equity Securities													
Domestic	71,369												
Mutual Funds - Equity	20,426												
Real Estate Investment Fund	5,364												
Total Investments	\$461,273												

Credit Risk

The Regents Investment Pool's funds policy guidelines require that holdings, except for those of the Diversified Fund must be eligible investments under OCGA 50-17-63. Portfolios of debt security funds also must meet the eligible investment criteria

under the same code section. The Diversified Fund is permitted to invest in noninvestment grade debt issues up to a limit of 15% of the entire fund. The exposure of the Fund's debt securities to credit risk is indicated below (in thousands):

		Total						N	lot
	Fa	ir Value	AAA		AA	Α	BBB	Rated	
Corporate Debt - Domestic	\$	44,503	\$	-	\$ 4,835	\$ 32,450	\$ 6,592	\$	626
Money Market Mutual Funds		3,141		203	-	-	-		2,938
Mutual Funds - Debt		3,614		-	-	-	-		3,614
U.S. Agency Obligations		247,334			 -	 -	 -	2	47,334
Total Credit Risk -									
Investments		298,592	\$	203	\$ 4,835	\$ 32,450	\$ 6,592	\$25	4,512
U.S. Treasury Obligations		7,603							
U.S. Agency Obligations									
Explicitly Guaranteed		21,223							
Repurchase Agreements Backed									
by U.S. Treasury Obligations		36,696							
Total Debt Securities	\$	364,114							

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

The Regents Investment Pool's policy for managing custodial credit risk is to 1) appoint a federally regulated banking institution as custodian, 2) require that all securities transactions be settled on a delivery vs. payment basis through an approved depository institution such as the Depository Trust Company or the Federal Reserve, and 3) require that repurchase agreements be collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities at 102% of the market value of the investment at all times. At June 30, 2013, \$465.7 million of the Regents Investment Pool's holdings were uninsured and held by the custodian bank or a depository institution in the State's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Regents Investment Pool's policy for managing concentration of credit risk is to diversify to the extent that any single issuer (other than U.S. government obligations) shall be limited to 5 percent of the market value in a particular Pool Fund. At June 30, 2013 more than 5% of the Regents Investment Pool's total investments were investments in securities of U.S. government. These investments represented 61.6% of total investments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2013, consisted of the following (in thousands):

]	ſaxes	N	otes and Loans		Other	gov	Inter- ernmental ceivables	Re	Gross eceivables		llowance for ollectibles	Re	Total eceivables (Net)
Governmental Activities														
General Fund	\$ 1	1,638,720	\$	-	\$	567,682	\$	1,829,542	\$	4,035,944	\$	(130,558)	\$	3,905,386
General Obigation Bond Projects		-		-		2,023		233		2,256		-		2,256
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		-		20		11,267		-		11,287		-		11,287
Total - Governmental Funds	1	1,638,720		20	-	580,972		1,829,775		4,049,487		(130,558)		3,918,929
Government-wide adjustments:														
General Fund		-		-		2,494		-		2,494		-		2,494
Internal Service Funds		-		-		56,395		867		57,262		(754)		56,508
Total - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,	638,720	\$	20	\$	639,861	\$ 1	1,830,642	\$	4,109,243	\$	(131,312)	\$	3,977,931
Ducinosa tomo Activitioa														
Business-type Activities	¢		\$	45,313	\$	202 120	\$	07.242	\$	211 601	\$	(24, 217)	¢	220 267
Higher Education Fund State Health Benefit Plan	\$	-	\$	43,515	Ф	202,129 124,324	ф	97,242	ф	344,684	¢	(24,317)	\$	320,367
Unemployment		-		-		124,524		-		124,324		(3,857)		120,467
Compensation Fund						211,678		557		212,235		(16,703)		195,532
Board of Regents Foundations		-		- 3,696		53,325		557		57,021		(23,231)		33,790
State Road and		-		5,090		55,525		-		57,021		(23,231)		55,790
Tollway Authority		-		_		1,456				1,456		_		1,456
Georgia Higher		_		-		1,450				1,450		-		1,450
Education Facilities Authority		-		2,367		620		-		2,987		_		2,987
Internal Service Funds		-		- 2,307		20		-		2,507		(10)		10
Total - Business-type Activities	\$	-	\$	51,376	\$	593,552	\$	97,799	\$	742,727	\$	(68,118)	\$	674,609
										·				
Component Units														
Unrestricted:														
Georgia Environmental														
Finance Authority	\$	-	\$	1,358,814	\$	5,781	\$	8,416	\$	1,373,011	\$	-	\$	1,373,011
Georgia Housing and														
Finance Authority		-		618,455		764		-		619,219		(4,015)		615,204
Georgia Lottery Corporation		-		-		156,128		-		156,128		(3,073)		153,055
Georgia Ports Authority		-		2,341		42,560		-		44,901		(1,968)		42,933
Georgia Tech														
Foundation, Incorporated		-		1,136		224,988		-		226,124		(5,266)		220,858
Nonmajor Component Units		679		423,523		1,257,602		13,075		1,694,879		(75,923)		1,618,956
Total - Unrestricted		679		2,404,269		1,687,823		21,491		4,114,262		(90,245)		4,024,017
Restricted:														
Georgia Housing and		-		850,202		10,856		-		861,058		(6,500)		854,558
Finance Authority														
Nonmajor Component Units		-		-		-				-				-
Total - Restricted		-		850,202		10,856		-		861,058		(6,500)		854,558
Total - Component Units	\$	679	\$	3,254,471	\$	1,698,679	\$	21,491	\$	4,975,320	\$	(96,745)	\$	4,878,575

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Primary Government

Capital Asset activity for the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2013, was as follows (in thousands):

		Balance 7/1/2012 tated - Note 3)	Increases	1	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2013
Governmental Activities	(Heb)	<u>uicu 11010 5</u>)	 Increases			 0/20/2015
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:						
Land	\$	3,265,282	\$ 152,572	\$	(7,521)	\$ 3,410,333
Works of Art and Collections		1,326		·	-	1,326
Intangibles - Other Than Software		92,265	1,822		-	94,087
Construction in Progress		3,063,970	1,646,256		(1,679,774)	3,030,452
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		6,422,843	 1,800,650		(1,687,295)	 6,536,198
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:						
Infrastructure		25,346,693	775,335		-	26,122,028
Buildings and Building Improvements		3,759,065	80,451		(91,094)	3,748,422
Improvements Other Than Buildings		99,116	8,084		(3,121)	104,079
Intangibles - Other than Software		236	248		-	484
Machinery and Equipment		923,968	76,864		(52,381)	948,451
Software		249,779	4,765		-	254,544
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		30,378,857	 945,747		(146,596)	 31,178,008
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:						
Infrastructure		13,420,076	858,602		(9,746)	14,268,932
Buildings and Building Improvements		1,661,030	116,676		(69,564)	1,708,142
Improvements Other Than Buildings		46,870	2,108		(45)	48,933
Intangibles - Other than Software		-	79		-	79
Machinery and Equipment		728,196	52,942		(45,665)	735,473
Software		172,798	 13,942			 186,740
Total Accumulated Depreciation		16,028,970	 1,044,349		(125,020)	 16,948,299
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		14,349,887	(98,602)		(21,576)	 14,229,709
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	20,772,730	\$ 1,702,048	\$	(1,708,871)	\$ 20,765,907

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



		Balance						
		7/1/2012			Decreases			Balance 6/30/2013
Business-type Activities	(Rest	ated - Note 3)		Increases		ecreases		0/30/2013
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	386,032	\$	25,878	\$		\$	411,910
Works of Art and Collections	φ	41,120	φ	3,278	φ	(6)	φ	44,392
Construction in Progress		226,871		164,612		(168,284)		223,199
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		654,023		193,768		(168,290)		679,501
Total Capital Assets, Not Beilig Depreciated		034,023		193,708		(108,290)	·	079,501
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Infrastructure		288,102		23,576		(2,627)		309,051
Buildings and Building Improvements		8,398,792		462,951		(16,397)		8,845,346
Improvements Other Than Buildings		391,620		39,810		(3,347)		428,083
Machinery and Equipment		3,859,757		311,048	(127,003)			4,043,802
Software		21,523		8,855		(913)		29,465
Library Collections		797,689		34,276		(3,169)		828,796
Works of Art and Collections		7,321		330		(35)		7,616
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		13,764,804		880,846		(153,491)		14,492,159
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Infrastructure		91,225		9,795		(2,118)		98,902
Buildings and Building Improvements		2,389,438		216,059		(3,931)		2,601,566
Improvements Other Than Buildings		161,796		13,680		(2,472)		173,004
Machinery and Equipment		1,397,172		217,566		(76,696)		1,538,042
Software		15,236		3,204		467		18,907
Library Collections		623,454		36,451		(3,173)		656,732
Works of Art and Collections		863		141		-		1,004
Total Accumulated Depreciation		4,679,184		496,896		(87,923)		5,088,157
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		9,085,620		383,950		(65,568)		9,404,002
Business-type Activities, Capital Assets, Net	\$	9,739,643	\$	577,718	\$	(233,858)	\$	10,083,503

Current period depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follow (in thousands):

Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities	
General Government	\$	23,260	Higher Education Fund	\$ 491,131
Education		2,016	State Road and Tollway Authority	3,554
Health and Welfare		31,117	Internal Service Funds	2,211
Transportation		867,105	Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	\$496,896
Public Safety		56,524		
Economic Development		21,881		
Culture and Recreation		9,122		
Conservation		5,032		
Internal Service Funds				
(Depreciation on capital assets held by the				
State's internal service funds are charged to the				
various functions based on their usage of assets)		28,292		
Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$1	,044,349		

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Component Units

Capital Asset activity for the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2013, was as follows (in thousands):

		Balance 7/1/2012 ated - Note 3)	Increases	D	ecreases	Balance 5/30/2013
Component Units	`					
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:						
Land	\$	323,868	\$ 6,012	\$	(97)	\$ 329,783
Works of Art and Collections		1,670	-		-	1,670
Intangibles - Other Than Software		908	-		-	908
Construction in Progress		192,001	 91,152		(169,666)	113,487
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		518,447	 97,164		(169,763)	 445,848
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:						
Infrastructure		288,805	24,426		-	313,231
Buildings and Building Improvements		1,144,343	107,215		(39,363)	1,212,195
Improvements Other Than Buildings		491,527	29,646		(980)	520,193
Machinery and Equipment		879,675	80,912		(29,412)	931,175
Software		7,933	2,891		(13)	10,811
Library Collections		3,263	256		(19)	3,500
Works of Art and Collections		71	 -		-	71
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		2,815,617	 245,346		(69,787)	 2,991,176
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:						
Infrastructure		115,940	9,530		-	125,470
Buildings and Building Improvements		470,925	34,212		(21,649)	483,488
Improvements Other Than Buildings		199,512	22,363		(980)	220,895
Machinery and Equipment		493,859	67,521		(28,446)	532,934
Software		3,155	1,008		(13)	4,150
Library Collections		2,035	227		(19)	2,243
Works of Art and Collections		11	2			 13
Total Accumulated Depreciation		1,285,437	 134,863		(51,107)	 1,369,193
Component Units Capital Assets, Net*	\$	2,048,627	\$ 207,647	\$	(188,443)	\$ 2,067,831

*Certain higher education foundations and other similar organizations utilize FASB standards.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



As of June 30, 2013, balances are available as follows:

Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	
Land	\$ 24,215
Works of Art and Collections	 29,606
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	53,821
Capital Assets Being Depreciated	
Buildings and Building Improvements	192,936
Machinery and Equipment	28,204
Software	 30
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	 221,170
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (69,555)
Capital Assets, Net (FASB presentation)	 205,436
Total Capital Assets, Net - All Component Units	\$ 2,273,267

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Primary Government

Changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2013, are as follows (in thousands):

	(Res	Balance 7/1/2012 tated - Note 3)	Additions	R	eductions		B alance 6/30/2013	nounts Due nin One Year
Governmental Activities	-					-		
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$	8,584,945	\$ 1,321,695	\$	(1,253,480)	\$	8,653,160	\$ 723,305
Revenue Bonds Payable		403,450	-		(29,035)		374,415	25,780
GARVEE Bonds Payable		1,176,790	-		(128,930)		1,047,860	134,530
Less deferred amounts:								
On Refunding		(228,941)	(69,501)		27,359		(271,083)	-
Net Unamortized Premiums		632,369	227,423		(87,435)		772,357	-
Total Bonds Payable		10,568,613	 1,479,617		(1,471,521)		10,576,709	 883,615
Notes and Loans Payable		14,600	-		(10,600)		4,000	4,000
Capital Lease Obligations		286,055	10,400		(40,692)		255,763	29,719
Compensated Absences Payable		323,755	120,565		(134,495)		309,825	132,753
Arbitrage		8,853	 		(3,976)		4,877	 -
Total Governmental Activities	\$	11,201,876	\$ 1,610,582	\$	(1,661,284)	\$	11,151,174	\$ 1,050,087
Business-type Activities								
Revenue Bonds Payable	\$	1,228,067	\$ 139,685	\$	(173,670)	\$	1,194,082	\$ 31,480
Less deferred amounts:								
Net Unamortized Premiums (Discounts)		8,474	 14,158		(5,514)		17,118	-
Total Bonds Payable		1,236,541	153,843		(179,184)		1,211,200	 31,480
Notes and Loans Payable		746,961	-		(349,269)		397,692	277
Capital Lease Obligations		2,234,949	188,211		(53,132)		2,370,028	26,967
Compensated Absences Payable		218,726	151,489		(147,055)		223,160	135,105
Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation		1,278,146	367,796		(83,400)		1,562,542	-
Derivative Instrument Payable		7,778	-		(168)		7,610	 -
Total Business-type Activities	\$	5,723,101	\$ 861,339	\$	(812,208)	\$	5,772,232	\$ 193,829

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for these funds are included as part of the above total for governmental activities. The following long-term liabilities of internal service funds were included in the above balance as of June 30, 2013: capital leases of \$82.6 million and

compensated absences of \$4.7 million. Of these amounts, \$6.7 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, are due within one year. In general, the capital leases and compensated absences of the governmental activities are liquidated by the general fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



Component Units

Changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2013, are as follows (in thousands):

	7	Balance 7/1/2012 ated - Note 3)		Additions	Reductions		Balance 6/30/2013		Amounts Due Within One Year	
Component Units	(Resu	$\frac{1}{1000} = \frac{1}{1000} = \frac{1}{1000}$	P	Additions	K	uuctions		0/30/2013	wittin	ii Olie Teal
Revenue Bonds Payable Mortgage Bonds Payable	\$	2,146,193 1,022,655	\$	215,344 149,395	\$	(188,489) (144,065)	\$	2,173,048 1,027,985	\$	68,478 26,560
Net Unamortized Premiums		21,307		8,434		(2,030)	_	27,711		-
Total Bonds Payable		3,190,155		373,173		(334,584)		3,228,744		95,038
Notes and Loans Payable		201,456		49,587		(30,476)		220,567		67,881
Net Unamortized Premiums		413		-		(13)		400		-
Capital Lease Obligations		3,709		78		(828)		2,959		496
Compensated Absences Payable		26,878		9,659		(10,103)		26,434		21,109
Grand Prizes Payable		250,774		10,902		(36,099)		225,577		9,401
Other Liabilities		261,920		120,298		(70,506)		311,712		3,650
Total Component Units	\$	3,935,305	\$	563,697	\$	(482,609)	\$	4,016,393	\$	197,575

B. Bonds and Notes Payable

At June 30, 2013, bonds and notes payable currently outstanding are as follows (in thousands):

	Interest Rates	M aturing Through Year	O riginal Issue A mount	Outstanding A mount	
<u>Governmental Activities</u>					
General Obligation Bonds					
General Government	.35% - 7.40%	2033	\$ 15,794,355	\$5,	792,210
General Government - Refunding	2.0% - 9.0%	2026		2,	860,950
Revenue Bonds					
Transportation Projects	2.25% - 5.37%	2024	631,905		374,415
GARVEE Bonds	3.00% - 5.00%	2021	1,650,000	1,	047,860
Notes and Loans Payable	0.0%	2014	32,614		4,000
Business-type Activities					
Revenue Bonds					
Georgia 400	2.55%	2017	\$ 40,000	\$	25,345
Georgia Higher Education Facilities Authority	3.0% - 6.25%	2041	294,915		285,375
Higher Education Foundations	2.0% - 6.15%	2041	1,099,995		883,362
Notes and Loans Payable	5.0% - 8.5%	2016	920,112		397,692
<u>Component Units</u>					
Revenue Bonds					
Higher Education Foundations	.05% - 6.3%	2044	\$ 1,786,280	\$1,	670,209
Georgia Tech Foundation	.75% - 6.66%	2032	269,845		244,145
Other Revenue Bonds	.54% - 5.28%	2036	355,145		258,694
Mortgage Bonds					
Georgia Housing and Financing Authority	.2% - 5.625%	2043	1,395,145	1,	027,985
Notes and Loans Payable					
Higher Education Foundations	.52% - 4.50%	2035	158,288		106,109
Georgia Tech Foundation	.67%79%	2015	85,500		58,188
Other Notes and Loans Payable	.6% - 6.3%	2026	96,141		56,270

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

C. General Obligation Bonds

Primary Government

The State issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general State and proprietary activities, to provide loans to local governments for water and sewer systems, to construct educational facilities for local school systems, and to refund general obligation bonds.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the State to which the full faith and credit of the State are pledged.

Bonds Authorized but Unissued

Authorized but unissued general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2013, are as follows (in thousands):

	Authorized				
Purpose	Uni	ssued Debt			
K-12 Education	\$	243,300			
Higher Education		39,125			
Transportation		138,405			
Economic Development		15,000			
Other		25,230			
Total	\$	461,060			

Defeasance and Refunding of General Obligation Bonds

On July 18, 2012, the State issued \$137.1 million in General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2012C with interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.00%. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$146.4 million of General Obligation Bonds Series 2004B through 2005A which had interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.00%. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$17.6 billion. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt. The State advance refunded the Series 2004B through 2005A bonds to obtain an economic gain of \$14.4 million. The net proceeds were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded bonds.

January 8, 2013, the State issued \$349.7 million in General Obligation Refunding bonds Series 2013B and Series 2013C with interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%. The proceeds were used to advance refund a total of \$371.5 million from General Obligations Bonds Series 2004C, 2006B, and 2006G, which had interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.50%. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$51.9 million. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt. The State advance refunded the Series 2004B, 2006B, and 2006G bonds to obtain an economic gain of \$35.8 million. The net proceeds were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded bonds.

As of June 30, 2013, the State had total outstanding refunded bonds held in escrow of \$1.6 billion.

Early Retirement of Debt

From funds received from the sale of state property and from interest earnings available for the advance retirement of debt, the State made 15 purchases of various series of State of Georgia General Obligation Bonds in the secondary market with a par value of \$1.7 million. These early retirements of bonds will save the State \$2.8 million in future principal and interest appropriations and reduce debt service in fiscal year 2013 by \$0.04 million. Since July 1, 2000, the early retirement program has saved the State over \$1.1 billion in future principal and interest appropriations.

D. Revenue Bonds

Governmental Activities

State Road and Tollway Authority (SRTA) has issued Guaranteed Revenue Bonds for the purpose of financing certain road and bridge projects in the State. The guaranteed revenue bonds are secured by

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



the amount of net proceeds of the motor fuel tax provided for in a joint resolution of the State Transportation Board and SRTA. Further, the State has guaranteed the full payment of the bonds and the interest.

SRTA has issued Federal Highway Grant Anticipation Revenue Bonds and Federal Highway Reimbursement Bonds (GARVEE's). These bond proceeds will be used for the purpose of providing funds for an approved land public transportation project.

Business-type Activities

Georgia Higher Education Facilities Authority (GHEFA) has issued revenue bonds for the purpose of acquiring, constructing and equipping several projects on college campuses throughout the State. The bonds are secured solely by the related security deed and related assignment of contract documents. As of June 30, 2013, the outstanding principal for these revenue bonds is \$285.4 million.

Georgia Tech Facilities, Inc. has issued various revenue bonds to finance the costs of acquiring, renovating, constructing and equipping various facilities on the Georgia Institute of Technology campus. The bond issues have interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.3% and the maturities range from 2017 to 2041. As of June 30, 2013, the outstanding principal for these revenue bonds is \$284.3 million.

Georgia State University Foundation, Inc. has issued various revenue bonds to finance the costs of acquiring, renovating, constructing and equipping various facilities on the Georgia State University campus. These bond issues have interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 6.15% and the maturities range from 2016 to 2037. As of June 30, 2013, the outstanding principal balance for these revenue bonds is \$234.0 million. VSU Auxiliary Services Real Estate Foundation, Inc. has issued various revenue bonds to finance the costs of construction of various facilities on the Valdosta State University campus. These bond issues have interest rates ranging from 3.25% to 5.5% and the maturities range from 2030 to 2039. As of December 31, 2012, the outstanding principal balance for these revenue bonds is \$185.8 million.

Armstrong Atlantic State University Educational Properties Foundation, Inc. has issued various revenue bonds to finance the costs of acquiring, renovating, constructing, and equipping various facilities on the Armstrong Atlantic State University campus. These bonds bear interest payable semiannually at fixed rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.13% and the maturities range from 2024 to 2039. As of December 31, 2012, the outstanding principal balance for these revenue bonds is \$92.1 million.

The Georgia State University Research Foundation, Inc. has issued revenue bonds dated December 1, 2007 to finance or refinance the cost of the acquisition, construction and equipping of a research facility located in a new Georgia State University Science Park on the campus of the University. Term bonds under the agreement bear interest payable semiannually at fixed rates ranging from 4.75% to 5.25%. Serial bonds under the loan agreement bear interest payable semi-annually at a rate of 4.5% until July 1, 2014 when the interest rate increases to 5.0%. The bonds mature in 2039. As of June 30, 2013, the outstanding principal balance for these revenue bonds is \$87.2 million.

SRTA has issued toll revenue bonds for the purpose of financing a portion of the costs of acquiring, constructing and maintaining the Georgia 400 Extension. The toll revenues to be generated from the usage of the Georgia 400 Extension secure these bonds. As of June 30, 2013, the outstanding principal balance for these toll revenue bonds was \$25.3 million. See the Subsequent Events note for additional information regarding these bonds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

Component Units

Revenue bonds issued by various Higher Education foundations, for the acquisition and improvement of properties and facilities, had an outstanding balance at June 30, 2013, of \$1.7 billion.

Other component units had revenue bonds payable outstanding at June 30, 2013, of \$502.8 million as detailed below (in thousands):

	A	mount
Georgia Tech Foundation, Inc.	\$	244.1
Georgia Environmental Finance		
Authority		146.7
Georgia World Congress Center		100.0
Lake Lanier Islands Developmental		
Authority		8.4
Regional Educational Service		
Agencies		3.6
Total	\$	502.8

E. Mortgage Bonds

Component Units

Mortgage bonds outstanding of \$1.0 billion June 30, 2013, were issued by the GHFA for financing the purchase of single-family mortgage loans for eligible persons and families of low and moderate income within the State.

F. Notes and Loans Payable

Governmental Activities

Notes and loans payable for governmental activities as of June 30, 2013, were \$4.0 million, attributable to DOT's participation in the Federal Right of Way Revolving Fund program, for the purpose of aiding states with the problem of escalating property costs on future highway alignments. This fund was established to advance money to states without interest to acquire property needed for future projects along corridors with escalating property costs due to imminent development. The first payment for the revolving fund loan was paid January, 2009 and the last payment was made August 6, 2013.

Business-type Activities

Notes and loans payable for business-type activities as of June 30, 2013, were \$397.7 million. Of this amount, \$396.8 million is the outstanding balance of a loan obtained under the Federal Unemployment Account (FUA), which provides for a loan fund for State unemployment programs to ensure a continued flow of unemployment benefits during times of economic downturn. Georgia is one of 36 states that borrowed from the U.S. Treasury to pay State unemployment benefits. During fiscal year 2013, the State repaid \$348.5 million to the U.S. Treasury that was applied to the loan balance from previous years. See the Subsequent Events note for additional information regarding this loan.

In addition, Armstrong Atlantic State University Educational Properties Foundation, Inc. had a note payable balance of \$0.9 million as of December 31, 2012.

Component Units

Notes and loans payable for component units as of June 30, 2013, were as follows (in thousands):

	Α	mount
Higher Education Foundations	\$	106.1
Georgia Tech Foundation, Inc.		58.2
Georgia Ports Authority		36.5
Lake Lanier Islands Developmental		
Authority		13.7
Georgia Military College		3.9
North Georgia Mountains Authority		1.6
Jekyll Island State Park Authority		0.6
Total	\$	220.6

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



Higher Education Foundations Notes and Loans

During fiscal year 2012, MCG Health System, Inc. entered into a note in the amount of \$50.0 million. Funds from the note are to be used to fund certain construction and renovation projects and to purchase new and replacement equipment. The note bears a fixed interest rate of 2.05% for a three year term, and the interest is due monthly. The balance on the note at June 30, 2013 was \$50.0 million.

The Cancer Research Center of the Medical College of Georgia Physician's Practice Group Foundation (CRC) has a loan agreement with the Development Authority of Richmond County, whereby the Authority issued bonds and lent the proceeds thereof to CRC for the purpose of providing funds to finance the cost of the construction of a portion of a cancer research building on the campus of the Georgia Regents University (GRU). As of June 30, 2013, \$27.9 million was outstanding on the loan payable. The loan agreement provides for semi-annual interest payments at interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 5%. Principal payments are due annually through December 2034.

Notes and loans payable include a revolving credit agreement for the University of Georgia Research Foundation, Inc. which provides for borrowings or letters of credit at the Research Foundation's option. At June 30, 2013, amounts outstanding or issued under this agreement included borrowings of \$10.0 million, with no letters of credit or bank reserves, resulting in \$40.0 million available as borrowing capacity under this line. Borrowings under the revolving credit agreement bear interest at the bank's 30-day LIBOR plus 0.8%. At June 30, 2013, the rate applicable to the borrowings was .99%.

During fiscal year 2007, the University of Georgia Foundation signed a \$6.2 million promissory loan agreement which expires on November 1, 2017. Interest is charged at the bank's 30-day LIBOR plus 0.325%. The balance on this note at June 30, 2013, was \$5.7 million.

In addition to the notes and loans discussed in the previous paragraphs, as of June 30, 2013, an

additional \$12.5 million in notes was held by various higher education foundations.

Other Component Units Notes and Loans

The Georgia Ports Authority maintains an uncollateralized revolving line of credit in the amount of \$48.0 million. As of June 30, 2013, \$36.5 million was outstanding on this line of credit. The interest rate (0.60% at June 30, 2013) is based on the one month LIBOR rate. This revolving line of credit expires on September 5, 2017.

The Georgia Tech Foundation, Inc. has five \$10.0 million revolving lines of credit and one \$35.5 million nonrevolving line of credit. As of June 30, 2013, \$58.2 million was outstanding on these lines of credit. Interest is calculated using the 30-day LIBOR rate.

G. Interest Rate Swaps

As a means of interest rate management, various higher education foundations have entered into interest rate swap agreements. For further details on these agreements, please refer to Note 13 Derivative Instruments.

H. Pollution Remediation

Pollution remediation obligations reflect estimates that have the potential to change due to such items as price increases or reductions, new technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

Governmental Activities

Department of Transportation

DOT has recorded liabilities totaling \$0.5 million at June 30, 2013, for pollution remediation related to underground storage tanks at two locations and for pollution remediation at two laboratory sites. The liabilities were determined using the expected cash flow measurement technique which measures the liability as the sum of probability-weighted amounts in a range of possible estimated amounts. The estimated amount of recovery from insurance and other potentially responsible parties is \$0.03 million.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

Pollution remediation liability activity in fiscal year 2013 was as follows (in thousands):

Balance			Balance	Amou	nts Due
7/1/2012	Additions	Reductions	06/30/2013	Within	One Year
\$ 716	\$ 16	\$ (206) \$	526	\$	185

Department of Juvenile Justice

The Department of Juvenile Justice cleared its \$0.7 million 2012 liability for pollution remediation related to soil contamination at one site. The Georgia Environmental Protection Division determined that the site is now in compliance with applicable standards and has removed it from the hazardous site inventory. Pollution remediation liability activity in fiscal year 2013 was as follows (in thousands):

Balance					Balance	Amounts Du	ıe
7/1/2012	Add	itions	Re	ductions	06/30/2013	Within One Y	ear
\$ 701	\$	-	\$	(701)	\$ -	\$	-

Department of Defense

The Department of Defense has recorded liabilities totaling \$0.3 million at June 30, 2013, for pollution remediation primarily related to ground contamination at five sites. The liabilities were determined by previous experience. The estimated amount of recovery from insurance and other potentially responsible parties is \$0.3 million. Pollution remediation liability activity in fiscal year 2013 was as follows (in thousands):

Balance					Balance	Aı	nounts Due
7/1/2012	Ad	ditions	F	Reductions	6/30/2013	Wit	hin One Year
\$ 230	\$	84	\$	(5)	\$ 309	\$	109

Department of Agriculture

The Department of Agriculture has learned that it may have treated, stored, or disposed of a small amount of potentially hazardous material at a Marine Shale Processors site and therefore may have to participate in pollution remediation. No estimate of a potential liability is available.

Business-type Activities

University of Georgia

The University of Georgia is responsible for pollution remediation at the Milledge Avenue landfill site. The University of Georgia has recorded a liability and expense related to this pollution remediation in the amount of \$1.0 million. The liability is reflected on the Statement of Net Position in Accounts Payable and on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position in Services and Supplies. The liability was determined using a five year budget estimate provided by Brown and Caldwell. The University of Georgia does not anticipate any significant changes to the expected remediation outlay. There are no expected recoveries that have reduced the liability. Pollution remediation liability activity in fiscal 2013 was as follows (in thousands):

Balance						Balance	Amounts Due		
7/1/2012	Additions		R	eductions	6/30/2013	Within One Year			
\$ 918	\$	175	\$	(137)	\$	956	\$	138	

Georgia Institute of Technology

Georgia Institute of Technology is responsible for pollution monitoring and remediation in all Institute facilities, including asbestos abatement. Monitoring and remediation activities are performed during renovation/construction projects when deemed necessary by Institute management. As of June 30, 2013, the Institute recorded a liability and expense in the amount of \$0.5 million for pollution monitoring and remediation projects in various Institute structures. The liability is reflected on the Statement of Net Position in Accounts Payable and on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position in Services and Supplies. The liability was determined using the Expected Cash Flow Measurement Technique, which measures the liability as the sum of probability-weighted amounts in a range of possible estimated amounts. The Institute does not anticipate any significant changes to the expected remediation outlay. There are no expected recoveries that have reduced the liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



Pollution remediation liability activity in fiscal 2013 was as follows (in thousands):

Balance				Balance	Amounts Due		
7/1/2012	Add	litions	Reductions	6/30/2013	Within One Year	<u>[</u>	
\$ 145	\$	504	\$ (145) \$	504	\$ 504	1	

Georgia Regents University

Georgia Regents University (formerly Georgia Health Sciences University) is responsible for asbestos abatement as a small part of the project costs for various projects. The University has recorded a liability and expense related to this pollution remediation in the amount of \$0.03 million. The liability is reflected on the Statement of Net Position in Accounts Payable and on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position in Services and Supplies. The liability is the remaining amount of project abatement costs at June 30, 2013. The University does not anticipate any significant changes to the expected remediation outlay. Pollution remediation liability activity in fiscal year 2013 was a follows (in thousands):

Balance					Balance	Amounts Due		
7/1/2012	Ad	lditions	R	eductions eductions	6/30/2013	Witl	hin One Year	
\$ 3	\$	73	\$	(50)	\$ 26	\$	26	

Component Units

Georgia Ports Authority

The Georgia Ports Authority is responsible for certain pollution remediation costs related to soil and groundwater contamination at its Bainbridge, Georgia terminal. The Georgia Ports Authority has recorded a liability of \$1.5 million as of June 30, 2013. The liability was determined using a five year budget estimate provided by an engineering firm using a discounted cash flow rate of 3%. Pollution remediation liability activity in fiscal year 2013 was as follows (in thousands):

Balance						Balance	Amounts Due		
7/1/2012	Additions		Reductions			6/30/2013	Wit	hin One Year	
\$ 1,555	\$	225	\$	(231) \$	\$	1,549	\$	782	

Georgia Southern University (GSU) Housing Foundation, Inc.

The two housing facilities constructed with the proceeds from a Foundation bond issue required some unexpected repairs. For one of the housing facilities, a mold problem was discovered, and the costs to repair the damage to the facility were \$1.9 million, recognized during the two fiscal years ending June 30, 2009 and 2008. Claims have been made against the developer. All claims are currently under review by the respective claims adjustors. Any amount expected to be recovered from these claims cannot be estimated at this time.

For the other housing facility, a mold problem was also discovered in May, 2009, and the costs to repair the damage to the facility were \$4.9 million, which were paid by GSU. This amount, which was recognized in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, is to be repaid to GSU sometime after the next fiscal year and is considered long-term. Claims were filed by the Foundation's attorneys against the developer during the prior fiscal year. The court's initial ruling was to put the parties involved in arbitration. Any amount expected to be recovered cannot be estimated at this time.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

I. Debt Service Requirements

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, GARVEE bonds, mortgage bonds and notes and loans payable are as follows (in thousands):

Primary Government

				Governmen	tal Activities			
	General Obli	igation Bonds	Revenu	e Bonds	GARVE	E Bonds	Notes and L	oans Payable
Year	Principal *	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2014	\$ 723,305	\$ 380,311	\$ 25,780	\$ 18,376	\$ 134,530	\$ 50,714	\$ 4,000	\$ -
2015	715,785	345,429	21,525	17,283	141,150	44,095	-	-
2016	654,220	310,680	38,045	15,956	147,640	37,607	-	-
2017	627,830	280,158	39,965	14,034	154,560	30,684	-	-
2018	615,600	249,743	41,980	12,014	162,085	23,161	-	-
2019-2023	2,654,750	853,798	183,310	27,496	307,895	27,555	-	-
2024-2028	1,928,000	357,937	23,810	595	-	-	-	-
2029-2033	733,670	57,541			-		_	-
Total	\$8,653,160	\$2,835,597	\$ 374,415	\$ 105,754	\$1,047,860	\$ 213,816	\$ 4,000	\$-

	Business-type Activities													
	Reven	ue Bonds	Notes and Loans Payable											
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal **	Interest										
2014	\$ 31,480	\$ 50,359	\$ 277	\$ 40										
2015	33,405	49,305	291	26										
2016	38,969	48,180	306	11										
2017	43,677	46,951	52	(1)										
2018	31,103	45,767	-	-										
2019-2023	178,890	208,856	-	-										
2024-2028	234,678	167,150	-	-										
2029-2033	261,607	114,318	-	-										
2034-2038	256,423	58,185	-	-										
2039-2043	83,850 6		-											
Total	\$1,194,082	\$ 795,977	\$ 926	\$ 76										

* Includes \$127.3 million of bonds with variable interest rates based on the weekly rate determination of the Remarketing Agent. The interest rate at June 30, 2013, for these variable rate bonds, was 0.46%.

** The note payable to the U.S. Treasury for \$396.8 million for State unemployment benefits has not been included in this schedule. A repayment schedule has not yet been implemented.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



Component Units

	Higher I	Education	Georgi	a Tech	Other				
	Found	lations	Found	lation	Component Units				
	Revenu	e Bonds	Revenue	e Bonds	Revenue Bonds				
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest			
2014	\$ 39,310	\$ 73,504	\$ 9,345	\$ 12,073	\$ 19,823	\$ 10,214			
2015	40,945	73,374	9,605	11,806	13,108	9,805			
2016	39,085	71,843	9,935	11,487	13,535	9,396			
2017	41,970	70,262	10,295	11,119	13,968	8,972			
2018	61,255	82,027	10,725	10,691	14,426	8,531			
2019-2023	311,575	303,720	61,085	44,362	180,277	78,913			
2024-2028	319,370	232,608	72,365	26,260	3,557	513			
2029-2033	367,936	153,877	60,790	6,042	-	-			
2034-2038	279,909	76,724	-	-	-	-			
2039-2043	167,660	18,408	-	-	-	-			
2044-2048	1,194	54							
Total	\$1,670,209	\$1,156,401	\$ 244,145	\$ 133,840	\$ 258,694	\$ 126,344			

	Higher Education Foundations						Georgia Tech Foundation					Other Component Units				
	N	otes and L	oans	Payable	Notes and Loans Payable					Notes and Loans Payable						
Year	P	rincipal	I	Interest		Principal		terest	Principal		Interest					
2014	\$	4,442	\$	2,894	\$	58,188	\$	460	\$	5,251	\$	509				
2015		17,948		2,715		-		-		6,521		469				
2016		48,796		2,590		-		-		2,885		436				
2017		1,723		1,544		-		-		2,920		403				
2018		2,035		1,589		-		-		29,411		368				
2019-2023		8,261		6,532		-		-		5,343		1,263				
2024-2028		7,638		4,844		-		-		3,939		245				
2029-2033		11,382		2,939		-		-		-		-				
2034-2038		3,884		190	-			-		-		-				
Total	Total \$ 106,109 \$ 25,837		\$	58,188	\$	460	\$	56,270	\$	3,693						

		Georgia and Financ Mortgan	e Aut	hority		
Year	P	Mortgag rincipal	,	nterest		
2014	\$	26,560	\$	38,915		
2015		23,950	38,369			
2016		27,465		37,798		
2017		34,845				
2018		28,400		35,889		
2019-2023		165,775		162,699		
2024-2028		188,860		125,760		
2029-2033		211,090		83,293		
2034-2038		199,840				
2039-2043		121,200		9,787		
Total	\$1	,027,985	\$	609,666		

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 9 - LEASES

A. Operating Leases

The State leases land, office facilities, office and computer equipment, and other assets. Some of these leases are considered for accounting purposes to be operating leases. Although lease terms vary, many leases are subject to appropriation from the General Assembly to continue the obligation. Other leases generally contain provisions that, at the expiration date of the original term of the lease, the State has the option of renewing the lease on a year-to-year basis. Total lease payments for the State's governmental activities, business-type activities, and component units were \$41.6 million, \$51.3 million, and \$13.6 million, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2013. Future minimum commitments for operating leases as of June 30, 2013, are listed below (in thousands).

		Primary G				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30		ernmental ctivities		iness-type ctivities	Component Units	
2014	\$	28,383	\$	44,655	\$	12,845
2015		18,732		21,545		10,727
2016		11,689		20,791		9,520
2017	6,436			18,431		8,249
2018		2,951		16,954		6,715
2019-2023		6,120		77,142		18,497
2024-2028		1,629		72,491		1,377
2029-2033		357		61,459		551
2034-2038		10		33,125		-
2039-2043	2		6,655			-
2044-2048	-			258		-
Total Minimum Commitments	\$	76,309	\$	373,506	\$	68,481

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



B. Capital Leases

The State acquires certain property and equipment through multi-year capital leases with varying terms and options. In accordance with OCGA 50-5-64, the majority of these agreements shall terminate absolutely and without further obligation at the close of the fiscal year in which it was executed and at the close of each succeeding fiscal year for which it may be renewed. These agreements may be renewed only by a positive action taken by the State. The agreements shall terminate immediately at such time as appropriated and otherwise unobligated funds are no longer available to satisfy the obligations of the State. At June 30, 2013, the historical cost of assets acquired through capital leases was as follows (in thousands):

	 Primary Go				
	ernmental ctivities	siness-type Activities	Component Units		
Land	\$ -	\$ 48,435	\$	-	
Infrastructure	-	55,002		-	
Buildings	401,336	3,394,461		4,424	
Improvements Other Than Buildings	-	17,526		-	
Machinery and Equipment	3,156	180,902		102	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(216,027)	 (576,574)		(2,280)	
Total Assets Held Under Capital Lease	\$ 188,465	\$ 3,119,752	\$	2,246	

At June 30, 2013, future commitments under capital leases were as follows (in thousands):

		Primary Government				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30		ernmental Business-typ ctivities Activities			e Component Units	
2014 2015	\$	55,076 52,722	\$	178,965 179,023	\$	749
2016		44,999		179,393		1,003 438
2017 2018		41,633 39,467		181,037 182,766		403 453
2019-2023 2024-2028		119,636 55,316		927,454 946,127		805 90
2029-2033 2034-2038		18,515 2,438		854,315 548,704		90 90
2039-2043 2044-2048		1,475 30		140,617 112		90 90
2049-2053 Total Capital Lease Payments		<u> </u>		4,318,513		<u>72</u> 4,373
Less: Interest Executory Costs		(170,075) (5,499)		(159,341) (1,789,144)		(585) (829)
Present Value of Capital Lease Payments	\$	255,763	\$	2,370,028	\$	2,959

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 9 - LEASES (continued)

C. Leases Receivable

The State leases certain facilities and land for use by others for terms varying from 1 to 40 years. The leases are accounted for as operating leases; revenues for services provided and for use of facilities are recorded when earned. Total revenues from rental of land and facilities for the State's governmental activities, business-type activities, and component units were \$9.6 million, \$0.09 million, and \$31.4 million, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2013. Minimum future revenues and rentals to be received under operating leases as of June 30, 2013, are as follows (in thousands):

		Primary G				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Component Units	
2014	\$	8,630	\$	38	\$	28,911
2015		8,616		-		18,419
2016		8,654		-		18,047
2017		8,773		-		16,376
2018		8,891		-		16,002
2019-2023		17,061		-		72,066
2024-2028		3,623		-		63,209
2029-2033		3,806		-		53,590
2034-2038		4,007		-		18,515
2039-2043		4,227		-		1,765
2044-2048		1,349		-		1,909
2049-2053		11		-		1,016
Total Minimum Revenues	\$	77,648	\$	38	\$	309,825

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The State administers various retirement plans under two major retirement systems: The Employees' Retirement System (the System) and Teachers Retirement System (TRS). These two systems issue separate publicly available financial reports that include the applicable financial statements and required supplementary information. The reports may be obtained from the respective system offices. The State's significant retirement plans are described below. More detailed information can be found in the plan agreements and related legislation. Each plan, including benefit and contribution provisions, was established and can be amended by State law. The State also provides an optional retirement plan for certain university employees: the Regents Retirement Plan.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

Retirement plan financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the employers and members are recognized as additions when due, pursuant to formal commitments, as well as statutory or contractual requirements. Retirement benefits and refund payments are recognized as deductions when due and payable.

Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. No investment in any one organization, other than those issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or its agencies, represents 5% or more of the net position restricted for pension benefits.



B. Defined Benefit Plans

Plan Descriptions and Funding Policy

Employees' Retirement System of Georgia Plan

The System is comprised of individual retirement systems and plans covering substantially all employees of the State except for teachers and other employees covered by TRS. One of the plans within the System, also titled Employees' Retirement System (ERS), is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was established by the Georgia General Assembly during the 1949 Legislative Session for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for employees of the State and its political subdivisions. ERS is directed by a Board of Trustees and has the powers and privileges of a corporation. ERS acts pursuant to statutory direction and guidelines, which may be amended prospectively for new hires but for existing members and beneficiaries may be amended in some aspects only subject to potential application of certain constitutional restraints against impairment of contract.

On November 20, 1997, the Board created the Supplemental Retirement Benefit Plan of ERS (SRBP-ERS). SRBP-ERS was established as a qualified governmental excess benefit plan in accordance with Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as a portion of ERS. The purpose of the SRBP-ERS is to provide retirement benefits to employees covered by ERS whose benefits are otherwise limited by IRC Section 415. Beginning January 1, 1998, all members and retired former members in ERS are eligible to participate in the SRBP-ERS whenever their benefits under ERS exceed the limitation on benefits imposed by IRC Section 415.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)

The benefit structure of ERS is established by the Board of Trustees under statutory guidelines. Unless the employee elects otherwise, an employee who currently maintains membership with ERS based upon State employment that started prior to July 1, 1982, is an "old plan" member subject to the plan provisions in effect prior to July 1, 1982. Members hired on or after July 1, 1982, but prior to January 1, 2009, are "new plan" members subject to the modified plan provisions. Effective January 1, 2009, newly hired State employees, as well as rehired State employees who did not maintain eligibility for the "old" or "new" plan, are members of the Georgia State Employees' Pension and Savings Plan (GSEPS). Members of the GSEPS plan may also participate in the GSEPS 401(k) defined contribution component described below. ERS members hired prior to January 1, 2009, also have the option to irrevocably change their membership to the GSEPS plan.

Under the old plan, new plan, and GSEPS, a member may retire and receive normal retirement benefits after completion of 10 years of creditable service and attainment of age 60 or 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. Additionally, there are some provisions allowing for early retirement after 25 years of creditable service for members under age 60.

Retirement benefits paid to members are based upon a formula adopted by the Board of Trustees for such purpose. The formula considers the monthly average of the member's highest 24 consecutive calendar months of salary, the number of years of creditable service, the applicable benefit factor, and the member's age at retirement. Postretirement cost-ofliving adjustments may be made to members' benefits provided the members were hired prior to July 1, 2009. The normal retirement pension is payable monthly for life; however, options are available for distribution of the member's monthly pension, at reduced rates, to a designated beneficiary upon the member's death. Death and disability benefits are also available through ERS.

Member contribution rates are set by law. Member contributions under the old plan are 4% of annual compensation up to \$4,200 plus 6% of annual

compensation in excess of \$4,200. Under the old plan, the State pays member contributions in excess of 1.25% of annual compensation. Under the old plan, these State contributions are included in the members' accounts for refund purposes and are used in the computation of the members' earnable compensation for the purpose of computing retirement benefits. Member contributions under the new plan and GSEPS are 1.25% of annual compensation. The State is required to contribute at a specified percentage of active member payroll established by the Board of Trustees and determined annually in accordance with an actuarial valuation and minimum funding standards as provided by law. These State contributions are not at any time refundable to the member or his/her beneficiary.

Employer contributions required for fiscal year 2013 were based on the June 30, 2010, actuarial valuation as follows:

Plan Segment	Contribution Rate
Old Plan *	14.90%
New Plan	14.90%
GSEPS	11.54%

* 10.15% exclusive of contributions paid by the State on behalf of old plan members

Members become vested after 10 years of service. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contributions the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Teachers Retirement System of Georgia

TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan created in 1943 by an act of the Georgia General Assembly to provide retirement benefits for qualifying employees in educational service. A Board of Trustees comprised of two appointees by the Board, two ex-officio State employees, five appointees by the Governor, and one appointee of the Board of Regents is ultimately responsible for the administration of TRS.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



On October 25, 1996, the Board created the Supplemental Retirement Benefit Plan of the Georgia Teachers (SRBP-TRS). SRBP-TRS was established as a qualified governmental excess benefit plan in accordance with Section 415 of the IRC as a portion of TRS. The purpose of SRBP-TRS is to provide retirement benefits to employees covered by TRS whose benefits are otherwise limited by IRC Section 415. Beginning July 1, 1997, all members and retired former members in TRS are eligible to participate in the SRBP-TRS whenever their benefits under TRS exceed the IRC Section 415 imposed limitation on benefits.

TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and survivor's benefits. The benefit structure of TRS is defined and may be amended by State statute. A member is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. A member is eligible for early retirement after 25 years of creditable service.

Normal retirement (pension) benefits paid to members are equal to 2% of the average of the member's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. Early retirement benefits are reduced by the lesser of one-twelfth of 7% for each month the member is below age 60 or by 7% for each year or fraction thereof by which the member has less than 30 years of service. It is also assumed that certain cost-of-living adjustments, based on the Consumer Price Index, may be made in Retirement benefits are payable future years. monthly for life. A member may elect to receive a partial lump-sum distribution in addition to a reduced monthly retirement benefit. Options are available for distribution of the member's monthly pension, at a reduced rate, to a designated beneficiary on the member's death. Death. disability, and spousal benefits are also available.

TRS is funded by member and employer contributions as adopted and amended by the Board of Trustees. Members become fully vested after 10 years of service. If a member terminates with less than 10 years of service, no vesting of employer contributions occurs, but the member's contributions may be refunded with interest. Member contributions are limited by State law to not less than 5% or more than 6% of a member's earnable compensation.

Member contributions as adopted by the Board of Trustees for fiscal year 2013 were 6% of annual salary. Employer contributions required for fiscal year 2013 were 11.41% of annual salary as required by the June 30, 2010, actuarial valuation.

Employer Contributions

The following table summarizes the State's employer contributions by defined benefit plan for 2013, 2012, and 2011 (in thousands):

		Eł	RS		TRS			
	Required		Required Percent		equired	Percent		
	Co	ntribution	Contributed	Cor	Contribution Contr			
2013	\$	306,738	100%	\$	194,804	100%		
2012		238,738	100%		175,588	100%		
2011		222,401	100%		170,893	100%		

In addition to the above contributions for employees of organizations in the State reporting entity, the State also makes contributions directly to ERS and TRS on behalf of certain employers that are not in the reporting entity. The State made such contributions to TRS of \$5.9 million in 2013, \$5.5 million in 2012, and \$5.9 million in 2011 for public school support personnel. The State also contributed \$12.4 million, \$6.2 million, and \$11.7 million to ERS on behalf of local tax commissioners and county State courts in 2013, 2012, and 2011 respectively.

In certain prior years, the State did not contribute its full requirement for local tax officials because adequate funds were not appropriated. The cumulative contribution shortfall amounted to \$6.2 million. The State is funding this obligation over a 10 year period that began October 1, 2011, through higher contribution rate assessments of \$0.6 million each year. This assessment is in addition to the onbehalf amounts reported above. A liability has been

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)

reported in the governmental activities for the unpaid balance.

Participating Employers

The number of participating employers by plan as of June 30, 2013, was:

ERS 716 TRS 401 These counts treat each legal entity in the State reporting entity as a separate employer. Of the 716 employers in the ERS count, 441 are not in the State reporting entity. Of the 401 employers in the TRS count, 297 are not in the State reporting entity.

Funded Status, Funding Progress, and Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The funded status of the ERS and TRS plans at June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows (in thousands):

			Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Actuarial		Accrued	Unfunded		Annual	Percentage of
	Value of	Lia	bility (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Retirement	Assets		Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
System	(a)		(b)	(b - a)	(a) / (b)	(c)	(b-a) / (c)
ERS	\$12,260,595	\$	16,777,922	\$ 4,517,327	73.1%	\$ 2,414,884	187.1%
TRS	56,262,332		68,348,678	12,086,346	82.3%	10,036,023	120.4%

These valuations reflect assumptions based on experience studies for the five year period ending June 30, 2009. Additionally, TRS uses a smoothed interest rate methodology for determining its investment rate of return. The method uses an initial rate of return for a 23 year look forward period that, when combined with actual returns for a seven year look back period, produces a 30 year average rate of return that equals the 7.5% ultimate long-term investment rate of return assumption that is based on TRS long term capital market assumptions and asset allocations. The interest rate used for years after the 23 year look forward period is the ultimate rate of return. The method includes a corridor around the long-term investment rate of return. A corridor also limits the actuarial value of assets to not less than 75% or more than 125% of market value. Multiyear trend information about the funding progress is presented in the standalone financial reports issued by the System and TRS. These schedules indicate whether the actuarial values of assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuations follows:

	ERS	TRS
Valuation date	6/30/2012	6/30/2012
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar	Level percent of pay
Remaining amortization period	30 years	30 years
Period Open/Closed	Open	Open
Asset valuation method	7 year smoothed market	7 year smoothed market
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return, initial	N/A	8.09% *#
Investment rate of return, ultimate	7.50% *	7.50% *#
Projected salary increases	2.725% - 9.25%*	3.75% - 7.00%*
Postretirement cost of living adjustment	None	3.00% annually

* Includes an inflation assumption of 3.00%

Using the initial and ultimate rates above, the smoothed interest rate over a 40 year period is 7.84%.

C. Defined Contribution Plans

GSEPS 401(k) Component of ERS Plan

In addition to the ERS defined benefit pension described above, GSEPS members may also participate in the Peach State Reserves 401(k) defined contribution plan and receive an employer matching contribution. The 401(k) plan is administered by the System and was established by the Georgia Employee Benefit Plan Council in accordance with State law and Section 401(k) of the IRC. The GSEPS segment of the 401(k) plan was established by State law effective January 1, 2009. Plan provisions and contribution requirements specific to GSEPS can be amended by State law. Other general 401(k) plan provisions can be amended by the ERS Board of Trustees as required by changes in federal tax law or for administrative purposes. The State was not required to make significant contributions to the 401(k) plan prior to GSEPS because most members under other segments of the plan either were not State employees or were not eligible to receive an employer match on their contributions.

The GSEPS plan includes automatic enrollment in the 401(k) plan at a contribution rate of 1% of salary, along with a matching contribution from the State. The State will match 100% of the employee's initial 1% contribution and 50% of contribution percents two through five. Therefore, the State will match 3% of salary when an employee contributes at least 5% to the 401(k) plan. Employee contributions greater than 5% of salary do not receive any matching funds.

GSEPS employer contributions are subject to a vesting schedule, which determines eligibility to receive all or a portion of the employer contribution balance at the time of any distribution from the account after separation from all State service. Vesting is determined based on the following schedule:

Less than 1 year	0%
1 year	20%
2 years	40%
3 years	60%
4 years	80%
5 or more years	100%

Employee contributions and earnings thereon are 100% vested at all times. The 401(k) plan also allows participants to roll over amounts from other qualified plans to their respective account in the

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)

401(k) plan on approval of the 401(k) plan administrator. Such rollovers are 100% vested at the time of transfer. Participant contributions are invested according to the participant's investment election. If the participant does not make an election, investments are automatically defaulted to a Lifecycle fund based on the participant's date of birth.

The participants may receive the value of their vested accounts upon attaining age 59.5, qualifying financial hardship, or 30 days after retirement or other termination of service (employer contribution balances are only eligible for distribution upon separation from service). Upon the death of a participant, his or her beneficiary shall be entitled to the vested value of his or her accounts. Employees who die while actively employed and eligible for 401(k) employer matching contributions become fully vested in employer contributions upon death. Distributions are made in installments or in a lump sum.

In 2013, the State's employer and employee GSEPS contributions were \$7.1 million and \$12.0 million, respectively. Additionally, the State made contributions of about \$0.1 million on behalf of employers that are not in the reporting entity. Employer contributions may be partially funded from nonvested contributions that were forfeited by employees.

Regents Retirement Plan

Plan Description

The Regents Retirement Plan, a single-employer defined contribution plan, is an optional retirement plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in Chapter 21 of Title 47 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated. It is administered and may be amended by the Board of Regents (Proprietary Fund – Higher Education). A participant in the plan is an "eligible university system employee" defined as a faculty member or a principal administrator as designated by the regulations of the Board of Regents. Under the Plan, a plan participant may purchase annuity contracts from four approved vendors (AIG-VALIC, American Century, Fidelity, and TIAA-CREF) for the purpose of receiving retirement and death benefits. The approved vendors have separately issued financial reports that may be obtained through their respective corporate offices.

Benefits

Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Benefits are payable to participating employees or their beneficiaries in accordance with the terms of the annuity contracts.

Funding Policy

The University System of Georgia makes monthly employer contributions for the Regents Retirement Plan at rates adopted by the TRS Board of Trustees in accordance with State statute and as advised by their independent actuary. For fiscal year 2013, the employer contribution was 9.24% of the participating employee's earned compensation. Employees contribute 6% their earned of compensation. Amounts attributable to all plan contributions are fully vested and non-forfeitable at In 2013, employer and employee all times. contributions were \$105.2 million (9.24%) and \$63.0 million (6%), respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The State provides the following significant other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans:

Administered by Department of Community Health (DCH):

Georgia State Employees Post-employment Health Benefit Fund (State OPEB Fund)

Georgia School Personnel Post-employment Health Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund)

Administered by the System:

State Employees' Assurance Department (SEAD)

- For retired and vested inactive (SEAD-OPEB)
- For active employees (SEAD-Active)

Administered by the Board of Regents University System Office:

Board of Regents Retiree Health Benefit Fund (Regents Plan)

The financial statements for these plans are presented in the Fiduciary Funds section of this report. Separate financial reports that include the required supplementary information for these plans are also publicly available and may be obtained from the offices that administer the plans.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of these plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from employers and members are recognized in the period in which they are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price.

B. Multiple-employer Plans

Plan Descriptions and Contribution Information

State OPEB Fund and School OPEB Fund

The State OPEB Fund and School OPEB Fund are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plans and are reported as employee benefit trust funds.

The State OPEB Fund provides postemployment health benefits (including benefits to qualified beneficiaries of eligible former employees) due under the group health plan for employees of State organizations (including technical colleges) and other entities authorized by law to contract with DCH for inclusion in the plan. It also pays administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the State OPEB Fund is permitted.

The School OPEB Fund provides postemployment health benefits (including benefits for qualified beneficiaries of eligible former employees) due under the group health plan for public school teachers including librarians and other certified employees of public schools and regional educational service agencies or due under the group health plan for non-certified public school employees. It also pays administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

The Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the group health plans, including benefits for retirees under both the State and School OPEB Funds, to the Board of Community Health (Board).

The plans are currently funded on a pay-as-you go basis. That is, annual costs of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur, with no significant assets accumulating as would occur in an advance funding strategy.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

The contribution requirements of plan members and participating employers are established by the Board in accordance with the current Appropriations Act and may be amended by the Board. Contributions of plan members or beneficiaries receiving benefits vary based on plan election, dependent coverage, and Medicare eligibility and election. As of January 1, 2012, for members with fewer than five years of service, contributions also vary based on years of service. As of January 1, 2012, on average, members with five years or more of service pay approximately 25% of the cost of health insurance coverage. In accordance with the Board resolution dated December 8, 2011, for members with fewer than five years of service as of January 1, 2012, the State provides a premium subsidy in retirement that ranges from 0% for fewer than 10 years of service to 75% (but no greater than the subsidy percentage offered to active employees) for 30 or more years of service. The subsidy for eligible dependents ranges from 0% to 55% (but no greater than the subsidy percentage offered to dependents of active employees minus 20%). No subsidy is available to Medicare eligible members not enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Option. The Board sets all member premiums by resolution and in accordance with the law and applicable revenue and expense projections. Any subsidy policy adopted by the Board may be changed at any time by Board resolution and does not constitute a contract or promise of any amount of subsidy.

Participating employers, including but not limited to State organizations and school systems, are statutorily required to contribute in accordance with the employer contribution rates established by the Board. The contribution rates are established to fund all benefits due under the health insurance plans for both active and retired employees based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. Contributions are not based on the actuarially calculated annual required contribution (ARC) which represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The combined required contribution rates established by the Board for the active and retiree plans for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, were as summarized in the following tables:

Combined Active and State OPEB Fund Contribution Rates as a Percentage of Covered Payroll

State organizations, including technical colleges, and certain other eligible participating employers:						
June 2012	27.523%	for July 2012 coverage				
July – December 2012	35.000%	for August 2012 – January 2013 coverage				
January – February 2013	24.454%	for February – March 2013 coverage				
March – June 2013	25.366%	for April – July 2013 coverage				

Combined Active and School OPEB Fund Dollar Contribution Rates per Member per Month

Certificated teachers, regional education	onal service ag	gencies, certain other eligible participating employers:
June 2012	3.958%	of covered payroll for July 2012 coverage
July 2012 – February 2013	\$912.34	for August 2012 – March 2013 coverage
March – June 2013	\$937.34	for April – July 2013 coverage
Library employees:		
June 2012	3.958%	of covered payroll for July 2012 coverage
July 2012 – June 2013	\$743.00	for August 2012 – July 2013 coverage
Non-certificated school personnel:		
June 2012	\$296.20	for July 2012 coverage
July 2012 – June 2013	\$446.20	for August 2012 – July 2013 coverage

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



No additional contribution was required by the Board for fiscal year 2013 nor contributed to the State OPEB Fund or to the School OPEB Fund to prefund retiree benefits. Such additional contribution amounts are determined annually by the Board in accordance with the State plan for OPEB and are subject to appropriation.

The State's estimated required pay-as-you-go employer contributions made to the State OPEB Fund and the School OPEB Fund for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were (in thousands):

und	School OPEE		State OPEB Fund			
	Employer	State	State Employer			
ercent	quired	Re	Percent	Required Percent		
ntribute d	<u>tribution</u> (Cont	Contributed	ntribution	Cor	
100%	1,947	\$	100%	169,992	\$	2013
100%	1,949		100%	159,827		2012
100%	1,682		100%	147,749		2011
1	1,949	\$	100%	159,827	\$	2012

In addition to the above OPEB contributions for former employees of organizations in the State reporting entity, the State made on-behalf contributions during 2013 and 2012 to SHBP for combined active and OPEB coverage of certificated personnel employed by LEA's. A portion of those contributions was transferred to the School OPEB Fund as follows:

	On-behalf	Estimated
	Contribution	Transfer to
	to SHBP	School OPEB
2013	\$0.9 billion	\$224 million
2012	1.0 billion	279 million

The State did not make on-behalf contributions for certificated employees in 2011 but instead made contributions on behalf of the LEA's for certain non-certificated school personnel. The on-behalf amount transferred to the School OPEB Fund for the non-certificated personnel was \$0.3 million in 2011.

State Employees' Assurance Department

SEAD-OPEB and SEAD-Active are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment plans that were created in fiscal year 2007 by the Georgia General Assembly to provide term life insurance to eligible members of the ERS, Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), and Legislative Retirement System (LRS). SEAD-OPEB provides benefits for retired and vested inactive members, and SEAD-Active provides benefits for active members. Effective July 1, 2009, no newly hired members of any State public retirement system are eligible for term life insurance under SEAD. Pursuant to Title 47 of the OCGA, benefit provisions of the plans were established and can be amended by State statute.

Contributions by plan members are established by the ERS Board of Trustees, up to the maximum allowed by statute (not to exceed 0.5% of earnable compensation). The ERS Board of Trustees establishes employer contribution rates, such rates which, when added to members' contributions, shall not exceed 1% of earnable compensation. Contributions for fiscal year 2013 were based on June 30, 2010, actuarial valuations as follows:

	SEAD- OPEB	SEAD- <u>Active</u>	Total SEAD
Member Rates:			
ERS Old Plan	0.45%	0.05%	0.50%
Less: Offset Paid by Employer	(0.22%)	(0.03%)	(0.25%)
Net ERS Old Plan	0.23%	0.02%	0.25%
ERS New Plan, JRS, and LRS	0.23%	0.02%	0.25%
Employer Rates	0.27%	0.00%	0.27%

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

The ERS Board of Trustees voted and approved that the SEAD-OPEB employer contribution would be paid from existing assets of the Survivors Benefit Fund (SBF) instead of requiring payment by the employers. The SBF transferred \$5.0 million and \$12.7 million to the SEAD-OPEB Fund in 2013 and 2012, respectively. Of those amounts, \$4.5 million and \$11.1 million were paid on behalf of organizations in the State reporting entity for 2013 and 2012, respectively. There were no required employer contributions for SEAD in 2011.

According to the policy terms covering the lives of members, insurance coverage is provided on a monthly, renewable term basis, and no return premiums or cash value are earned. The net position represents the excess accumulation of investment income and premiums over benefit payments and expenses and is held as a reserve for payment of death benefits under existing policies.

For SEAD-Active the amount of insurance coverage is equal to 18 times monthly earnable compensation frozen at age 60. For members with no creditable service prior to April 1, 1964, the amount decreases from age 60 by a half of 1% per month until age 65 at which point the member will be covered for 70% of the age 60 coverage. Life insurance proceeds are paid in lump sum to the beneficiary upon death of the member.

For SEAD-OPEB the amount of insurance for a retiree with creditable service prior to April 1, 1964, is the full amount of insurance under SEAD-Active in effect on the date of retirement. The amount of insurance for a service retiree with no creditable service prior to April 1, 1964, is 70% of the amount of insurance under SEAD-Active at age 60 or at termination, if earlier. Life insurance proceeds are paid in lump sum to the beneficiary upon death of the retiree.

Participating Employers

The number of participating employers for the multiple-employer postretirement benefit plans as of June 30, 2013, was:

218

State OPEB

School OPEB242SEAD (OPEB and Active)811

The SEAD count treats each legal entity in the State reporting entity as a separate employer. Of the 811 employers in the SEAD count, 533 are not in the State reporting entity.

C. Single-employer Plan: Board of Regents Retiree Health Benefit Fund

Plan Description and Funding Policy

The Regents Plan is a single-employer, defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the Board of Regents (BOR). The Regents Plan was authorized pursuant to OCGA Section 47-21-21 for the purpose of accumulating funds necessary to meet employer costs of retiree postemployment health insurance benefits.

Pursuant to the general powers conferred by OCGA Section 20-3-31, the BOR (higher education fund) has established group health and life insurance programs for regular employees of the university system. It is the policy of the BOR to permit employees of the university system eligible for retirement or who become permanently and totally disabled to continue as members of the group health and life insurance programs. The policies of the BOR define and delineate who is eligible for these postemployment health and life insurance benefits.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the employer are established and may be amended by the BOR. The Regents Plan is substantially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis; however, amounts above the pay-as-you-go basis may be contributed annually, either by specific appropriation or by BOR designation. Organizational units of the BOR pay the employer portion for group insurance for eligible retirees. The employer portion of health insurance for its eligible retirees is based on rates that are established annually by the BOR for the upcoming plan year. For the 2013 plan year, the employer rate was approximately 70% of the total health insurance cost for eligible retirees, and the retiree rate was approximately 30%. The employer covers the total cost for \$25,000 of basic life insurance. If an

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



individual elects to have supplemental, and/or dependent life insurance coverage, such costs are borne entirely by the retiree.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual OPEB cost (expense) for the Regents Plan is calculated based on the ARC of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table presents the components of the annual OPEB cost, the amount actually contributed, and the changes in the net OPEB obligation for the Regents Plan for 2013, 2012, and 2011 (in thousands):

	Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/2013	Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/2012	Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/2011
Annual required contribution	\$ 362,400	\$ 345,300	\$ 411,500
Interest on net OPEB obligation	57,500	45,800	31,500
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(52,100)	(41,500)	(45,300)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	367,800	349,600	397,700
Less: Contributions made	(83,400)	(88,800)	(80,200)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	284,400	260,800	317,500
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	1,278,200	1,017,400	699,900
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$1,562,600	\$1,278,200	\$1,017,400
Percentage of annual OPEB			
cost contributed	22.7%	25.4%	20.2%

D. Funded Status, Funding Progress, and Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The funded status of each plan as of the most recent actuarial valuation date is as follows (in thousands):

	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a) / (b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b - a) / (c)
State OPEB	6/30/2012	\$-	\$ 3,867,927	\$ 3,867,927	0.0%	\$ 2,408,000	160.6%
School OPEB	6/30/2012	-	10,869,930	10,869,930	0.0%	9,678,000	112.3%
SEAD-OPEB	6/30/2012	818,284	704,617	(113,667)	116.1%	1,962,800	(5.8%)
SEAD-Active	6/30/2012	183,390	39,317	(144,073)	466.4%	1,962,800	(7.3%)
Regents Plan	7/1/2012	166	3,758,970	3,758,804	0.0%	2,466,314	152.4%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

estimates are made about the future. A data audit was performed and the June 30, 2012, data collection procedures and assumptions were changed. The data audit analyzed participation in and eligibility for postemployment benefits under the SHBP. It is appropriate from time to time to perform a data audit to ensure that the State and School OPEB liabilities are being calculated as accurately as possible. The data analysis resulted in the removal of non-eligible groups and adding of eligible groups that do not participate in ERS, LRS Also, the post-retirement participation or JRS. assumption was changed from 90% to 100% for future retirees. The impact of the data audit is a gain of \$116 million for the plan as a whole, thus resulting in a lower unfunded accrued liability. The SEAD valuation as of June 30, 2012, reflects assumptions based on experience investigations for the five-year period ending June 30, 2009. The schedule of funding progress with multiyear trend information for the Regents Plan is presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements. The multiyear trend information about the funding progress for the multiple-employer plans is presented in the standalone reports issued by the administering systems. These multiyear schedules indicate whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

	State OPEB and School OPEB	SEAD-OPEB and SEAD-Active	Regents Plan
Valuation date	6/30/2012	6/30/2012	7/1/2012
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method	Level percentage of	Level dollar,	Level percentage of
	pay, open	open	pay, closed
Remaining amortization period	30 years	30 years	30 years
Asset valuation method	Market Value	Market Value	Market Value
Actuarial assumptions:			
Investment rate of return	4.50%*	7.50%*	4.50% **
Salary Growth	n/a	0.00% - 9.25%*	3.00% **
Salary Scale	n/a	n/a	4.00% **
Healthcare cost trend rate - initial			
Pre-Medicare eligible	8.00%*	n/a	7.80% **
Medicare eligible	7.00%*	n/a	7.30% **
Ultimate trend rate			
Pre-Medicare eligible	5.00%	n/a	4.50% **
Medicare eligible	5.00%	n/a	4.50% **
Year of ultimate trend rate	2018	n/a	2027

* Includes an inflation assumption of 3.00%

** Includes an inflation assumption of 2.50%

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Public Entity Risk Pool

Department of Community Health (DCH) administers the State Health Benefit Plan (SHBP) for the State. Participants include State agencies, component units, participating county governments and local educational agencies. The SHBP is funded by participants covered in the pool, by employer and employee contributions, and appropriations from the General Assembly of Georgia. DCH has contracted with Cigna and UnitedHealthcare to process claims in accordance with the SHBP as established by the Board of Community Health.

B. Board of Regents Employee Health Benefits Plan

The BOR maintains a program of health benefits for its employees and retirees. This plan is funded jointly through premiums paid by participants covered under the plan and employer contributions paid by the BOR and its organizational units. All units of the University System of Georgia share the risk of loss for claims of the plan.

The BOR has contracted with Blue Cross Blue Shield of Georgia to process all claims in accordance with guidelines as established by the BOR.

C. Other Risk Management

Department of Administrative Services (DOAS) has the responsibility for the State of administering the risk management funds of the State and making and carrying out decisions that will minimize the adverse

effects of accidental losses that involve State government assets. The State believes it is more economical to manage its risks internally and set aside assets for claim settlement. Accordingly, DOAS services claims for risk of loss to which the State is exposed, including general liability, property casualty, workers' compensation, and unemployment compensation, and law enforcement officers' and teachers' indemnification. Limited amounts of commercial insurance are purchased applicable to property, employee and automobile liability, fidelity and certain other risks. Premiums for the risk management program are charged to State organizations by DOAS to provide claims servicing and claims payment.

Charges by the workers' compensation risk management fund and the liability insurance risk management fund to other funds have failed to recover the full cost of claims over a reasonable period of time. Therefore, the unadjusted deficit at June 30, 2013, of \$534.0 million both for workers' compensation and liability was charged back to the contributing funds. Expenditures of \$370.0 million are reported in the General Fund, and expenses of \$113.6 million are reported in the Higher Education Fund (enterprise fund) relating to this charge-back.

D. Claims Liabilities

A reconciliation of total claims liabilities for fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, and 2012, is shown below (in thousands):

			Board of Rege	ents Employee			
	Public Enti	ty Risk Pool	Health Bei	iefits Plan	Risk Management Fund		
	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal	
	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	
	6/30/2013	6/30/2012	6/30/2013	6/30/2012	6/30/2013	6/30/2012	
Unpaid Claims and Claim Adjustments July 1	\$ 203,403	\$ 200,136	\$ 26,270	\$ 23,289	\$ 522,041	\$ 471,192	
Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	2,074,390	2,244,299	325,395	318,491	192,341	178,886	
Claims Payments	(2,053,332)	(2,241,032)	(318,927)	(315,510)	(139,521)	(128,037)	
Unpaid Claims and Claim Adjustments June 30	\$ 224,461	\$ 203,403	\$ 32,738	\$ 26,270	\$ 574,861	\$ 522,041	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 13 - DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Derivative Instruments are utilized by some of the higher education foundations (reported as both nonmajor enterprise funds and as component units) and consist primarily of interest rate swap agreements. Certain foundations (component units) have elected to apply FASB provisions and therefore the disclosure information for these foundations is presented separately. Details of the long term liabilities associated with the interest rate swap derivatives are within the Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities.

Primary Government

The fair value balance and notional amount of the interest rate swap hedging derivative investment

outstanding as reported in the fiscal year 2013 financial statements are as follows:

	Change in Fair Val	Fair Value at 6/30/2013			
	Classification	Amount	Classification	Amount	Notional
Component unit activities - GASB					
Cash flow hedges:					
VSU Auxiliary Services Real Estate Foundation, Inc. ¹ 2008B - Interest Rate Swap	Deferred outflow of resources	167,584	Debt	\$ (7,610,337)	28,545,000

'The VSU Auxiliary Services Real Estate Foundation, Inc. Interest Rate Swap Derivative was not previously reported.

VSU Auxiliary Services Real Estate Foundation, Inc. (VSU Foundation)

The VSU Foundation has an outstanding interest rate swap agreement effectively changing the interest rate exposure on the \$28,545,000 bond payable from variable to a 4.05% fixed rate over the term of the bond payable. As of December 31, 2012, the total notional amount of the swap was \$28,545,000. As of December 31, 2012, the fair value of this interest rate swap was a liability of \$7,610,337. The VSU Foundation recorded a gain on the swap of \$167,584 for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Revenue bonds in the amount of \$28,655,000 ("Series 2008B Bonds"), were issued June 19, 2008 by the South Regional Joint Development Authority ("the Authority"), a public body corporate and politic created pursuant to the constitution and laws of the State of Georgia, including Development Authorities Law, as amended, and were loaned to Georgia & Reade LLC, (a limited liability corporation owned solely by the VSU Foundation) (Company) to finance the construction of the Georgia Hall Project and the Reade Hall Project. The bonds were issued pursuant to the Development Authorities Law of the State of Georgia and in accordance with the provisions of a Trust Indenture dated June 1, 2008 between the Authority and Wells

Fargo Bank, National Association, as the trustee ("the Trustee"). The Series 2008B Bonds were issued in the form of fully registered bonds in the denominations of \$100,000 and any integral multiple of \$5,000 in excess thereof. Interest rates are variable and the bonds mature in 2039. Payment of the principal of and interest on the Series 2008B Bonds will be principally secured by an irrevocable, direct-pay letter of credit issued by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("the Bank", previously Wachovia Bank, National Association) on the date of issuance of the bonds pursuant to the terms of the Reimbursement Agreement. The original letter of credit dated June 19, 2008 was extended to December 14, 2010. Additional security for the Series 2008B Bonds each consists of; 1) the trust estate (from which the bonds are payable; 2) the Debt Service Reserve Fund; 3) the loan agreement; 4) the project estate and personal property as set forth in the security deed, agreements and documents relating to the construction and management of the project; and 5) any and all rents and leases for use of the project property.

Interest Rate Swap - Rents to be received under the rental agreement are in fixed amounts and the interest rate on the Series 2008B Bonds, unless converted to a Fixed Rate, are variable, based on weekly market rate. The variable rate on the bonds



Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



may cause debt service on the bonds and other amounts payable from such rents to exceed the amounts scheduled to be received and available for such purpose. Accordingly, in connection with the issuance of the bonds, the Company entered into an interest rate swap (the "Rate Swap") with Wachovia Bank, National Association (the "Rate Swap Provider") under a Hedge Agreement in order to hedge against changes in the Company's interest expense associated with the bonds. The Rate Swap Provider subsequently became Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. Under the Rate Swap, the Company agreed to make monthly payments based upon a fixed rate of interest of 4.05% per annum to Wachovia Bank, and Wachovia Bank agreed to make monthly floating

Component Unit

A. Component Unit – GASB Organizations

The fair value balances and notional amounts of hedging derivative investments outstanding as reported in the fiscal year 2013 financial statements rate payments to the Company at the USD-SIFMA Municipal Swap Index per annum, in each case times a notional amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of the bonds scheduled to remain outstanding in each period, taking into account planned redemptions.

The payments made by the Rate Swap Provider based on the USD-SIFMA Municipal Swap Index may not match perfectly the interest accruing on the bonds, but the Company estimates that additional rentals paid or accumulated from the Rental Agreement will be sufficient to cover such differences. The Rate Swap terminates on the date of maturity of the Series 2008 B Bonds.

for higher education foundations reported as component units reporting under GASB provisions are as follows:

	Change in Fair Value			Fair Value at 6/30/2013					
	Classification		Amount	Classification		Amount		Notional	
Component unit activities - GASB									
Cash flow hedges:									
University of Georgia Athletic Association, Inc.									
2003 - Interest Rate Swap	Deferred outflow of resources	\$	1,154,631	Debt	\$	(2,129,436)	\$	10,375,000	
2005A - Interest Rate Swap	Deferred outflow of resources		624,341	Debt		(1,484,437)		15,219,444	
2005B - Interest Rate Swap	Deferred outflow of resources		2,224,765	Debt		(4,107,828)		25,545,000	
					\$	(7,721,701)			

The fair value balances and notional amounts of hedging derivative instruments outstanding at June 30, 2012, and the changes in fair value of such derivative instruments for the year then ended as reported in the fiscal year 2012 financial statements for higher education foundations reported as component units under GASB are as follows:

	Change in Fair V	F	12		
	Classification Amou		Classification	Amount	Notional
Component unit activities - GASB					
Cash flow hedges:					
Georgia Tech Athletic Association ¹					
	Deferred outflow of resources	\$ 12,090,795	Debt	\$ -	\$ -
University of Georgia Athletic Association, Inc.					
2003 - Interest Rate Swap	Deferred outflow of resources	(1,575,177)	Debt	(3,284,067)	15,833,333
2005A - Interest Rate Swap	Deferred outflow of resources	(476,027)	Debt	(2,108,777)	11,400,000
2005B - Interest Rate Swap	Deferred outflow of resources	(3,122,919)	Debt	(6,332,593)	26,260,000
				\$ (11,725,437)	

¹The Georgia Tech Athletic Association instigated the termination of the Swap associated with the 2001 Series Bonds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 13 - DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Interest Rate Swap Derivatives – GASB Organizations

Georgia Tech Athletic Association (GTAA)

In 2004, GTAA received an up-front payment of \$2,367,000 for a "swaption" related to its fixed-rate Series 2001 bonds. The swaption was an option that allowed the counterparty to force GTAA to enter into a pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swap on April 1, 2012. The transaction, which was effectively a synthetic refunding of the 2001 bonds, represented the risk-adjusted present value savings of a refunding as of March 16, 2004.

Terms - The swaption was entered into on March 16, 2004. The \$2,367,000 payment was based on a notional amount of \$94,285,000. The counterparty had the option to exercise the agreement on April 1, 2012, with an additional premium payment to the Association totaling \$773,137. If the option was exercised, the swap would also commence on that date. The fixed swap rate of 5.125% was set at a rate that, when added to an assumption for remarketing and liquidity costs, would approximate the coupons on the "refunded" bonds. The swap's variable payment would be the Bond Market Municipal Swap Index plus 21 basis points (0.21%).

Fair Value - At June 30, 2011, the swap had a negative fair value of \$12,090,795, estimated using the hybrid instrument method. This method is based on the fair value of the hybrid instrument, which had a negative fair value of \$15,351,765 at June 30, 2011. After amortizing the borrowing and calculating the "time value" of the option, the remaining fair value is attributed to the at-the-market swap.

The February 2012 bond issuance that refinanced the existing \$94,285,000 principal on the 2001 bonds which totaled \$94,285,000 also financed the termination of the existing swaption at a cost of \$28,010,000. With this termination, the GTAA eliminated market access risk, interest rate risk and credit risk associated with the swaption from its portfolio.

University of Georgia Athletic Association, Inc. (UGAA)

The fair value balances and notional amounts of hedging derivative investments outstanding as reported in the fiscal year 2013 financial statements are documented above. For derivative transactions, unless otherwise specified, Bank of America Merrill Lynch (BOAML) furnishes a single value for each transaction, even if comprised of multiple legs. Unless otherwise specified, valuations for derivative instruments represent, or are derived from, midmarket values. For some derivative instruments, mid-market prices and inputs may not be observable. Instead, valuations may be derived from proprietary other pricing models based on certain or assumptions regarding past, present and future market conditions. Some inputs may be theoretical, not empirical, and require BOAML to make subjective assumptions and judgments in light of their experience. For example, in valuing over-thecounter (OTC) equity options where there is no listed option with a corresponding expiration date, BOAML must estimate the future share price volatility based on realized volatility of the underlying shares over periods deemed relevant, implied volatilities of the longest dated listed options available on the underlying shares or major indices and other relevant factors. Valuations of securities with embedded derivatives may be based on assumptions as to the volatility of the underlying security, basket or index, interest rates, exchange rates, dividend yields, correlations between these or other factors, the impact of these factors upon the value of the security (including the embedded options), as well as issuer funding rates and credit spreads (actual or approximated) or additional relevant factors. While BOAML believes that the methodology and data they use to value derivatives and securities with embedded derivatives are reasonable and appropriate, other dealers might use different methodology or data and may arrive at different valuations.

Objective and Terms - As a means of interest rate management, UGAA entered into three separate interest rate swap transactions with Bank of

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

America, N.A. (the Counterparty) relating to its variable rate tax-exempt Series 2003 Bonds, taxable Series 2005 Bonds, and tax-exempt Series 2005B Bonds. Pursuant to an International Swap Dealers Association (ISDA) Master Agreement and Schedule to ISDA Master Agreement each dated as of January 27, 2005, between UGAA and the Counterparty and three Confirmations, UGAA has agreed to pay to the Counterparty a fixed rate of interest in an amount equal to: (1) 3.38% per annum multiplied by a notional amount that is equal to the principal amount of the Series 2003 Bonds until August 2033; (2) 5.05% per annum multiplied by a notional amount that is equal to the principal amount of the Series 2005 Bonds until July 2021; and (3) 3.48% per annum multiplied by the notional amount that is equal to the principal amount of the Series 2005B Bonds until August 2033. In return, the Counterparty has agreed to pay to UGAA a floating rate of interest in an amount equal to: (1) 67% of LIBOR multiplied by a notional amount that is equal to the principal amount of the Series 2003 Bonds until August 2033; (2) LIBOR multiplied by a notional amount that is equal to the principal amount of the Series 2005 Bonds until July 2021; and (3) 67% of LIBOR multiplied by the notional amount that is equal to the principal amount of the Series 2005B Bonds until July 2035.

Fair Value - UGAA will be exposed to variable rates if the Counterparty to a swap defaults or if a swap is terminated. A termination of the swap agreement may also result in UGAA's making or receiving a termination payment.

As of June 30, 2013, the fair value of the interest rate swap agreement on the 2003 Series Bonds was (2,129,436), indicating the amount that UGAA would be required to pay the Counterparty to terminate the swap agreement.

As of June 30, 2013, the fair value of the interest rate swap agreement on the 2005A Series Bonds was (1,484,437), indicating the amount that UGAA would be required to pay the Counterparty to terminate the swap agreement.

As of June 30, 2013, the fair value of the interest rate swap agreement on the 2005B Series Bonds was



\$(4,107,828), indicating the amount that UGAA would be required to pay the Counterparty to terminate the swap agreement.

Swap Payments and Associated Debt – As of June 30, 2013, debt service requirements of the variable rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same for their term, were as follows. As rates vary, variable rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary.

	Variable Rate Bonds		Interest Rate					
]	Principal]	Interest	S	waps, Net		Total
Year ending:								
2014	\$	2,415,000	\$	35,553	\$	1,791,880	\$	4,242,433
2015		2,480,000		33,023		1,691,864	·	4,204,887
2016		2,535,000		30,435		1,589,603		4,155,038
2017		2,595,000		27,788		1,484,932	<u> </u>	4,107,720
2018		2,660,000		25,078		1,377,679		4,062,757
2019-2023		13,050,000		84,559		5,246,003	<u> </u>	18,380,562
2024-2028		9,330,000		49,770		3,382,457		12,762,227
2029-2033		10,660,000		24,490		1,667,704		12,352,194
2034-2037	_	5,415,000		2,343		163,047		5,580,390
Total	5	51,140,000	\$	313,039	\$ 1	8,395,169	\$6	9,848,208

Credit Risk - As of June 30, 2013, the fair value of the swaps represents UGAA's exposure to the Counterparty. Should the Counterparty fail to perform in accordance with the terms of the swap agreements, and variable interest rates remain at the current level, UGAA could see a possible gain equivalent to \$18.4 million less the cumulative fair value of \$7.7 million. As of June 30, 2013, the Counterparty was rated as follows by Moody's and S&P:

	Moody's	<u>S&P</u>
Bank of America, N.A.	A3	А

Basis Risk - The swaps expose UGAA to basis risk. The interest rate on the Series 2003 Bonds and the Series 2005B Bonds is a tax-exempt interest rate, while the LIBOR basis on the variable rate receipt on the interest rate swap agreements is taxable. Taxexempt interest rates can change without a corresponding change in the 30-day LIBOR rate due to factors affecting the tax-exempt market that do not have a similar effect on the taxable market. UGAA will be exposed to basis risk under the swaps to the extent that the interest rates on the tax-exempt bonds trade at greater than 67% of LIBOR for extended periods of time. UGAA would also be

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 13 - DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (continued)

exposed to tax risk stemming from changes in the marginal income tax rates or those caused by a reduction or elimination in the benefits of tax exemption for municipal bonds.

Termination Risk - The interest rate swap agreement uses the ISDA Master Agreement, which includes standard termination events, such as failure to pay and bankruptcy. UGAA or the Counterparty

B. Component Unit – FASB Organizations

The fair value balances and notional amounts of hedging derivative investments outstanding as reported in the fiscal year 2013 financial statements may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If the swap is terminated, the variable rate bonds would no longer carry a synthetically fixed interest rate. Also, if at the time of termination, the swap has a negative fair value, then UGAA would be liable to the Counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

for higher education foundations reported as component units reporting under FASB provisions are as follows:

	Change in Fa	ir Value	Fair Value at 6/30/2013			
	Classification	Amount	Classification	Amount	Notional	
Component unit activities - FASB						
Cash flow hedges:						
Georgia College & State University Foundat	ion, Inc.					
	Investment Revenue	\$ 284,903	Debt	\$ (355,976)	\$ 5,260,000	
	Investment Revenue	905,874	Debt	(3,689,828)	25,000,000	
	Investment Revenue	2,890,434	Debt	(9,247,616)	69,820,000	
MCG Health, Inc.						
	Investment Revenue	12,517,052	Debt	(19,755,084)	128,440,000	
University of Georgia Foundation						
	Investment Revenue	856,009	Debt	(1,836,826)	5,706,223	
				\$ (34,885,330)		

The fair value balances and notional amounts of hedging derivative instruments outstanding at June 30, 2012, and the changes in fair value of such derivative instruments for the year then ended as reported in the 2012 financial statements for higher education foundations reported as component units under FASB are as follows:

	Change in Fair Value		Fa	12	
	Classification	Amount	Classification	Amount	Notional
Component unit activities - FASB					
Cash flow hedges:					
Georgia College & State University Foundation	, Inc.				
	Investment Revenue	\$ 98,984	Debt	\$ (640,879)	\$ 6,080,000
	Investment Revenue	(945,152)	Debt	(4,595,702)	25,000,000
	Investment Revenue	(3,465,992)	Debt	(12,138,050)	69,820,000
Georgia Tech Foundation, Inc. ¹					
	Investment Revenue	7,655,000	Debt	-	-
	Investment Revenue	15,066,000	Debt	-	-
MCG Health, Inc.					
	Investment Revenue	(17,772,911)	Debt	(32,272,136)	131,775,000
University of Georgia Foundation ²					
	Investment Revenue	(1,262,740)	Debt	(2,692,835)	6,200,000
	Investment Revenue	43,174	Debt	-	-
				\$ (52,339,602)	

¹The Georgia Tech Foundation, Inc. instigated the termination of the Swap associated with the 2001A & 2002A Series Bonds.

²The University of Georgia Foundation paid in full one of their notes resulting in the termination of the associated Swap agreement.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



<u>Interest Rate Swap Derivatives – FASB</u> <u>Organizations</u>

Georgia College & State University Foundation, Inc. (GCSUF)

GCSUF maintains an interest rate risk management strategy that uses interest rate swap derivative instruments to minimize significant, unanticipated earnings fluctuations caused by interest rate volatility. GCSUF's specific goal is to lower (where possible) the cost of its borrowed funds.

In connection with the 2007 Series bonds, GCSUF entered into an interest rate swap transaction to convert its variable-rate bond obligations to fixed rates. This swap is utilized to manage interest rate exposures over the period of the interest rate swap and is designated as a highly effective cash flow hedge. The differential to be paid or received on all swap agreements is accrued as interest rates change and is recognized in interest expense over the life of the agreement. The swap agreements expire at various dates and have a fixed rate of 4.065%. The notional amounts are noted above. The interest rate swap contains no credit-risk-related contingent features and is cross collateralized by certain assets of GCSUF.

The interest-rate swap transaction is summarized above and is included with liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. There was no portion of the loss that was considered ineffective or excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness.

On January 31, 2013, the GCSUF modified the swap agreement to lower the interest rate from 4.715% to 4.065%. This transaction resulted in a penalty to the IRS in the amount of \$1,372,875. The swap provider donated \$1,435,000 to GCSUF to pay the penalty. These amounts are included in rent income on GCSUF's consolidated statement of activities. The present value of the interest savings over the life of the modified swap agreement are approximately \$6,894,723. The lease agreement with the Board of Regents was not modified as a result of the swap modification; however, 40% of the present value of the interest savings will be paid to the Georgia College and State University annually. The deferred swap savings due to the University is \$2,765,728 at June 30, 2013.

Georgia Tech Foundation, Inc. (GTF)

The following information is presented in thousands.

In 2003, GTF sold an interest rate swap option (the 2001A swaption) relating to the 2001A Bonds to a third party and received \$945. This transaction enabled GTF to monetize the call option on the Series 2001A Bonds, based on interest rate levels at that time. GTF was notified by the third party of the decision to exercise the 2001A swaption on November 1, 2011. GTF paid \$10,101 to terminate the swap created pursuant to the 2001A swaption during November 2011. GTF paid a portion of the termination payment of \$8,914 with the proceeds from the Series 2011B Bonds, and the remaining amount of \$1,187 was paid with GTF's available cash on hand. Prior to the termination of the interest rate swap, a loss of \$2,204 was recognized in 2012 as a change in fair value of derivative financial instruments in the consolidated statements of activities, reducing unrestricted net position.

In 2003, GTF sold an interest rate swap option (the 2002A swaption) relating to the 2002A Bonds to a third party and received \$2,251. This transaction enabled GTF to monetize the call option on the Series 2002A Bonds, based on interest rate levels at that time. GTF was notified by the third party of the decision to exercise the 2002A swaption on May 1, GTF paid \$23,515 to terminate the swap 2012. created pursuant to the 2002A Swaption during May GTF paid a portion of the termination 2012. payment with the proceeds from the Series 2012B Bonds in the amount of \$21,264, and the remaining amount of \$2,251 was paid with GTF's available cash on hand. Prior to the termination of the interest rate swap, a loss of \$8,449 was recognized in 2012 as a change in fair value of derivative financial instruments in the consolidated statements of activities, reducing unrestricted net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 13 - DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (continued)

MCG Health System, Inc. (MCGHS)

MCG Health, Inc. (Company), a nonprofit corporation controlled by MCGHS entered into a variable-to-fixed interest rate swap (the Swap) to convert the variable interest rate on Development Authority of Richmond County Revenue Bonds (Bonds) issued by the Company into a synthetic fixed rate of 3.02%.

The Bonds and the Swap mature on July 1, 2037. The notional amount of the Swap at June 30, 2013 was \$128,440,000. The notional amount decreased from the initial notional amount of the Swap is \$135,000,000 by \$6,560,000. The notional value of the Swap declines in conjunction with payments of Bond principal such that the outstanding balance of the Series 2008A and 2008B Bonds and the notional amount of the Swap remain equal at all times.

Under the Swap, the Company pays the counterparty interest at a fixed rate of 3.302% and receives interest payments at a variable rate computed as 68% of LIBOR.

The fair value of the Swap is recorded as an asset or liability, depending on whether the termination of the Swap would result in amounts due to the Company or the Swap counterparty. At June 30, 2013 and 2012, the fair value of the Swap represented a liability to the Company in the amount of \$19,755,084 and \$32,272,136, respectively. The Company or the Swap counterparty is required to post collateral with the other party in the event that the fair value of the Swap exceeds certain thresholds, as defined. At June 30, 2013 and 2012, the Company had posted cash collateral of \$3,760,000 and \$23,400,000, respectively, with the Swap counterparty which is included in other receivables in MCGHS's consolidated balance sheets.

As of June 30, 2013, the Company was exposed to credit risk in the amount of the fair value of the Swap. The Swap counterparty was rated A by Fitch Ratings, A2 by Moody's Investors Services, and A+ by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2013. To mitigate the potential for credit risk, various levels of collateralization by the counterparty may be required should the counterparty's credit rating be downgraded and the fair value of the Swap be in a liability position at a level above certain thresholds specified in the Swap agreement.

The Swap exposes the Company to basis risk should the relationship between LIBOR and prevailing market rates change significantly, changing the synthetic rate on the Bonds from the intended synthetic rate of 3.302%. As of June 30, 2013, the prevailing market rate was an aggregate 0.07%, whereas 68% of LIBOR was 0.132%. As of June 30, 2012, the prevailing market rate was an aggregate 0.20%, whereas 68% of LIBOR was 0.164%.

The Company or the counterparty may terminate the Swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the agreement. If the Swap is terminated, the variable rate Bonds would no longer carry a synthetic fixed interest rate. Also, if at the time of termination the Swap has a negative fair value (unfavorable to the Company); the Company would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the Swap's fair value.

The University of Georgia Foundation (UGAF)

UGAF has an outstanding interest rate swap agreement effectively changing the interest rate exposure on the \$6,200,000 note payable from variable to a 5.95% fixed rate over the term of the note payable. As of June 30, 2013 and 2012, the total notional amount of the swap was \$5,706,223 and \$5,807,099, respectively. As of June 30, 2013 and 2012, the fair value of this interest rate swap was a liability of \$1,836,826 and \$2,692,835, respectively. UGAF recorded a gain on such swap of \$856,009 and a loss of \$1,219,566 for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

During 2002, UGAF signed an \$880,000 promissory loan agreement with a bank, which was amended during 2005 to increase the borrowed amount to \$1,117,865. In June 2012, the \$1,117,865 note payable was repaid and the related interest rate swap agreement was terminated. UGAF recorded a gain of \$43,174 related to such swap as an adjustment to change in fair value of derivative financial instrument.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 14 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

A. Due To/From Other Funds

Due To/From Other Funds at June 30, 2013, consist of the following (in thousands):

	Due From Other Funds										
-	General Fund	•		Higher Education Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Fiduciary Funds	Total Due To Other Funds			
Due To Other Funds											
General Fund	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 401,755	\$ -	\$ 401,755			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	625		-	-	-	-	-	625			
Higher Education Fund	-		-	-	1,134,615	114,156	-	1,248,771			
State Employees' Health Benefit Plan	283		-	-	-	-	41,480	41,763			
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	-		-	9,619	283,008	-	-	292,627			
Internal Service Funds	177		1,306	-	133	53	-	1,669			
Fiduciary Funds	2		-		-	123	2,482	2,607			
Total Due From Other Funds	\$1,087	\$	1,306	\$ 9,619	\$ 1,417,756	\$ 516,087	\$ 43,962	\$ 1,989,817			

Interfund receivables and payables result from billings for goods/services provided between funds. \$1.133 billion of the balances between Board of Regents Institutions (higher education fund) and their affiliated Foundations (nonmajor enterprise funds) relate to leases for the purchase by the Institutions of various facilities acquired/constructed by the Foundations. \$1.088 billion of these balances are due in more than one year.

\$283.0 million of the balances between the Georgia Higher Education Facilities Authority and the University System of Georgia Foundation, Incorporated (nonmajor enterprise funds) relate to loans to the Foundation for various campus projects. \$278.8 million of these balances are due in more than one year. All other interfund receivables and payables are considered short-term in nature.

Advances of \$7.7 million representing a loan between the State Road and Tollway Authority nonmajor governmental fund and nonmajor enterprise fund are not included in the table above.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 14 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS (continued)

B. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2013, consist of the following (in thousands):

	Governmental Funds														
		G	eneral												
		Ob	ligation				Pr	oprie	tary Fund	s					
]	Bond	N	Nonmajor		Higher	No	onmajor	In	ite rnal				Total
	General	P	Projects G		Projects Governmental Ed		Education	ucation Enterprise		Service		Fiduciary		Transfers	
	Fund]	Fund	Funds		Fund Funds		Funds	Funds		Funds		Out		
Transfers Out:															
General Fund	\$ -	\$	12,297	\$	1,236,095	\$	2,065,080	\$	-	\$	1,402	\$	2,240	\$	3,317,114
General Obligation Bond Projects Fund	14,200		-		134,190		-		-		-		-		148,390
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,302		-		293		-		14,164		-		-		15,759
Higher Education Fund	4,413		-		-		-		-		-		-		4,413
Unemployment Compensation Fund	58		-		-		-		-		-		-		58
Nonmajor Enterpirse Funds	-		-		-		-		-		7,819		-		7,819
Internal Service Funds	17,428		1,635		2,509	_	-		-		2,957		-		24,529
Total Transfers In	\$ 37,401	\$	13,932	\$	1,373,087	\$	2,065,080	\$	14,164	\$	12,178	\$	2,240	\$.	3,518,082

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statutes require to collect them to the fund that statutes require to expend them and to move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



Segments are identifiable activities reported within or as part of an enterprise fund by which some form of revenue-supported debt is outstanding. Furthermore, to qualify as a segment, an activity must meet an external requirement to separately account for a specific revenue stream and the associated expenses, gains, and losses. The State maintains seven enterprise funds that qualify as a segment. Financial information for each segment is included within the nonmajor enterprise funds. The following paragraphs describe the State's segments.

Armstrong Atlantic State University Educational Properties Foundation, Inc. includes several limited liability companies which have issued revenue bonds to finance the costs of acquiring, renovating, constructing, and equipping facilities around the campus of Armstrong Atlantic State University; to fund associated capitalized interest for the bonds; to fund debt service reserve funds; and to pay the costs of issuances.

The State Road and Tollway Authority issued Guaranteed Refunding Revenue bonds to finance a portion of the costs of acquiring, constructing and maintaining the Georgia 400 Extension (the "Extension") project. Investors in those bonds rely solely on the revenue generated from the Extension for repayment. See the Subsequent Events note for additional information regarding these bonds.

Georgia Higher Education Facilities Authority, issued revenue bonds to acquire, construct, and equip several projects on college campuses throughout the State. Georgia State University Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation") was incorporated to serve as the official fund-raising and fund-management organization for Georgia State University. Revenue bonds were issued on behalf of the Foundation to finance the acquisition, construction and equipping of certain land, buildings, equipment and other real and personal property to be used for a student housing project and office space.

Georgia Tech Facilities, Inc. issued revenue bonds to finance the costs of acquiring, renovating, constructing and equipping various facilities on the Georgia Institute of Technology campus. The debt service on these bonds is supported by leasing arrangements from various sources.

Georgia State University Research Foundation, Inc. includes the activity of Science Park, LLC, which has issued revenue bonds to acquire, construct and equip a research facility on the campus of the Georgia State University; fund a debt service reserve fund; finance associated capitalized interest; and pay the costs of issuance.

VSU Auxiliary Services Real Estate Foundation, Inc. includes several limited liability companies which have issued revenue bonds to finance the construction of facility and infrastructure projects on college campuses supported by the Foundation.

Summary financial information for the State's segments for the year ended June 30, 2013, is presented on the following page.



Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 15 - SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

	State U Educ Pro	ong Atlantic University ational perties ation, Inc.		orgia 400 nsion Fund	1	orgia Higher Education Facilities Authority	τ	orgia State Jniversity ndation, Inc.		rgia Tech lities, Inc.	Science	e Park, LLC	Se Re	Auxillary ervices al Estate dation, Inc.
Condensed Statement of Net Position											<u></u>	<u> </u>		
Assets Current Assets	\$	4,695	\$	75,644	\$	3,510	\$	19,714	\$	31,676	\$	17,213	\$	1,034
Noncurrent Assets	φ	4,095 8,270	φ	2,636	φ	4,214	φ	204,594	φ	3,701	φ	79,519	ų	20,218
Due from Other Funds		101,294		76		283,008		240,553		229,245				206,774
Capital Assets		2,780		11,312		-		10,262		898		-		227
Total Assets		117,039		89,668		290,732		475,123		265,520		96,732		228,253
Deferred Outflows Accumulated Decrease in Fair														
Value of Hedging Derivatives		-		-		-				-		-		7,610
Liabilities														
Current Liabilities		2,753		11,214		4,835		12,116		12,003		3,778		6,029
Noncurrent Liabilities		90,904		19,294		279,864		266,575		279,939		86,338		190,604
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		675		89		-		-
Total Liabilities		93,657		30,508		284,699		279,366		292,031		90,116		196,633
Net Position														
Net Investment in Capital Assets		(98,514)		11,938		(283,008)		(213,008)		(284,236)		-		(165,108)
Restricted for: Other				23,214										
Permanent Trusts:		-		23,214		-		-		-		-		-
Nonexpendable		3,625		-		-		92,002		-				-
Expendable		-		-		-		61,306		10,016		6,616		-
Unrestricted		118,271		24,008		289,041		14,903		247,709		-		204,338
Total Net Position	\$	23,382	\$	59,160	\$	6,033	\$	195,757	\$	(26,511)	\$	6,616	\$	39,230
Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Operating Revenues (Pledged														
Against Bonds) Interest Expense Depreciation/Amortization	\$	6,307	\$	34,929	\$	15,012 (15,012)	\$	38,454	\$	11,043	\$	4,686	\$	9,754
Expense		-		(6,470)		(310)		(193)		(60)		-		(187)
Other Operating Expenses		(1,494)		(13,514)		(8)		(23,498)		(1,243)		(195)		(804)
Operating Income (Loss)		4,813		14,945		(318)		14,763		9,740		4,491		8,763
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Contributions to Permanent														
Endowments		-		-		-		1,206		-		-		-
Investment Income		252		56		1		17,953		255		290		148
Interest Expense Other Nonoperating Expenses		(4,633) (744)		(786) (5,246)		-		(11,524)		(13,081) (969)		(4,357)		(8,774)
Change in Net Position		(312)		8,969		(317)		22,398		(4,055)		424		137
Beginning Net Position (restated)		23,694		50,191		6,350		173,359		(22,456)		6,192		39,093
Ending Net Position	\$	23,382	\$	59,160	\$	6,033	\$	195,757	\$	(26,511)	\$	6,616	\$	39,230
Condensed Statement of Cash Flows														
Net Cash Provided By (Used In):	¢	4 700	¢	a .cao	¢	10	¢	12 021	¢	0.052	¢	4 400	¢	0.021
Operating Activities Noncapital Financing Activities	\$	4,722 2,686	\$	7,672 12,119	\$	(8)	\$	12,021 4,238	\$	9,052 13,909	\$	4,492	\$	8,821 15,518
Capital and Related Financing Activities		(6,675)		(13,103)		-		(19,065)		(21,759)		(5,917)		(11,039)
Investing Activities Net Increase (Decrease)		1,494 2,227		57 6,745		(6) (14)		6,095 3,289		9,351 10,553		1,659 234		3,006 16,306
Beginning Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,221		6,745 68,878		(14)		3,289		10,555		234 11,017		
Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,227	\$	75,623	\$	350	\$	3,289	\$	10,553	\$	11,017	\$	16,306
and cash Equivalents		_,,	~	. 0,020	Ψ	550	Ψ	5,207	~	10,000	Ψ	, 1	~	10,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 16 - LITIGATION, CONTINGENCIES, AND COMMITMENTS

A. Grants and Contracts

The amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. This could result in a request for reimbursement by the grantor agency for any expenditures which are disallowed under grant terms. Also, certain charges for services by Georgia Technology Authority (internal service fund) to its State customers may have exceeded the cost of providing such services. Because these overcharges were included in amounts requested and received by State organizations from the federal government under financial assistance programs, it is anticipated that an amount will be due back to the federal government. The State believes that such disallowances, questioned costs and resulting refunds, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

B. Litigation and Contingencies

The State is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine governmental operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable. However, it is not believed that the ultimate disposition of these proceedings would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the State. The following are significant active litigation, claims and assessments involving the State:

Primary Government

1. <u>Phoenix Development and Land Investment,</u> <u>LLC v. Board of Regents</u> – the plaintiff, Phoenix Development and Land Investment (Phoenix), purchased a tract of land which included property upon which the Board of Regents inadvertently had placed part of an inert landfill prior to Phoenix's purchase. Phoenix filed an action against the Board of Regents claiming trespass, nuisance and inverse condemnation, seeking damages in the amount of \$16 million. The Board of Regents filed a counterclaim for quiet title to the disputed property. Phoenix is currently in bankruptcy protection, and the property in question has been foreclosed upon and sold. The Special Master appointed to hear the quiet title proceedings issued a report finding that title to the disputed property lies with Phoenix. The Board of Regents has filed a motion to reject and/or modify such finding, and the purchaser of the property, SCBT Bank, has intervened in the litigation. No trial date is set. At this stage of the litigation, it is impracticable to render an opinion about whether the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome is either "probable" or "remote"; however, the State believes it has meritorious defenses and is vigorously defending this action.

Tibbles v. Teachers Retirement System of 2 Georgia, et al., - this is a proposed class action filed by a retired teacher (Tibbles) who alleges that the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS) has underpaid her monthly retirement benefit as well as those of the members of the purported class. The Court has approved the parties' joint request to litigate first the question of whether there is any liability to Tibbles. If the Court rules that there is a liability, then the parties will litigate the issue of whether a class should be certified. At this stage of the litigation, it is impracticable to render an opinion about whether the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome is either "probable" or "remote"; however, the State believes it has meritorious defenses and is vigorously defending this action.

3. Georgia Power Company, et al. v. Douglas J. MacGinnitie, Commissioner, Georgia Department of Revenue - Georgia Power seeks a refund of sales and use taxes allegedly paid on purchases of certain tangible personal property, which Georgia Power asserts to be subject to certain manufacturing-related sales and use tax exemption. The total sales and use tax refund claimed by Georgia Power is in excess of \$18 million. The Commissioner's position is that the machinery and equipment in question do not qualify for the sales tax exemption. The parties are currently in the discovery phase of the litigation. At this stage of the litigation, it is impracticable to render an opinion about whether the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome is either "probable" or "remote"; however, the State believes it has meritorious defenses and is vigorously defending this action

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 16 - LITIGATION, CONTINGENCIES, AND COMMITMENTS (continued)

C. Guarantees and Financial Risk

Component Units

The federal government, through the Guaranteed Student Loan Programs of the U.S. Department of Education (U.S. DOE), fully reinsured loans guaranteed through September 30, 1993, unless the Georgia Higher Education Assistance Corporation's (GHEAC) rate of annual losses (defaults) exceeded 5%. In the event of further adverse loss experience, GHEAC could be liable for up to 20% of the outstanding balance of loans in repayment status at the beginning of each year which were disbursed prior to October 1, 1993, and 22% of the outstanding balance of loans in repayment status at the beginning of each year which were disbursed on or after October 1, 1993. During the year ended June 30, 2013, GHEAC, on behalf of the U.S. DOE, reimbursed \$39.7 million to lenders for defaulted loans.

Georgia Housing Finance Authority (GHFA) has uninsured loans of approximately \$24.7 million as of June 30, 2013. All of these loans are for home mortgages in the State. A provision for possible losses on delinquent loans is made when, in the opinion of Authority management, the loan balance exceeds the net realizable value of the underlying collateral, including federal and mortgage pool The provision for possible losses insurance. recognized during fiscal year 2013 totaled \$3.2 million and the total allowance for possible losses on mortgage loans receivable, which includes a provision for accrued interest on foreclosed loans. totaled \$6.5 million at June 30, 2013. Collateralized loans historically have not resulted in losses. Since 2007, as a result of the depressed housing market, experienced increases in GHFA has loan delinquencies and decreases in underlying loan collateral. As a result, the Authority has increased its reserve for losses related to its uninsured loans in recent years.

D. Other Significant Commitments

Primary Government

Bond Proceeds

Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission (GSFIC) (general obligation bond projects fund) has entered into agreements with various State organizations for the expenditure of bond proceeds and cash supplements (provided by or on behalf of the organization involved) to acquire and construct capital projects. At June 30, 2013, the undisbursed balance remaining on these agreements approximated \$1.2 billion. Of this balance, \$122.3 million in encumbrances are included in the fund balance of the General Obligation Bond Projects Fund (see paragraph below regarding allowability of encumbering funds available on the statutory basis).

Contractual Commitments

The Georgia Constitution permits State organizations to enter into contractual commitments provided they have funds available (statutory basis) at the time of the execution of the contract. At June 30, 2013, the fund balances of governmental funds include encumbrances of \$3.4 billion in the General Fund.

BOR (higher education fund) had significant, unearned, outstanding construction or renovation contracts executed in the amount of \$154.2 million as of June 30, 2013. This amount is not reflected in the financial statements.

GTA has significant commitments to IBM and AT&T through master service agreements. The \$1.1 billion IBM master contract, effective April 1, 2009, is an eight year contract with two optional years, and has a remaining balance of \$579.1 million as of June 30, 2013. The \$437.1 million AT&T master contract, effective May 1, 2009, is a five year contract with two optional years, and has a

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



remaining balance of \$177.7 million as of June 30, 2013.

In April 2011 as permitted by Article IX, Section III, Paragraph I (a) of the Constitution of 1983, SRTA (nonmajor enterprise fund) and DOT (general fund) entered into an agreement whereby DOT would build and SRTA would fund a portion of certain transportation projects along the GA 400 corridor. The original SRTA commitment was \$27.3 million and \$2.1 million was added to the commitment in fiscal year 2013. Expenses through June 30, 2013, were \$8.0 million with the remaining balance of \$21.4 million, which is shown as restricted net position on the proprietary fund financial statements, carried forward to fiscal year 2014. In addition, SRTA has contractual commitments on other uncompleted contracts of \$22.1 million.

The Georgia State University Foundation, Inc. (nonmajor enterprise fund) has future commitments with various limited partnership agreements with investment managers of real estate investment trusts and venture capital funds for the endowment portfolio. Payments under the various partnership agreements are made over a period of years based on specified capital calls by the respective partnerships. The purpose of these agreements is to provide endowment funds and nonprofit organizations the opportunity to invest in private limited partnerships, which in turn, make venture capital investments primarily in emerging growth companies, international private equity investments and in equity securities, warrants or other options that are generally not actively traded at the time of investment with the objective of obtaining long-term growth of capital. Capital calls are drawn from other liquid assets of the endowment investment pool as part of the asset allocation process. Investment commitments for the year ended June 30, 2013, totaled \$4.9 million.

Component Units

Contractual Commitments

Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority (GEFA) has entered into contractual agreements to fund three Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund loans with resources from the Georgia Fund in the amount of \$41.0 million. It is anticipated that balloon payments on these loans will become due in full between February 1, 2027, and February 1, 2028. GEFA plans to designate funds at a proportionate amount annually to accumulate adequate resources at the time the loans become payable to each of their respective funds beginning with fiscal year 2013. As of June 30, 2013, an amount of \$2.9 million has been accumulated for the purpose of satisfying this future obligation.

At June 30, 2013, the Georgia Ports Authority (GPA) had commitments for construction projects of approximately \$12.2 million.

In August 2007, the GPA formally entered into an agreement to make voluntary annual payments to OST (general fund) over a 21-year period. The total amount of payments due to OST at June 30, 2013, was approximately \$215.1 million.

The GPA entered into an "Intergovernmental Agreement for Development of an Ocean Terminal on the Savannah River within the State of South Carolina" with DOT and the South Carolina State Ports Authority (SCSPA). Under the agreement, the GPA purchased approximately 1,500 acres of land for the Jasper Ocean Terminal jointly with the SCSPA as 50% tenants in common. Further, under the agreement, the GPA has an obligation to provide \$3.0 million in operation costs for the Jasper Port Project Office of which approximately \$2.7 million has been provided as of June 30, 2013.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the GPA entered into a compromise and settlement agreement with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, the State of South Carolina and several nongovernmental environmental organizations relative to the project by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers to deepen the Savannah River federal navigation channel. The project is commonly referred to as the Savannah Harbor Expansion Project (SHEP).

The respective SHEP agreement, approved by the U.S. Federal District Court for the District of South Carolina, resulted in a commitment by the GPA in the amount of \$35.5 million, which includes the

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 16 - LITIGATION, CONTINGENCIES, AND COMMITMENTS (continued)

following provision to be funded by the GPA subject to satisfaction of certain conditions that at this time are based on all known and expected factors, and therefore, considered to be "probable" at this time as defined by respective and authoritative financial reporting standards:

- The GPA will establish a letter of credit or escrow account within 6 months of the commencement of inner harbor dredging in the amount of \$2.0 million to serve as a contingency fund should the operation of the dissolved oxygen injection system not receive funding by the federal government. This letter of credit or escrow account will be maintained at \$2.0 million for the life of the project.
- 2) The GPA will contribute \$3.0 million for water quality monitoring in the Lower Savannah River Basin; \$3.0 million for monitoring and research of Shortnose and Atlantic Sturgeon; \$15.0 million for conservation, wetlands preservation, acquisitions of easements and/or upland buffers, and creation, restoration or enhancement of wetlands to benefit the Lower Savannah River watershed.
- The GPA will contribute \$12.5 million for environmental and conservation projects in the Savannah River Basin to the Savannah River Restoration Board whose membership is prescribed in the agreement.

University System Foundations

The Georgia Tech Athletic Association Foundation has entered into employment contracts with certain employees expiring in years through 2016 that provide for a minimum annual salary. At June 30, 2013, the total commitment for all contracts for each of the next five years is as follows:

> June 30, 2014 - \$5.9 million June 30, 2015 - \$6.0 million June 30, 2016 - \$5.7 million June 30, 2017 - \$3.2 million June 30, 2018 - \$0.6 million

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

A. Primary Government

Long-term Debt Issues

General Obligation Bonds Issued

The State sold General Obligation bonds in the total amount of \$685.0 million on July 18, 2013, to provide funds for various capital outlay projects of the State, for county and independent school systems through the Department of Education, and to finance projects and facilities for both the Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia and the Technical College System of Georgia:

	Amount
<u>Series</u>	<u>(in millions)</u>
2013D	\$ 427.4
2013E	163.2
2013F	94.4
Total	<u>\$ 685.0</u>

The true interest costs were 3.20% for the Series 2013D bonds, 3.85% for the Series 2013E bonds, and 4.02% for the Series 2013F bonds.

The State sold General Obligation bonds, Series 2013H, totaling \$172.7 million on December 5, 2013, to provide funds for various capital outlay projects of the State, for county and independent school systems through the Department of Education, and to finance projects and facilities for the Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia, the Technical College System of Georgia and the Georgia Ports Authority. The true interest costs for these bonds were 3.16%.

Revenue Bonds

After June 30, 2013, Georgia Tech Facilities, Inc. (nonmajor enterprise fund) issued series 2013 Revenue Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$57.3 million for the purpose of refunding the Series 2003 fixed demand bonds and an interest rate swaption. The Series 2003 Bonds were originally issued to finance the cost of constructing, installing and equipping the Married Family Housing project and the Klaus Parking Deck. The following represents the mandatory bond principal redemptions remaining on the Series 2013 Bonds until maturity on November 1, 2029:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	ncipal nillions)
2014	\$ -
2015	2.6
2016	2.6
2017	2.7
2018	2.9
Thereafter	 46.5
	\$ 57.3

On November 22, 2013, the State Road and Tollway Authority (SRTA) ceased collecting tolls for the usage of the Georgia 400 extension which was the support for the toll revenue bonds reported in the SRTA nonmajor enterprise fund. During fiscal year 2013, the Georgia General Assembly appropriated funds to retire the balance of the toll revenue bonds and on December 2, 2013, all outstanding toll revenue bonds were retired.

Unemployment Trust Fund

The Federal Unemployment Account (FUA) provides for a loan fund for State unemployment programs to ensure a continued flow of unemployment benefits during times of economic downturn. As of June 30, 2013, the State had a related outstanding loan balance of \$396.8 million from the U.S. Treasury (see Note 8).

The State made a voluntary payment of \$100.0 million on September 13, 2013 and an interest payment of \$13.3 million on September 27, 2013. These payments reduced the loan balance to \$295.6 million.

There is no federally mandated principal repayment schedule for Title XII loans at this time. The Social Security Act provides that the advances may be repaid at any time and may be paid from unemployment taxes or other funds in the State's unemployment trust fund; however, interest, if any, payable on the borrowings cannot be paid with unemployment insurance taxes or administrative grant funding. Other State funds must be used to pay interest costs. All borrowings must be repaid by

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (continued)

November 10 of the second year of the loan; if not timely paid, the Federal Unemployment Tax Act tax on the State's employers is effectively increased (by credit reduction) and the additional taxes are applied as payments against the loans.

B. Component Units

Revenue Bonds

On August 15, 2013, the Georgia Housing and Finance Authority redeemed approximately \$24.0 million of single family mortgage bonds of various outstanding bond series with maturities and interest rates ranging from 2013 and 2.67 percent to 2042 and 5.3 percent.

Other Subsequent Events

On July 30, 2013, the Georgia Tech Athletic Association purchased from the Georgia Tech Foundation, Inc. (nonmajor enterprise fund) approximately 11.08 acres of land located in close proximity to the northern edge of the Georgia Institute of Technology (higher education fund) campus. The purchase price of \$9.0 million will be funded by a term loan provided by SunTrust which was executed on July 17, 2013, and matures in 10 years. The interest rate on the loan is 30 day LIBOR plus 1.85%. Interest payments will be due at least quarterly. Principal payments of \$0.9 million will be made annually.



Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 18 - SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS

A. Primary Government

Kennesaw State University

In August 2001, Kennesaw State University (KSU) (higher education fund) entered into an agreement with Kennesaw State University Foundation, Inc. (KSUF) (component unit) whereby KSUF will operate and collect revenues for housing operations from students. KSUF is required to operate the dormitory ("University Place") in accordance with the contractual agreement. Under the terms of the agreement, KSU will take full ownership of the dormitory at the end of the operating agreement in July, 2031.

In August, 2003, KSU entered into an agreement with KSUF whereby KSUF will operate and collect revenues for housing operations from students. KSUF is required to operate the dormitory ("University Village") in accordance with the contractual agreement. Under the terms of the agreement, KSU will take full ownership of the dormitory at the end of the operating agreement in July, 2034. In August, 2007, KSU entered into an agreement with KSUF whereby KSUF will operate and collect revenues for housing operations from students. KSUF is required to operate the dormitory ("University Suites") in accordance with the contractual agreement. Under the terms of the agreement, KSU will take full ownership of the dormitory at the end of the operating agreement in July, 2037.

At June 30, 2013, the enterprise fund financial statements include capital assets with a combined net carrying value of \$77.9 million for these three dormitories with an offsetting deferred inflow of resources of \$77.9 million. As part of the contractual agreement, the KSUF is responsible for insuring each of the three dormitories and for providing maintenance services. As such, KSU has no reportable obligation for these services.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



NOTE 19 - SHORT-TERM DEBT

A. Primary Government

During the fiscal year 2013, the State of Georgia borrowed \$96.9 million from the U.S. Treasury federal unemployment account to pay state unemployment benefits. These funds were borrowed as needed starting January 4, 2013 and continued through April 17, 2013. After April 17, 2013, employer contributions were sufficient to cover state unemployment benefit payments. The \$96.9 million borrowed in fiscal year 2013 was repaid on May 28, 2013. Short-term debt activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, is shown below (in thousands).

Balance			Balance				
7/1/2012	Additions	Reductions	6/3	0/2013			
\$ -	\$ 96,850	\$ (96,850)	\$	-			

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Postemployment Benefits

(dollars in thousands)

	Actuarial	Actuarial Value of	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) using Projected	Unfunded AAL/(Funding	Funded	Annual Covered	Unfunded AAL/(Funding Excess) as a Percentage of
Retirement	Valuation	Plan Assets	Unit Credit	Excess)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
System	Date	(a)	(b)	(b - a)	(a / b)	(c)	(b - a) / (c)
Board of Regents - Retiree	7/1/2010	\$ 123	\$ 3,384,100	\$ 3,383,977	0.0%	\$ 2,432,367	139.1%
Health Benefit Fund	7/1/2011	123	3,494,501	3,494,378	0.0%	2,526,212	138.3%
	7/1/2012	166	3,758,970	3,758,804	0.0%	2,466,314	152.4%

Separate financial reports that include the required supplementary information for this plan are publicly available and may be obtained from the BOR.

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

(dollars in thousands)

	Ar	Original opropriation	Amended propriation	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Funds Available			 1 1	 		
State Appropriation						
State General Funds	\$	16,926,796	\$ 16,917,085	\$ 16,917,085	16,917,347	\$ (262)
State Motor Fuel Funds		969,649	983,293	983,293	983,293	-
Lottery Proceeds		904,440	866,365	866,365	858,804	7,561
Tobacco Settlement Funds		145,641	153,353	153,353	153,353	-
Brain and Spinal Injury Trust Fund		2,397	2,397	2,397	2,397	-
Nursing Home Provider Fees		157,445	167,756	176,864	176,864	-
Hospital Provider Fee		235,302	234,969	232,080	232,080	-
State Funds - Prior Year Carry-Over						
State General Fund Prior Year		-	-	43,006	64,563	(21,557)
Brain and Spinal Injury Trust Fund - Prior Year		-	-	533	1,121	(588)
State Motor Fuel Funds - Prior Year		-	-	1,177,032	1,221,034	(44,002)
Tobacco Settlement Funds - Prior Year		-	-	110	110	-
Federal Funds						
CCDF Mandatory & Matching Funds		2,509	93,676	99,455	99,455	-
Child Care and Development Block Grant		224,062	102,672	117,315	117,127	188
Community Mental Health Services Block Grant		14,141	14,141	12,758	12,686	72
Community Services Block Grant		17,282	15,978	18,265	18,265	-
Federal Highway Administration - Highway Planning and Construction		1,143,641	1,143,641	1,441,288	1,428,707	12,581
Foster Care Title IV-E		77,146	73,001	73,496	73,424	72
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance		24,828	51,767	63,054	63,053	1
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant		20,031	20,887	23,756	18,077	5,679
Medical Assistance Program		5,509,993	5,901,534	6,406,557	6,138,433	268,124
Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse Block Grant		51,481	47,141	55,311	54,806	505
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant		2,227	2,141	1,518	1,287	231
Social Services Block Grant		88,927	89,752	89,095	88,850	245
State Children's Insurance Program		273,383	333,551	334,231	305,690	28,541
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Block Grant		346,978	346,978	344,644	344,075	569
TANF Unobligated Balance		9,552	9,552	-	194	(194)
Federal Funds Not Specifically Identified		3,399,431	3,379,707	4,038,467	3,949,102	89,365
American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009		- , , -	- , ,	,,	-,,-	,
Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability		-	-	295	295	-
Federal Highway Administration - Highway Planning and Construction		-	-	25,963	4,493	21,470
Medical Assistance Program		13,704	13,704	89,832	87.416	2,416
Promote Health Information Technology		8,525	8,525	5,316	4,700	616
Federal Funds Not Itemized		58,843	103,497	391,976	286,428	105,548
Other Funds		8,857,064	9,188,332	10,434,145	10,391,576	42,569
Total Funds Available		39,485,418	 40,265,395	 44,618,855	44,099,105	519,750
Expenditures						
Georgia Senate		10,374	10,193	10,528	9,385	1,143
Georgia House of Representatives		18,632	18,242	19,191	16,302	2,889
Georgia General Assembly Joint Offices		10,037	9,786	9,836	8,040	1,796
Audits and Accounts, Department of		30,789	29,985	29,985	29,866	119
Appeals, Court of		14,256	14,268	14,370	14,364	6
Judicial Council		16,122	15,888	16,549	15,989	560
Juvenile Courts		7,222	7,206	7,206	6,972	234
Prosecuting Attorneys		61,877	61,950	76,757	76,747	10
Superior Courts		61,105	61,094	61,235	61,235	-
Supreme Court		10,953	10,928	11,026	11,026	-
Accounting Office, State		16,692	19,416	25,974	24,376	1,598
Administrative Services, Department of		197,903	189,281	326,184	214,956	111,228
Agriculture, Department of		51,352	50,167	54,224	54,194	30
Banking and Finance, Department of		11,357	10,996	10,996	10,826	170
Behavioral Health & Developmental Disabilities, Department of		1,153,064	1,120,436	1,167,994	1,157,305	10,689
Community Affairs, Department of		317,338	224,991	245,539	238,435	7.104
Community Health, Department of		11,971,078	12,738,982	13,384,640	12,657,810	726,830
Corrections, Department of		1,153,216	1,151,200	1,194,973	1,190,044	4,929
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Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	Original Appropriation	Amended Appropriation	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Expenditures					
Defense, Department of	66,965	90,942	88,124	87,774	350
Driver Services, Department of	62,225	63,757	67,679	67,638	41
Early Care and Learning, Department of	680,036	663,757	649,612	644,319	5,293
Economic Development, Department of	41,590	39,969	45,043	44,059	984
Education, Department of	8,904,053	9,085,036	9,446,431	9,422,262	24,169
Employees' Retirement System of Georgia	46,974	48,254	48,254	46,574	1,680
Forestry Commission, Georgia	43,044	42,865	47,116	46,116	1,000
Governor, Office of the	174,617	168,928	561,281	398,549	162,732
Human Services, Department of	1,532,131	1,554,556	1,657,137	1,649,580	7,557
Insurance, Department of	21,192	21,189	20,115	20,063	52
Investigation, Georgia Bureau of	128,257	128,969	150,575	150,499	76
Juvenile Justice, Department of	307,508	299,338	302,919	298,086	4,833
Labor, Department of	136,832	136,161	180,701	168,395	12,306
Law, Department of	59,814	59,753	64,508	63,035	1,473
Natural Resources, Department of	254,046	251,339	294,854	266,409	28,445
Pardons and Paroles, State Board of	54,688	53,878	54,837	53,524	1,313
Properties Commission, State	842	820	1,605	1,450	155
Public Defender Standards Council, Georgia	40,741	40,668	73,323	72,534	789
Public Health, Department of	684,338	698,969	743,170	717,010	26,160
Public Safety, Department of	181,446	184,362	191,551	180,524	11,027
Public Service Commission	9,505	9,215	9,346	9,345	1
Regents, University System of Georgia	6,182,239	6,268,126	6,908,518	6,392,157	516,361
Revenue, Department of	167,987	173,243	193,715	188,377	5,338
Secretary of State	32,572	32,816	35,059	34,573	486
Soil and Water Conservation Commission	9,926	5,124	4,468	4,459	9
Student Finance Commission and Authority, Georgia	641,736	602,671	604,274	566,931	37,343
Teachers' Retirement System	30,146	31,647	31,647	29,493	2,154
Technical College System of Georgia	667,744	654,790	730,267	661,624	68,643
Transportation, Department of	2,011,398	2,081,160	3,644,782	2,503,644	1,141,138
Veterans Service, Department of	38,690	38,385	36,346	35,848	498
Workers' Compensation, State Board of	22,479	22,968	22,968	16,959	6,009
State of Georgia General Obligation Debt Sinking Fund	1,136,290	966,731	1,041,423	995,834	45,589
Total Expenditures	39,485,418	40,265,395	44,618,855	41,635,516	2,983,339
Excess of Funds Available over Expenditures	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ 2,463,589	\$ (2,463,589)



Required Supplementary Information Budget to GAAP Reconciliation For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)



	General Fund
Sources/Inflows of Resources	
Summary Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Total Funds Available" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 44,099,105
Differences - budget to GAAP Perspective Differences:	
Revenues of budgeted funds included in the Budget Fund, but removed from the General Fund for financial reporting purposes.	(8,390,514)
Revenues of nonbudgeted funds included within the State's reporting entity, and shown in the General Fund for financial reporting purposes.	19,609,024
State appropriations revenues are budgetary resources, but are netted with the State's treasury disbursements for GAAP purposes.	(19,323,835)
Basis Differences:	
Accrual of taxpayer assessed receivables and revenues.	22,230
Fund balance adjustments are not inflows of budgetary resources, but affect current year revenues for GAAP reporting purposes.	(342,463)
Prior Year Reserves Available for Expenditure are included in Funds Available, but are not revenues for GAAP reporting purposes.	(1,997,323)
Revenues from intrafund transactions are budgetary resources, but are not revenues for GAAP reporting purposes.	(577,056)
Receivables and revenues accrued based on encumbrances reported for supplies and equipment ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are	
received for GAAP reporting.	155,767
Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources, but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.	(52,106)
Revenue reported for nonbudgetary food stamp program and donated commodities.	3,337,579
Other net accrued receivables and revenues.	(19,548)
Total Revenues (General Fund) as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 36,520,860

Required Supplementary Information Budget to GAAP Reconciliation For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)



	General Fund
Uses/Outflows of Resources	
Summary Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Total Expenditures" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 41,635,516
Differences - budget to GAAP Perspective Differences:	
Expenditures of nonbudgeted Funds included within the State's reporting entity, and shown in the General Fund for financial reporting purposes.	75,000
Expenditures of Budgeted Funds for organizations not reported in the General Fund.	(10,259,555)
Basis Differences:	
Accrual of teacher salaries not included in current budget year.	16,934
Capital lease acquisitions are not outflows of budgetary resources, but are recorded as current expenditures and other financing sources for GAAP reporting.	4,467
Change in expenditure accrual for nonbudgetary Medicaid claims.	(64,700)
Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received are reported as budgetary expenditures in the year the order is placed, but are reported as GAAP expenditures in the year the supplies and equipment are received.	122,643
Expenditures from intrafund transactions are budgetary outflows, but are not expenditures for GAAP reporting purposes.	(577,289)
Expenditures reported for nonbudgetary food stamp program and donated commodities.	3,337,579
Fund balance adjustments are not outflows of budgetary resources, but affect current year expenditures for GAAP reporting purposes.	(499,546)
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources, but are not expenditures for GAAP reporting purposes.	(1,301,437)
Other net accrued liabilities and expenditures.	 63,481
Total Expenditures (General Fund) as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 32,553,093

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



Budgetary Reporting

Budgetary Process

OCGA Title 45, Chapter 12, Article 4 sets forth the process for the development and monitoring of an appropriated budget for the State. Not later than September 1 of each year, the head of each executive branch budget unit (e.g. agencies, departments, and commissions) must submit estimates of the financial requirements for the subsequent fiscal year to Office of Planning and Budget (OPB), which operates under the direction of the Governor. Budget estimates relative to the legislative and judicial branches of State government are provided to OPB for the purpose of estimating the total financial needs of the State, but are not subject to revision or review by OPB.

The Governor, through the OPB, examines the estimates and may investigate and revise executive branch submissions as necessary. Upon the completion and revisions of the estimates, the Governor must prepare and submit a budget report to the General Assembly within five days of the date on which the General Assembly convenes. The Governor also possesses the responsibility and authority to establish the revenue estimate for the corresponding fiscal year.

The General Assembly, after adopting such modifications to the Governor's budget report as it deems necessary, enacts the General Appropriations Act for the subsequent fiscal year. Each General Appropriations Act enacted, along with amendments as are adopted, continues in force and effect for the next fiscal year after adoption. In accordance with the Georgia Constitution, Article III, Section IX, Paragraph IV, "The General Assembly shall not appropriate [State] funds for any given fiscal year which, in aggregate, exceed a sum equal to the amount of unappropriated surplus expected to have accrued in the state treasury at the beginning of the fiscal year together with an amount not greater than the total treasury receipts from existing revenue sources anticipated to be collected in the fiscal year, less refunds, as estimated in the budget report and amendments thereto." The Constitution also authorizes the passage of additional Supplementary

Appropriation Acts, provided sufficient surplus is available or additional revenue measures have been enacted. Finally, the Governor may withhold allotments of funds to budget units in order to maintain this balance of revenues and expenditures. Compliance with this requirement is demonstrated in the Governor's budget report and the Appropriation Acts for each fiscal year.

To the extent that federal funds received by the State are changed by federal authority or exceed the appropriated the amounts bv original or supplementary appropriations acts, such excess, changed or unanticipated funds are "continually appropriated;" that is, they are amended in to departmental budgets when such events are known. Similarly, revenues generated by departments that may be retained for departmental operations ("other funds") are amended in as such funds are collected or anticipated.

Internal transfers within a budget unit are subject to the condition that no funds shall be transferred for the purpose of initiating a new program area which otherwise had received no appropriation of any funding source.

The Governor, through OPB, requires each budget unit, other than those of the legislative and judicial branches, to submit an annual operating budget based on the programs set forth in the Appropriations Act. Budget units submit periodic allotment requests, which must be approved in conjunction with quarterly work programs prior to release of appropriated funds. Further monitoring of budget unit activities is accomplished by review of expenditure reports, which are submitted quarterly to OPB.

The appropriated budget covers a majority of the organizations comprising the State's General Fund, and includes appropriations for debt service. The budget also includes certain proprietary funds, the Higher Education Fund, and the administrative costs of operating certain public employee retirement systems.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



Budget units of the State are responsible for budgetary control of their respective portion of the total State appropriated budget. The legal level of budgetary control is at the program level by funding source. Due to the complex nature of the State appropriated budget, a separate *Budgetary Compliance Report* is published each year to report on compliance at the legal level of budgetary control.

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The annual budget of the State is prepared on the modified accrual basis utilizing encumbrance accounting with the following exceptions: federal and certain other revenues are accrued based on the unexecuted portion of long-term contracts; and intrafund transactions are disclosed as revenues and expenditures. Under encumbrance accounting, encumbrances are used to indicate the intent to purchase goods or services. Liabilities and expenditures are recorded upon issuance of completed purchase orders. Goods or services need not have been received for liabilities and expenditures to be recorded.

The budget represents departmental appropriations recommended by the Governor and adopted by the General Assembly prior to the beginning of the Annual appropriated budgets are fiscal year. adopted at the departmental (budget unit) level by program and funding source. All unencumbered annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end unless otherwise specified by constitutional or statutory Supplementary provisions. and amended appropriations may be enacted during the next legislative session by the same process used for original appropriations.

Budgetary Compliance Exceptions

Expenditures of State funds may not exceed the amount appropriated at the legal level of control as provided by the Constitution. For the year ended June 30, 2013, total State funds expenditures did not exceed appropriated amounts.

For more information on budgetary exceptions, please refer to the *Budgetary Compliance Report*

issued under separate cover. This report can be found on website of the State Accounting Office at <u>http://sao.georgia.gov/</u>.

Budgetary Presentation

The accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Budget Fund presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting utilized by the State. The Budget Fund, a compilation of the budget units of the State, differs from the funds presented in the basic financial statements. The Budget-to-GAAP reconciliation immediately following the budgetary comparison schedule identifies the types and amounts of adjustments necessary to reconcile the Budget Fund with the General Fund as reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS



Description of Nonmajor Governmental Funds



SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The State's special revenue funds, other than the Transportation Investment Act Fund, include the blended component units that conduct general governmental functions as described below:

The **Georgia Economic Development Foundation**, **Inc.** is a legally separate nonprofit corporation organized to assist the Department of Economic Development in its activities promoting the economic development of the State of Georgia.

The Governor's Defense Initiative, Inc. is a legally separate nonprofit corporation organized to promote economic development and workforce training at Georgia's military base establishments and their surrounding communities.

The **Georgia Natural Resources Foundation** is a legally separate nonprofit organization created to support the Georgia Department of Natural Resources by providing funding and assistance to enhance natural resource conservation, historic preservation, environmental education, and outdoor recreation.

The **State Road and Tollway Authority** is a legally separate public corporation created to construct, operate and manage a system of roads, bridges and tunnels and facilities related thereto.

The **Georgia Tourism Foundation** is a legally separate nonprofit corporation organized to lessen the government burden in promoting tourism by soliciting contributions for the State-wide Tourism Marketing Program.

The **Transportation Investment Act Fund** (TIA) accounts for funds collected by the State and dispensed to the Department of Transportation for TIA projects in the relevant special tax districts.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest.

The **General Obligation Debt Service Fund** accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the State's general long-term debt.

The **State Road and Tollway Authority Debt Service Fund** accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the debt of the Authority's governmental funds. The Authority issues bonded debt which finances State transportation infrastructure construction. Debt service payments due on outstanding bonds are paid by the Authority from redirected funds from the U. S. Department of Transportation and/or State motor fuel tax funds.

PERMANENT FUND

The Permanent Fund is used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the State or its citizenry. The State's nonmajor permanent fund is described below:

The **Pupils Trust Fund - Georgia Academy for the Blind** is used to account for principal trust amounts received and related interest income. The interest portion of the trust may be used for student activities at Georgia Academy for the Blind.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

					Special Revenue				
	Georgia Economic Development Foundation, Inc.		Governor's Defense Initiative, Inc.		Georgia Natural Resources Foundation		1	State coad and follway authority	
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts Receivable Due From Other Funds Restricted Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Advances to Primary Government	\$	467 - - - - -	\$	180 - - - -	\$	232	\$	12,043 3,497 3,029 1,306 28,778 14,206 7,725	
Total Assets	\$	467	\$	180	\$	232	\$	70,584	
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Other Accruals Due to Other Funds Contracts Payable Total Liabilities	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$		\$	539 - 440 979	
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Unrestricted Assigned		- - 467		- - 180		232		37,631 31,974	
Total Fund Balances		467		180		232		69,605	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	467	\$	180	\$	232	\$	70,584	



				Debt Service							
Georgia Tourism Foundation		Transportation Investment n Act Fund		General Obligation Debt Sinking Fund		State Road and Tollway Authority		Permanent Pupils Trust Fund - Georgia Academy for the Blind		Total	
\$	236	\$	27,959 10,009 8,258	\$	- - -	\$	- - - 71 9	\$	9 5 - - -	\$	41,126 13,511 11,287 1,306 28,849 14,215 7,725
\$	236	\$	46,226	\$		\$	80	\$	14	\$	118,019
\$	- - -	\$	625 310	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- -	\$	539 625 750
			935								1,914
	-		45,291		-		- 80		14 -		14 83,002
	236		-		-		-		-		33,089
	236		45,291		-		80		14		116,105
\$	236	\$	46,226	\$	-	\$	80	\$	14	\$	118,019

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

						Special R	levenue	
	Geo Econ Develo Foundat	omic opment	Governor's Defense Initiative, Inc.		Georgia Natural Resources Foundation		State Road and Tollway Authority	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental - Other	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,994
Sales and Services		39		-		-		-
Interest and Other Investment Income		-		-		1		171
Other		577		375		139		88
Total Revenues		616		375		140		3,253
Expenditures								
Transportation		-		-		-		8,131
Economic Development and Assistance		366		195		-		-
Conservation		-		-		261		-
Debt Service								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Accrued Interest on Bonds Retired in Advance		-		-		-		-
Discount on Bonds Retired in Advance		-		-		-		-
Other Debt Service Expenditures		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		366		195		261		8,131
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures	. <u></u>	250		180		(121)		(4,878)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Debt Issuance - Refunding Bonds		-		-		-		-
Debt Issuance - Refunding Bonds - Premium		-		-		-		-
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		-		-		-		-
Transfers In		-		-		-		29,486
Transfers Out		-		-		-		(14,457)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	. <u> </u>							15,029
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		250		180		(121)		10,151
Fund Balances, July 1		217		-		353		59,454
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	467	\$	180	\$	232	\$	69,605



	nent	Perma	ä									
Total	cademy	Pupils Tru Georgia A for the	Service State Road and Tollway Authority		General Obligation Debt Sinking Fund	nt	Transportation Investment Act Fund		Georgia Tourism Foundation			
\$ 51,740	_	\$	\$ -		\$ -	,746	6 4		-			
309	-		-		-	-			270			
182	-		2		-	8			-			
1,607			-	·		-			428			
53,838	-		2		-	,754	4		698			
						<u> </u>						
8,192	-		61		-	_			-			
3,269	-		-		-	,161			547			
261	-		-		-	-			-			
774,855	-		157,965		616,890	-			-			
461,430	-		76,511		384,919	-			-			
19	-		-		19	-			-			
214	-		-		214	-			-			
130,092			<u> </u>	·	130,092	-			-			
1,378,332			234,537		1,132,134	,161			547			
(1,324,494)	<u> </u>		(234,535)		(1,132,134)	,593	4		151			
486,825	-		-		486,825	-			-			
102,681	-		-		102,681	-			-			
(587,396)	-		-		(587,396)	-			-			
1,373,087	-		213,577		1,130,024	-	,		-			
(15,759)			-			,302)	(-			
1,359,438			213,577	· -	1,132,134	,302)	(_			
34,944	-		(20,958)		-	,291	4		151			
81,161	14		21,038	_		_		_	85			
\$ 116,105	14	\$	\$ 80		\$ -	,291	5 4		236			



NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS



Description of Nonmajor Enterprise Funds



The Enterprise Funds account for the business type activities of smaller governmental agencies that are funded by the issuance of debt or fees charged to external customers. The State's Nonmajor Enterprise Funds are described below:

The **Armstrong Atlantic State University Educational Properties Foundation, Inc.** is a nonprofit organization that was created to manage and improve various real estate assets for the benefit of Armstrong Atlantic State University. The Foundation has created a number of limited liability companies of which it is the sole member for purposes including the acquisition, financing, ownership, and operation of dormitory and other ancillary various facilities at the University.

The **Georgia Higher Education Facilities Authority** is a legally separate public corporation created for the purpose of financing eligible construction, renovation, improvement, and rehabilitation or restoration projects for the Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia and the Technical College System of the State of Georgia through the issuance of revenue bonds. The Authority issues debt and enters into lease agreements. The current lease agreements outstanding are with an affiliate of the University System of Georgia Foundation, Inc. (nonmajor enterprise fund). The costs of the Authority's debt are recovered through lease payments from the Higher Education Foundations.

The **Georgia State University Foundation, Inc.** is a nonprofit corporation that serves as the official fund-raising and fund-management organization for Georgia State University and is committed to supporting and assisting the University in achieving its goals and objectives through soliciting and managing private gifts and collaborating and advising on activities of the benefit and advancement of the University.

The **Georgia State University Research Foundation, Inc.** is a nonprofit corporation created to support the research activities of the university through securing gifts, contributions and grants from individuals, private organizations and public agencies and in obtaining contracts with such individuals or entities for the performance of sponsored research, development, or other programs by the university.

The **Georgia Tech Facilities, Inc.** is a nonprofit corporation that promotes and supports the Georgia Institute of Technology, principally by financing and constructing buildings and facilities for use by the Institute.

The **State Road and Tollway Authority** is a legally separate public corporation created to operate and manage a system of roads, bridges and tunnels and facilities related thereto. The State Road and Tollway Authority uses an enterprise fund to account for its operation of the Georgia 400 Extension toll road and for the I-85 HOV to HOT project.

The **University System of Georgia Foundation, Inc.** is a nonprofit corporation created to support and advance the work of the University System of Georgia. The foundation's support comes primarily from contributions and grants from individuals and corporations, and from leasing activities within the University System of Georgia.

The Valdosta State University Auxiliary Services Real Estate Foundation, Inc. is a nonprofit corporation created to provide accommodations, food services and store facilities to students, faculty, and staff of Valdosta State University. The Foundation is the sole owner of various limited liability companies, which their collective purpose is to construct facilities to be used as student housing, parking decks, a health center, and a student union. Upon completion, the facilities are leased to the Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia.

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	Armstrong Atlantic State University Educational Properties Foundation, Inc.			Georgia Higher Education Facilities Authority		Georgia State University Foundation, Inc.	
Assets							
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,227	\$	350	\$	3,289	
Investments		-		173		-	
Accounts Receivable (Net)		-		620		6,116	
Due from Other Funds	10	1,294		283,008		240,553	
Notes Receivable		-		2,367		-	
Other Assets	:	2,468		-		10,309	
Restricted Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-		-	
Investments		-		-		-	
Noncurrent Assets:							
Other Receivables		-		-		3,762	
Investments		8,270		-		61,090	
Notes Receivable		-		-		-	
Other Noncurrent Assets		-		4,214		-	
Restricted Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-		-	
Investments		-		-		139,742	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets		2,780		-		2,044	
Depreciable Capital Assets, net		-		-		8,218	
Total Assets	11'	7,039		290,732		475,123	
Deferred Outflows Accumulated Decrease in Fair Value of Hedging Derivatives				-			
Liabilities Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals		631		-		3,653	
Due to Other Funds		-		-		675	
Unearned Revenue		590		-		751	
Compensated Absences Payable		-		-		-	
Capital Lease/Installment Purchases Payable		-		-		712	
Revenue Bonds Payable		1,245		4,215		6,065	
Other Current Liabilities		287		620		935	
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets		-		-		-	
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Compensated Absences Payable		-		-		-	
Advances from Primary Government		-		-		-	
Capital Lease/Installment Purchases Payable		-		-		2,599	
Revenue Bonds Payable	90	0,255		279,864		241,248	
Other Non Current Liabilities		649		-		22,728	
Derivative Instrument Payable		-				-	
Total Liabilities	9	3,657		284,699		279,366	
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,780		-		27,545	
Restricted for:						,	
Permanent Trusts:							
Nonexpendable		3,625		-		92,002	
Expendable		-		-		61,306	
Other		-		-		-	
Unrestricted	1	6,977		6,033		14,904	
Total Net Position	\$ 2	3,382	\$	6,033	\$	195,757	



Total	 VSU Auxiliary Services Real Estate Foundation, Inc.	iversity stem of eorgia lation, Inc.	Sy G	State Road and Tollway Authority	 Georgia Tech Facilities, Inc.		Georgia State University Research Foundation, Inc.	
	\$ \$ 109	2,481	\$	4,445 86	\$ 10,548	\$	18,358	\$
259 28,408	- 665	1,338		80 1,456	- 9,576		8,637	
1,417,756	206,774	270,214		134	229,245		86,534	
2,367	-	-		-	-		-	
29,438	259	164		23	11,552		4,663	
50,960	-	-		50,960	-		-	
21,911	-	-		21,911	-		-	
3,762	-	-		-	-		-	
78,175	-	4,338		-	-		4,477	
3,696	-	-		-	3,696		-	
15,129	4,021	4,258		2,636	-		-	
29,289	16,197	13,087		-	5		-	
139,742	-	-		-	-		-	
17,689	227	-		10,835	598		1,205	
24,528	 	-		11,482	 300		4,528	
1,904,916	 228,252	295,880		103,968	 265,520		128,402	
7,610	 7,610			-	 		-	
18,929	3,468	687		5,704	2,293 89		2,493	
292,627 4,922	-	283,008		-	89 30		8,855 3,551	
102	_	-		102	-			
712	-	-		-	-		-	
31,480	2,560	-		6,110	9,680		1,605	
2,408	-	-		566	-		-	
54	-	-		54	-		-	
102	-	-		102	-		-	
7,725	-	-		7,725	-		-	
2,602	-	-		-	-		3	
1,179,720 23,530	182,994	-		19,235	279,786 153		86,338	
23,530 7,610	 7,610	-		-	 -		-	
1,572,523	 196,632	283,695		39,598	 292,031		102,845	
45,673	41,666	-		22,943	(54,991)		5,730	
							·	
97,701	-	74		-	-		2,000	
80,618	-	1,533		-	10,016		7,763	
23,214 92,797	(2,436)	10,578		23,214 18,213	- 18,464		- 10,064	
	<u> </u>	12,185			 			

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	State Education	ong Atlantic University al Properties ation, Inc.	Georgia Higher Education Facilities Authority	Georgia State University Foundation, Inc.
Operating Revenues:				
Contributions/Premiums	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 10,783
Rents and Royalties		1,606	-	22,483
Sales and Services		-	15,012	339
Other		4,701		4,849
Total Operating Revenues		6,307	15,012	38,454
Operating Expenses:				
Personal Services		88	-	-
Services and Supplies		1,301	8	2,775
Interest Expense		-	15,012	-
Scholarships and Fellowships		-	-	-
Depreciation		-	-	193
Amortization		-	310	-
Other		105		20,723
Total Operating Expenses		1,494	15,330	23,691
Operating Income (Loss)		4,813	(318)	14,763
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Interest and Other Investment Income		252	1	17,953
Interest Expense		(4,633)	-	(11,524)
Other		(744)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(5,125)	1	6,429
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers		(312)	(317)	21,192
Contributions to Permanent Endowments		_	-	1,206
Capital Contributions		-		
Total Contributions		-		1,206
Transfers:				
Transfers In		-	-	_
Transfers Out		-		
Net Transfers		-		
Change in Net Position		(312)	(317)	22,398
Net Position, July 1 (Restated Note 3)		23,694	6,350	173,359
Net Position, June 30	\$	23,382	\$ 6,033	\$ 195,757



Georgia State University Research Foundation, Inc.	Iniversity Road and Research Georgia Tech Tollway		Total		
\$ 55,149	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,099	\$ 84	\$ 68,115
307	11,012	86	17,413	8,928	61,835
-	31	26,356	51 67	- 742	41,789
4,686				/42	15,045
60,142	11,043	26,442	19,630	9,754	186,784
-	-	2,807	590	83	3,568
2,547	962	15,415	112	-	23,120
-	-	-	-	-	15,012
-	-	-	350	-	350
477	60	2,824	-	-	3,554
-	-	6,326	-	187	6,823
53,484	281		843	721	76,157
56,508	1,303	27,372	1,895	991	128,584
3,634	9,740	(930)	17,735	8,763	58,200
752	255	59	514	148	19,934
(4,357)	(13,081)	(786)	(14,977)	(8,774)	(58,132)
1,747	(13,001) (969)	(5,246)	(14,977)	-	(5,212)
	(303)	(0,210)			(0,212)
(1,858)	(13,795)	(5,973)	(14,463)	(8,626)	(43,410)
1,776	(4,055)	(6,903)	3,272	137	14,790
_	_	_	25	_	1,231
_	-	2,496	-	_	2,496
					,
		2,496	25		3,727
		14 164	_		14 164
-	-	14,164 (7,819)	-	-	14,164 (7,819)
		(7,019)			(7,819)
		6,345			6,345
1,776	(4,055)	1,938	3,297	137	24,862
23,781	(22,456)	62,432	8,888	39,093	315,141
\$ 25,557	\$ (26,511)	\$ 64,370	\$ 12,185	\$ 39,230	\$ 340,003

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	State Education	ong Atlantic University nal Properties lation, Inc.	Georgia Higher Education Facilities Authority		Ur	rgia State iversity lation, Inc.
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Cash Received from Customers	\$	6,305	\$	-	\$	21,518
Cash Received from Required Contributions/Premiums		-		15,018		10,783
Cash Paid to Vendors Cash Paid to Employees		(1,382) (88)		(15,026)		(4,074)
Cash Paid for Claims and Judgments		(105)		-		(16,206)
Cash Paid for Scholarships, Fellowships and Loans		-		-		-
Other Operating Receipts (Payments)		-		-		-
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		4,730		(8)		12,021
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:						
Transfers from Other Funds		-		-		-
Payments on Noncapital Financing Debt		-		-		-
Other Noncapital Receipts (Payments)		2,545		-		4,238
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities		2,545				4,238
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:						
Capital Contributions Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(122)		-		(4,460)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt		(1,920)				(5,212)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt		(4,500)		-		(9,393)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities		(6,542)		-		(19,065)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Sale (Purchase) of Investments (Net)		(217)		(7)		8,492
Interest and Dividends Received		(217) 252		(7) 1		17,953
Other Investing Activities		1,459		-		(20,350)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities		1,494		(6)		6,095
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,227		(14)		3,289
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1				364		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$	2,227	\$	350	\$	3,289
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	4,813	\$	(318)	\$	14,763
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:						
Depreciation/Amortization Expense		-		310		193
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Accounts Receivable		_		_		(445)
Other Assets		6		_		44
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals		(88)		-		(1,034)
Due to Other Funds		-		-		(210)
Due from Component Unit		-		-		-
Unearned Revenue		(1)		-		(1,190)
Compensated Absenses Other Liabilities		-		-		(100)
						()
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	4,730	\$	(8)	\$	12,021



Total	 VSU Auxiliary Services Real Estate Foundation, Inc.		University System of Georgia Foundation, Inc.	tate ad and llway thority	Т		Georgia State University Research Georgia Tech Foundation, Inc. Facilities, Inc.		University Research Georgia Tech			University Research Geo			University Research Georgia Tech			University Research Georgia Tech		
101,799	\$ \$ 9,581		\$ 17,541	27,126	\$	12,712	\$	7,016	\$											
83,131 (42,781)	83 (39)		2,098 (781)	- (15,034)		(3,379)		55,149 (3,066)												
(3,572)	(83)		(590)	(13,034) (2,811)		(3,377)		(3,000)												
(70,077)	-		(1)	-		(281)		(53,484)												
(350) (1,564)	(721)		(350) (843)	-		-		-												
(1,504)	 (721)	<u> </u>	(843)																	
66,586	 8,821		17,074	9,281		9,052		5,615												
3,679	-		-	3,679		-		-												
(18,947)	-		(18,947)	-		-		-												
50,729	 15,518		723			13,909		13,796												
35,461	 15,518)	(18,224)	3,679		13,909		13,796												
(2,664)	_		_	(2,664)		_		_												
(2,709)	-		-	3,903		-		(2,030)												
(26,982)	(2,265)		-	(5,960)		(9,290)		(2,335)												
(39,519)	 (8,774)			(798)		(12,469)		(3,585)												
(71,874)	 (11,039)			(5,519)		(21,759)		(7,950)												
25,759	-		13,298	(2,470)		-		6,663												
19,934	148		514	59		255		752												
(4,549)	 2,858		2,906	-		9,096		(518)												
41,144	 3,006		16,718	(2,411)		9,351		6,897												
71,317	16,306		15,568	5,030		10,553		18,358												
50,739	 <u> </u>			50,375				<u> </u>												
122,056	\$ \$ 16,306		\$ 15,568	55,405	\$	10,553	\$	18,358	\$											
58,200	\$ \$ 8,763		\$ 17,735	(930)	\$	9,740	\$	3,634	\$											
10,377	187		-	9,150		60		477												
(4,907)	(90)		7	683		(8,153)		3,091												
1,311	9		-	51		170		1,031												
(398)	(48))	(668)	3,237		(1,848)		51												
(1,683) 9,769	-		-	-		89 9,769		(1,562)												
(2,246)	-		-	-		9,709 52		(1,107)												
(3)	-		-	(3)		-		-												
(3,834)	 -			(2,907)		(827)														



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Description of Internal Service Funds



Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis. The State's internal service funds are described below:

The **Department of Administrative Services** delivers a variety of supportive services to all state agencies and, upon request, to local governments in Georgia. Among the services provided are purchasing, surplus property, document services, fleet management, and human resources administration.

The **Georgia Aviation Authority** was created to acquire, operate, maintain, house, and dispose of all state aviation assets, and to provide aviation services and oversight of state aircraft and aviation operations programs, associated with aircraft of the Department of Transportation, Department of Natural Resources, Department of Public Safety, and the State Forestry Commission.

The **Georgia Building Authority** is responsible for all services associated with the management of State office buildings, maintaining the grounds within the State Capitol complex, maintaining the Governor's Mansion and operating parking facilities.

The **Georgia Correctional Industries Administration** utilizes the inmate work force to manufacture products and provide services for the penal system, other units of state government and local governments.

The **State Personnel Administration** transferred its responsibilities for human resources administration and all personnel, equipment and facilities to the Department of Administrative Services' internal service fund effective July 1, 2012.

The **Risk Management** column is an accumulation of the funds used to account for the State's self-insurance programs established by individual agreement, statute or administrative action:

The **Liability Insurance Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of funds for the purpose of providing liability insurance coverage for employees of the State against personal liability for damages arising out of performance of their duties.

The **Property Insurance Fund** is used to account for the assessment of premiums against various state agencies for the purpose of providing property, fire and extended coverage, automobile, aircraft and marine insurance.

The **State Indemnification Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of funds for the purpose of providing indemnification with respect to the death of any law enforcement officer, fireman or prison guard killed in the line of duty.

The **Supplemental Pay Fund** was created to provide a program of compensation for law enforcement officers who become physically disabled, but not permanently disabled, as a result of physical injury incurred in the line of duty and caused by a willful act of violence and for firefighters who become physically disabled, but not permanently disabled, as a result of physical injury incurred in the line of duty while fighting a fire.

Description of Internal Service Funds



This program, not to exceed a 12 month period, shall entitle an injured law enforcement officer or firefighter to receive monthly compensation in an amount equal to such person's regular compensation for the period of time that the person is physically unable to perform the required duties of employment.

The **Teacher Indemnification Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of funds for the purpose of providing indemnification with respect to the death of any public school employees killed or permanently disabled by an act of violence in the line of duty on or after July 1, 2001.

The **Unemployment Compensation Fund** was created for the purpose of consolidating processing of unemployment compensation claims against state agencies and the payment of sums due to the Department of Labor.

The **Workers' Compensation Fund** was established to authorize insurance coverage for employees of the State and for the receipt of premiums as prescribed by the Workers' Compensation statutes of the State.

The **State Road and Tollway Authority Customer Service Center Fund** is used to report activities related to managing toll paying customer accounts and non-customer violations relating to the Authority's Georgia 400 Extension and the I-85 Express Lanes Project proprietary funds.

The **Georgia Technology Authority** was created to provide technology enterprise management and technology portfolio management to state and local governments.

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	Department of Administrative Services	Georgia Aviation Authority	Georgia Building Authority
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,420	\$ 101	\$ 15,686
Investments	174	-	7,582
Accounts Receivable (Net)	185	1	1,244
Due from Other Funds	277	-	116
Due from Component Units	-	-	-
Other Assets	-	56	734
Restricted Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	-	-
Investments	-	-	-
Noncurrent Assets:			
Investments	-	-	-
Capital Assets:			
Land	-	-	20,265
Buildings and Building Improvements	-	12,800	509,673
Improvements Other Than Buildings	-	-	7,008
Machinery and Equipment	368	4,082	5,800
Software	-	-	-
Works of Art and Collections	-	-	1,240
Accumulated Depreciation	(368)	(5,305)	(257,290)
Total Assets	5,056	11,735	312,058
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals	902	12	2,985
Due to Other Funds	176	-	_,,
Unearned Revenue		-	319
Claims and Judgments Payable	-	-	-
Compensated Absences Payable	-	-	878
Capital Leases Payable	-	-	6,719
Other Current Liabilities	29	2	-
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets	-	-	-
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Compensated Absences Payable	-	-	-
Capital Leases Payable	-	-	75,925
Other Non Current Liabilities			
Total Liabilities	1,107	14	86,835
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	-	11,577	204,052
Unrestricted	3,949	144	21,171
Total Net Position	\$ 3,949	\$ 11,721	\$ 225,223



Georgia Correctional Industries Administration	State Personnel Administration	Risk Management (see combining)	State Road and Tollway Authority- Customer Service Center	Georgia Technology Authority	Total	
\$ 2,330	\$ -	\$ 15,111	\$ 1,624	\$ 18,570	\$ 57,842	
331	-	17,565	-	8,116	33,768	
2,697	-	51,127	12	1,126	56,392	
4,285	-	484,781	-	26,628	516,087	
-	-	-	-	54	54	
12,778	-	-	433	305	14,306	
-	-	-	5,226	-	5,226	
-	-	-	1,260	-	1,260	
-	-	74,024	-	-	74,024	
44	-	-	-	13	20,322	
12,423	-	-	-	562	535,458	
-	-	-	-	-	7,008	
26,414	-	-	500	48,063	85,227	
-	-	-	8,611	55,079	63,690	
-	-	-	-	-	1,240	
(30,490)			(3,503)	(94,008)	(390,964)	
30,812	-	642,608	14,163	64,508	1,080,940	
3,080	-	409	5	21,685	29,078	
20	-	-	1,439	25	1,669	
-	-	-	-	-	319	
-	-	574,861	-	-	574,861	
496	-	-	20	836	2,230	
-	-	-	-	-	6,719	
-	-	191	86	525	833	
-	-	-	5,014	-	5,014	
944	-	-	20	1,473	2,437	
-	-	-	-	-	75,925	
-			180		180	
4,540		575,461	6,764	24,544	699,265	
8,391	_	_	5,608	9,709	239,337	
17,881	-	67,147	1,791	30,255	142,338	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	Admir	tment of histrative vices	A	eorgia viation ithority	Georgia Building Authority		
Operating Revenues:							
Contributions/Premiums	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Rents and Royalties		-		-		53,087	
Sales and Services		7,213		1,950		3,257	
Other		5,824		-		383	
Total Operating Revenues		13,037	. <u> </u>	1,950		56,727	
Operating Expenses:							
Personal Services		4,034		242		10,736	
Services and Supplies		7,737		869		33,261	
Claims and Judgments		-		-		-	
Depreciation		2		242		22,809	
Total Operating Expenses		11,773		1,353		66,806	
Operating Income (Loss)		1,264		597		(10,079)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):							
Interest and Other Investment Income		1		-		41	
Other		(1)		(32)		(4,229)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		-		(32)		(4,188)	
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers		1,264		565		(14,267)	
Capital Contributions		-		-		1,895	
Transfers:							
Transfers In		1,383		901		-	
Transfers Out		(374)		(1,806)		(4,477)	
Net Transfers		1,009		(905)		(4,477)	
Change in Net Position		2,273		(340)		(16,849)	
Net Position, July 1 (Restated - Note 3)		1,676		12,061		242,072	
Net Position, June 30	\$	3,949	\$	11,721	\$	225,223	



Georgia Correctional Industries Administration		Perso	State Personnel Administration		Risk nagement combining)	Tollway Cu	Road and Authority- stomer ce Center	Tec	eorgia hnology thority	 Total
\$	16	\$	-	\$	216,991	\$	-	\$	509	\$ 217,516
	-		-		- 1		4,807		- 252,195	53,087 269,423
	- 66,447		-		-		4,807		- 252,195	269,423 72,654
	66,463		-		216,992		4,807		252,704	 612,680
	12,338		_		2,189		717		21,848	52,104
	57,517		-		31,229		1,902		218,052	350,567
	-		-		192,339		-		-	192,339
	1,465				-		2,211		3,774	 30,503
	71,320				225,757		4,830		243,674	 625,513
	(4,857)				(8,765)		(23)		9,030	 (12,833)
	3 4,209		-		1,664 8,986		7		44	 1,760 8,933
	4,212		-		10,650		7		44	 10,693
	(645)		-		1,885		(16)		9,074	 (2,140)
			-					. <u> </u>		 1,895
	-		(1,383)		2,075 (1,575)		7,819 (2,509)		(12,405)	 12,178 (24,529)
	-		(1,383)		500		5,310		(12,405)	 (12,351)
	(645)		(1,383)		2,385		5,294		(3,331)	(12,596)
	26,917		1,383		64,762		2,105		43,295	 394,271
\$	26,272	\$	-	\$	67,147	\$	7,399	\$	39,964	\$ 381,675

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	Admi	rtment of inistrative ervices	A	eorgia viation uthority	Georgia Building Authority	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Cash Received from Customers	\$	12,913	\$	2,022	\$	57,359
Cash Received from Required Contributions/Premiums		-		-		-
Cash Paid to Vendors		(7,482)		(1,000)		(33,513)
Cash Paid to Employees		(3,918)		(242)		(10,795)
Cash Paid for Claims and Judgments		-		-		-
Other Operating Receipts (Payments)		30		-		-
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		1,543		780		13,051
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:						
Transfers from Other Funds		1,265		901		-
Transfers to Other Funds		(374)		(1,806)		(2,843)
Other Noncapital Receipts (Payments)		-		-		-
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities		891		(905)		(2,843)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:						
Capital Contributions		-		-		1,835
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		-		-		2,200
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		-		-		(4,822)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt		-		-		(6,643)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities		-		-		(7,430)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Sale (Purchase) of Investments (Net)		(88)		_		(1,262)
Interest and Dividends Received		(00)		_		41
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities		(87)		-		(1,221)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,347		(125)		1,557
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1		2,073		226		14,129
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$	4,420	\$	101	\$	15,686



Cor Inc	eorgia rectional dustries inistration	State Personnel Administration		Risk nagement combining)	Tollwa Cu	Road and y Authority- stomer ce Center	Те	Georgia echnology authority		Total
\$	65,453	\$ -	\$	1	\$	5,285	\$	254,586	\$	397,619
	-	-		154,616		-		-		154,616
	(54,779)	(325)		(31,028) (2,188)		(1,868) (719)		(228,231) (21,817)		(358,226) (52,118)
	(12,439)	-		(137,452)		(719)		(21,817)		(137,452)
				-		-		(823)		(793)
	(1,765)	(325)		(16,051)		2,698		3,715		3,646
				2,075		1,120				5,361
		(1,265)		(1,575)		(2,051)		(12,405)		(22,319)
	4,209			8,986		-		-		13,195
	4,209	(1,265)		9,486		(931)		(12,405)		(3,763)
	-	-		-		-		-		1,835
	-	-		-		-		-		2,200
	(1,808)	-		-		-		-		(6,630)
						-				(6,643)
	(1,808)							-		(9,238)
	(17)			(3,916)		46		1,920		(3,317)
	3	-		1,697		40 6		45		1,793
	(14)			(2,219)		52		1,965		(1,524)
	622	(1,590)		(8,784)		1,819		(6,725)		(10,879)
	1,708	1,590		23,895		5,031		25,295		73,947
\$	2,330	\$-	\$	15,111	\$	6,850	\$	18,570	\$	63,068
			_				_			(continued)

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:Operating Income (Loss)\$1,264\$\$977\$(10,079)Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:224222,809Other Reconciling Items224222,809Other Reconciling Items224222,809Other Reconciling ItemsChanges in Assets and Liabilities:Accounts Receivable(35)55566Due from Other Funds(90)177(115)Due from Component UnitsOther Assets-(56)94Accounts Payable and Other Accruals78(83)(346)Due to Other Funds1766-Unearmed RevenueChains and Judgments PayableCompensated Absences Payable118-(60)Other Liabilities302-Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:\$1,543\$780\$Capital Lease Obligations\$-\$Change in Fair Value of Investments\$-\$Total Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:\$-\$4,553		Adm	rtment of inistrative ervices	Av	eorgia viation thority	Georgia Building Authority		
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Depreciation Expense224222,809Other Reconciling ItemsChanges in Assets and Liabilities: Accounts Receivable(35)55566Due from Other Funds(90)17(115)Due from Other Funds(90)17(115)Due from Other FundsOther Assets-(56)94Accounts Payable and Other Accruals78(83)(346)Due to Other FundsUnearned RevenueClaims and Judgments PayableCompensated Absences Payable118-(60)Other Liabilities302-Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Capital Lease Obligations\$\$\$\$Capital Lease Obligations\$-\$\$4,553								
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:Depreciation Expense224222,809Other Reconciling ItemsChanges in Assets and Liabilities:(35)55566Due from Other Funds(90)17(115)Due from Component UnitsOther Assets-(56)94Accounts Payable and Other Accruals78(83)(346)Due to Other Funds1766-Other AssetsOther AssetsOther Payable and Other Accruals78(83)(346)Due to Other Funds1766-Unearned RevenueClaims and Judgments PayableCompensated Absences Payable118-(60)Other Liabilities302-Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:\$1,543\$780\$Capital Lease Obligations\$-\$4,553Change in Fair Value of Investments	Operating Income (Loss)	\$	1,264	\$	597	\$	(10,079)	
Other Reconciling ItemsChanges in Assets and Liabilities:(35)55566Due from Other Funds(90)17(115)Due from Component UnitsOther Assets-(56)94Accounts Payable and Other Accruals78(83)(346)Due to Other Funds1766-Unearned Revenue182Claims and Judgments PayableCompensated Absences Payable118-(60)Other Liabilities302-Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:\$1,543\$780\$Capital Lease Obligations\$-\$4,553Change in Fair Value of Investments\$-								
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:Accounts Receivable(35)55566Due from Other Funds(90)17(115)Due from Component UnitsOther Assets-(56)94Accounts Payable and Other Accruals78(83)(346)Due to Other Funds1766-Unearned Revenue182Claims and Judgments Payable182Claims and Judgments PayableCompensated Absences Payable118-(60)Other Liabilities302-Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Capital Lease Obligations\$-\$\$Change in Fair Value of Investments\$-\$4,553			2		242		22,809	
Accounts Receivable (35) 55 566 Due from Other Funds (90) 17 (115) Due from Component Units - - - Other Assets - (56) 94 Accounts Payable and Other Accruals 78 (83) (346) Due to Other Funds 176 6 - Unearned Revenue - - 182 Claims and Judgments Payable - - - Other Liabilities 30 2 - Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: \$ 1,543 \$ 780 \$ 13,051 Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: \$ - \$ 4,553 Change in Fair Value of Investments 5 - \$ 4,553			-		-		-	
Due from Other Funds(90)17(115)Due from Component UnitsOther Assets-(56)94Accounts Payable and Other Accruals78(83)(346)Due to Other Funds1766-Unearned Revenue182Claims and Judgments Payable182Claims and Judgments PayableCompensated Absences Payable118-(60)Other Liabilities302-Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:\$1,543\$780\$Capital Lease Obligations\$-\$4,553Change in Fair Value of Investments								
Due from Component UnitsOther Assets-(56)94Accounts Payable and Other Accruals78(83)(346)Due to Other Funds1766-Unearned Revenue182Claims and Judgments Payable182Claims and Judgments PayableCompensated Absences Payable118-(60)Other Liabilities302-Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:\$1,543\$780\$Capital Lease Obligations\$-\$4,553Change in Fair Value of Investments			. ,					
Other Assets-(56)94Accounts Payable and Other Accruals78(83)(346)Due to Other Funds1766-Unearned Revenue182Claims and Judgments PayableCompensated Absences Payable118-(60)Other Liabilities302-Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities\$1,543\$780\$Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:\$-\$4,553Change in Fair Value of Investments\$4,553			(90)		17		(115)	
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals78(83)(346)Due to Other Funds1766-Unearned Revenue182Claims and Judgments PayableCompensated Absences Payable118-(60)Other Liabilities302-Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:\$1,543\$780\$13,051Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:\$-\$-\$4,553Change in Fair Value of Investments			-		-		-	
Due to Other Funds1766-Unearned Revenue182Claims and Judgments PayableCompensated Absences Payable118-(60)Other Liabilities302-Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities\$1,543\$780\$13,051Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Capital Lease Obligations\$-\$4,553Change in Fair Value of Investments			-		· · ·			
Unearned Revenue182Claims and Judgments PayableCompensated Absences Payable118-(60)Other Liabilities302-Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities\$1,543\$780\$13,051Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Capital Lease Obligations\$-\$4,553Change in Fair Value of Investments	•				(83)		(346)	
Claims and Judgments PayableCompensated Absences Payable118-(60)Other Liabilities302-Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities\$1,543\$780\$13,051Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Capital Lease Obligations\$-\$4,553Change in Fair Value of Investments	Due to Other Funds		176		6		-	
Compensated Absences Payable118-(60)Other Liabilities302-Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities\$1,543\$780\$13,051Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Capital Lease Obligations\$-\$4,553Change in Fair Value of Investments	Unearned Revenue		-		-		182	
Other Liabilities 30 2 - Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities \$ 1,543 \$ 780 \$ 13,051 Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Capital Lease Obligations \$ - \$ 4,553 Change in Fair Value of Investments	Claims and Judgments Payable		-		-		-	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities\$ 1,543\$ 780\$ 13,051Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Capital Lease Obligations\$ - \$ - \$ 4,553Change in Fair Value of Investments	Compensated Absences Payable		118		-		(60)	
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Capital Lease Obligations Change in Fair Value of Investments	Other Liabilities		30		2		-	
Capital Lease Obligations \$ - \$ - \$ 4,553 Change in Fair Value of Investments	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	1,543	\$	780	\$	13,051	
Change in Fair Value of Investments	Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:							
	Capital Lease Obligations	\$	\$ -		-	\$	4,553	
Total Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities: \$ - \$ 4,553	Change in Fair Value of Investments		-		-		-	
	Total Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,553	



	Georgia correctional Industries lministration	State Personnel Administration	Risk Management (see combining)	State Road and Tollway Authority- Customer Service Center	Georgia Technology Authority	Total
\$	(4,857)	\$-	\$ (8,765)	\$ (23)	\$ 9,030	\$ (12,833)
	1 465			2 211	2 77 4	20,502
	1,465	437	-	2,211	3,774	30,503 437
	-	437	-	-	-	437
	2,230	-	(2,032)	(5)	2,070	2,849
	(3,239)	-	(60,344)	-	(179)	(63,950)
	-	-	-	-	(11)	(11)
	1,242	116	-	(70)	7	1,333
	1,521	(265)	66	(26)	(10,200)	(9,255)
	1	(60)	(51)	-	15	87
	-	-	-	483	-	665
	-	-	54,887	-	-	54,887
	(128)	(553)	-	(2)	32	(593)
	-		188	130	(823)	(473)
\$	(1,765)	\$ (325)	\$ (16,051)	\$ 2,698	\$ 3,715	\$ 3,646
\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,553
ψ	-	φ -	ф (31)	φ -	φ -	\$ 4,555 (31)
\$		\$ -	\$ (31)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,522

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds Risk Management June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	Liability nsurance Fund	In	roperty surance Fund	State Indemnification Fund		
Assets						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,039	\$	9,314	\$	336	
Investments	2,370		10,828		391	
Accounts Receivable (Net)	4,635		124		-	
Due From Other Funds	71,524		15		-	
Noncurrent Assets:						
Investments	 9,988		45,628		1,647	
Total Assets	 90,556		65,909		2,374	
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals	148		60		-	
Claims and Judgments Payable	90,343		2,772		1,414	
Other Current Liabilities	 65		125		-	
Total Liabilities	 90,556		2,957		1,414	
Net Position						
Unrestricted	\$ -	\$	62,952	\$	960	



Supplemental Pay Fund		Inder	eacher nnification Fund	Com	ployment pensation Fund	Workers' npensation Fund	Total		
\$	16 19	\$	439 509	\$	647 752 51	\$ 2,320 2,696 46,317	\$	15,111 17,565 51,127	
	81	2,149			3,169	 413,242 <u>11,362</u> 475,937		484,781 74,024 642,608	
	110		3,097		4,017	 201		409	
	-		-		4,597	 475,735 1		409 574,861 191	
					4,597	 475,937		575,461	
\$	116	\$	3,097	\$	22	\$ -	\$	67,147	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds Risk Management For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	Liability Insurance Fund	Property Insurance Fund	State Indemnification Fund
Operating Revenues:	¢ 22.210	¢ 01.050	¢
Contributions/Premiums Sales and Services	\$ 32,218	\$ 21,253	\$
Total Operating Revenues	32,219	21,253	
Operating Expenses:			
Personal Services	602	530	46
Services and Supplies	4,094	15,935	5
Claims and Judgments	27,831	2,786	401
Total Operating Expenses	32,527	19,251	452
Operating Income (Loss)	(308)	2,002	(452)
Nonoperating Revenues:			
Interest and Other Investment Income	308	972	7
Other			
Total Nonoperating Revenues	308	972	7
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		2,974	(445)
Transfers:			
Transfers In	-	-	2,075
Transfers Out			
Net Transfers		<u> </u>	2,075
Change in Net Position	-	2,974	1,630
Net Position, July 1 (Restated - Note 3)		59,978	(670)
Net Position, June 30	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 62,952	\$ 960



Supplemental Pay Fund	Teacher Indemnification Fund	Unemployment Compensation Fund	Workers' Compensation Fund	Total
\$ - -	\$ 51	\$ 12,054	\$ 151,415	\$ 216,991 1
	51	12,054	151,415	216,992
- 3 37	767	- 99 12,030	1,011 10,326 149,254	2,189 31,229 192,339
40	767	12,129	160,591	225,757
(40)	(716)	(75)	(9,176)	(8,765)
35	56	96	190 8,986	1,664 8,986
35	56	96	9,176	10,650
(5)	(660)	21		1,885
(1,575)	-	-	-	2,075 (1,575)
(1,575)				500
(1,580)	(660)	21	-	2,385
1,696	3,757	1		64,762
\$ 116	\$ 3,097	\$ 22	\$ -	\$ 67,147

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Risk Management For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	In	iability surance Fund	roperty Isurance Fund	Inden	State nnification Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Customers	\$	1	\$ -	\$	-
Cash Received from Required Contributions/Premiums Cash Paid to Vendors		26,217 (3,965)	21,590 (15,756)		- (6)
Cash Paid to Employees Cash Paid for Claims and Judgments		(602) (28,549)	 (529) (5,965)		(46) (651)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		(6,898)	 (660)		(703)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:					0.055
Transfers from Other Funds Transfers to Other Funds		-	-		2,075
Other Noncapital Receipts (Payments)		-	 		-
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities			 -		2,075
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		4 125	(5.021)		(1.256)
Sale (Purchase) of Investments (Net) Interest and Dividends Received		4,125 318	(5,031) 989		(1,256) 7
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities		4,443	 (4,042)		(1,249)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		.,	 (,, , , , _)		(-,)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(2,455)	(4,702)		123
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1		4,494	 14,016		213
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$	2,039	\$ 9,314	\$	336
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(308)	\$ 2,002	\$	(452)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Changes in Assets and Liabilities:					
Accounts Receivable		2,379	353		-
Due from Other Funds		(8,382)	(15)		-
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals Due to Other Funds		65 1	52 3		-
Claims and Judgments Payable Other Liabilities		(718) 65	(3,178) 123		(251)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	(6,898)	\$ (660)	\$	(703)
Noncash Investing Activities:					
Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$	(10)	\$ (17)	\$	1



plemental ay Fund	Teacher Indemnification Fund		Unemployment Compensation Fund		Vorkers' npensation Fund	 Total
\$ (3)	\$	51 (767) -	\$	- 16,861 (99) - (13,698)	\$ 89,897 (10,432) (1,011) (88,552)	\$ 1 154,616 (31,028) (2,188) (137,452)
 (40)		(716)		3,064	 (10,098)	 (16,051)
 (1,575)		- - -		- -	 8,986	 2,075 (1,575) 8,986
 (1,575)		-			 8,986	 9,486
 1,234 34		293 58		(2,814) 96	 (467) 195	 (3,916) 1,697
 1,268		351		(2,718)	 (272)	 (2,219)
(347)		(365)		346	(1,384)	(8,784)
 363		804		301	 3,704	 23,895
\$ 16	\$	439	\$	647	\$ 2,320	\$ 15,111
\$ (40)	\$	(716)	\$	(75)	\$ (9,176)	\$ (8,765)
- - - -		- - - -		649 4,158 - (1,668)	(5,413) (56,105) (51) (55) 60,702	(2,032) (60,344) 66 (51) 54,887 188
\$ (40)	\$	(716)	\$	3,064	\$ (10,098)	\$ (16,051)
\$ (1)	\$	(1)	\$	2	\$ (5)	\$ (31)



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Description of Fiduciary Funds



Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the State in a fiduciary capacity. The State has the following fiduciary funds.

PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS

Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds are used to account for activities and balances of the public employee retirement systems and other employee benefit plans. The State's pension and other employee benefit trust funds are described below:

Pension Trust Funds

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The **District Attorneys Retirement Fund** (old plan) is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the purpose of paying retirement benefits to the district attorneys of the State.

The **Employees' Retirement System** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for qualified employees of the State and its political subdivisions.

The **Firefighters' Pension Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the purpose of paying retirement benefits to the firefighters of the State.

The **Georgia Judicial Retirement System** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for trial judges and solicitors of certain courts in Georgia, and their survivors and beneficiaries, superior court judges of the State, and district attorneys of the State.

The **Georgia Military Pension Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits to members of the Georgia National Guard.

The **Judges of the Probate Courts Retirement Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the purpose of paying retirement benefits to the judges of the Probate Courts of the State.

The **Legislative Retirement System** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for all members of the Georgia General Assembly.

The **Magistrates Retirement Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the purpose of providing retirement benefits for those serving as duly qualified and commissioned chief magistrates of counties in the State.

The **Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the purpose of paying retirement benefits to the peace officers of the State.

The **Public School Employees Retirement System** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System.

The **Sheriffs' Retirement Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the purpose of paying retirement benefits to the sheriffs of the State.

Description of Fiduciary Funds



The **Superior Court Clerks' Retirement Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the purpose of paying retirement benefits to the Superior Court clerks of the State.

The **Superior Court Judges Retirement Fund** (old plan) is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the purpose of paying retirement benefits to the Superior Court judges of the State.

The **Teachers Retirement System** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for teachers and administrative personnel employed in State public schools and the University System of Georgia (except those professors and principal administrators electing to participate in an optional retirement plan), and for certain other designated employees in educational-related work.

Defined Contribution / Deferred Compensation Pension Plans

The **Georgia Defined Contribution Plan** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for State employees who are not members of a public retirement or pension system.

The **Deferred Compensation Plans** are used to account for the accumulation of resources for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for State employees and employees of Community Service Boards who elect to defer a portion of their annual salary until future years.

Other Postemployment Benefit Plans

The **Board of Regents Retiree Health Benefit Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources necessary to meet employer costs of retiree post-employment health insurance benefits.

The Georgia State Employees Post-employment Health Benefit Fund (State OPEB Fund) pays postemployment health benefits (including benefits to qualified beneficiaries of eligible former employees) due under the group health plan for employees of State organizations and other entities authorized by law to contract with the Department of Community Health for inclusion in the plan. It also pays administrative expenses for the Fund. By law, no other use of assets of the State OPEB Fund is permitted.

The Georgia School Personnel Post-employment Health Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) pays postemployment health benefits (including benefits for qualified beneficiaries of eligible former employees) due under the group health plan for public school teachers including librarians and other certified employees of the public schools and regional educational service agencies, postemployment health benefits due under the group health plan for non-certificated public school employees, and administrative expenses of the Fund. By law, no other use of assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

The **State Employees' Assurance Department – OPEB** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the purpose of providing term life insurance to retired and vested inactive members of Employees', Judicial, and Legislative Retirement Systems.

The **State Employees' Assurance Department** – **Active** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the purpose of providing survivors' benefits for eligible members of the Employees', Judicial, and Legislative Retirement Systems.

Description of Fiduciary Funds



INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS

Investment Trust Funds are used to account for the external portion of a government sponsored investment pool. The State's investment trust funds are described below:

The **Georgia Extended Asset Pool** is responsible for providing prudent management of public funds on behalf of the State and local governments seeking income higher than money market rates.

The **Georgia Fund 1** is a combination local and state government investment pool with primary objectives specific to safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal. This fund was established to enable local governments to voluntarily invest any idle local monies.

The **Regents Investment Pool** invests funds on behalf of units of the university system and their affiliated foundations.

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to report resources of all other trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The State's private purpose trust funds are described below:

The Auctioneers Education, Research and Recovery Fund provides for actual or compensatory damages in instances where a person is aggrieved by an act, representation, transaction, or conduct of a person licensed under OCGA 43-6 (duly licensed auctioneer, apprentice auctioneer, or auction company) who is in violation of state law. Also, the fund is used to help underwrite the cost of education and research programs for the benefit of licensees and the public.

The **Real Estate Education, Research and Recovery Fund** provides for actual or compensatory damages in instances where a person is aggrieved by an act, representation, transaction, or conduct of a duly licensed broker, associate broker or salesperson who is in violation of state law. Also, the fund is used to help underwrite the cost of developing courses, conducting seminars, conducting research projects on matters affecting real estate brokerage, publishing and distributing educational materials, or other education and research programs for the benefit of licensees and the public.

The **Subsequent Injury Trust Fund** is a special workers' compensation fund designed to encourage employers to hire workers with pre-existing impairments by insuring against the aggravating impact such impairment could have if the worker were subsequently injured on the job.

Description of Fiduciary Funds



AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to report assets and liabilities for deposits and investments entrusted to the State as an agent for others. The State's significant agency funds are described below:

The **Child Support Recovery Program** accounts for the collection of court ordered child support or child support amounts due as determined in conformity with the Social Security Act. Amounts collected are distributed and deposited in conformity with state law and the standards prescribed in the Social Security Act.

The **County Medicaid Administrative Funds** are billed by the State on behalf of local governments, and represent eligible administrative costs paid at the county level. Amounts collected are distributed to county boards of health.

The **Detainees' Accounts** are held for the detainees of statewide probation offices, correctional institutions, diversion centers, detention centers, transitional centers and boot camps for the purpose of paying courtordered fines, fees and restitutions and for operating recreational activities for detainees.

The **Flexible Benefits Program** accounts for participant payroll deductions for benefits and spending accounts; disbursements are made to insurance companies for premiums and to participants for spending account reimbursements.

The **Railroad Car Tax** fund is used to collect railroad car taxes on behalf of county governments and to remit the taxes back to the counties.

The **Real Estate Transfer Tax** fund is used to collect real estate transfer taxes on behalf of county governments and to remit the taxes back to the counties.

Sales Tax Collections for Local Governments for the Education Local Option Sales Tax, Homestead Option Sales Tax, Local Option Sales Tax, MARTA Sales Tax, and Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax. These funds are used to account for the collection and disbursement of local option sales taxes on behalf of county and municipal governments.

Sales Tax Collections for Local Governments for the **Transportation Investment Act (TIA)** accounts for the State's collection of and disbursement to the special tax districts in which the tax has been imposed and collected in accordance with the TIA.

The **Telecommunications Relay Service Fund** was established to provide telecommunication services to hearing/speech impaired Georgians. All local exchange telephone companies in the State impose a monthly maintenance surcharge on residential and business local exchange access facilities, which are deposited into this fund solely for the provisions of the Dual Party Relay System.

The **Universal Service Fund** was established for the purpose of assisting low-income customers in times of emergency by providing energy conservation assistance to such customers; and to provide contributions in aid of construction to permit the electing distribution company to extend and expand its facilities from time to time as the commission deems to be in the public interest. Funding comes from rate refunds from interstate pipeline suppliers, funds deposited by marketers, and various other refunds, surcharges and earnings.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

			Defined Contribution Plans							
	Defined Benefit			Jeorgia Defined		Deferred Compensation Plans				
	Pension Pl	ans	Cor	ntribution		401 (K)		457		
	(see combining)			Plan		Plan		Plan		
Assets										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 527	,326	\$	51,331	\$	23	\$	19		
Receivables										
Interest and Dividends		5,948		131		-		-		
Due from Brokers for Securities Sold		5,857		-		-		-		
Other	170),819		1,124		1,467		399		
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-		
Investments										
Pooled Investments	13,373			15		-		4		
Mutual Funds		5,874		-		509,279		548,142		
Repurchase Agreements	1,525			-		-		-		
Municipal, U. S. and Foreign Government Obligations	8,560			23,125		-		-		
Corporate Bonds/Notes/Debentures	6,650			34,412		-		-		
Stocks	41,847			-		-		-		
Asset-Backed Securities		2,024		-		-		-		
Mortgage Investments		2,213		-		-		-		
Real Estate Investment Trusts	29	9,332		-		-		-		
Capital Assets										
Land		2,071		-		-		-		
Buildings		,693		-		-		-		
Software		9,325		-		-		-		
Machinery and Equipment	-	5,595		-		-		-		
Works of Art		114		-		-		-		
Accumulated Depreciation	(34	1,985)		-		-		-		
Other Assets		625		-		-		-		
Total Assets	73,624	,367		110,138		510,769		548,564		
Liabilities										
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals	34	,926		575		5,082		731		
Due to Other Funds	2	2,604		-		-		-		
Due to Brokers for Securities Purchased	132	2,779		-		-		-		
Salaries/Withholdings Payable		2		-		-		-		
Benefits Payable		-		-		-		-		
Unearned Revenue		4		-		-		-		
Compensated Absences Payable		58		-		-		-		
Total Liabilities	170),373		575		5,082		731		
Net Position										
Held in Trust for:										
Pension Benefits	73,453	3,994		109,563		505,687		547,833		
Other Postemployment Benefits		-		-		-		-		
Other Employee Benefits		-		-		-		-		
Total Net Position	\$ 73,453	3,994	\$	109,563	\$	505,687	\$	547,833		



Total	 State Employees' Assurance Department - Active	s' 	State Employee Assurance Department - OPEB	nt	Georgia School Person Postemploym Health Benefit	eorgia Employees nployment Benefit Fund	State I Poster	e Health	Board of Regents Retiree Health Benefit Fund	
582,8	\$ \$ 58	1	\$ 2	-	\$	-	\$	4,075	\$	
216,0	-	-		-		-		-		
76,8	-	-		-		-		-		
200,20	-	-		94	13,3	7,177		5,822		
43,90	136	5	2,34)6	29,1	12,374		-		
14,483,8′	204,585	l	905,46	-		-		-		
1,583,29	-	-		-		-		-		
1,525,00	-	-		-		-		-		
8,590,08	-	-		-		-		-		
6,684,92	-	-		-		-		-		
41,847,23	-	-		-		-		-		
12,02	-	-		-		-		-		
92,2	-	-		-		-		-		
29,33	-	-		-		-		-		
2,07	-	-		-		-		-		
7,69	-	-		-		-		-		
29,32	-	-		-		-		-		
5,59	-	-		-		-		-		
1	-	-		-		-		-		
(34,98 62	-	-		-		-		-		
75,978,39	 204,779	<u> </u>	907,83	00	42,5	19,551		9,897		
45,3	-	-		53	2,5	1,154		352		
2,60	-	-		-		-		-		
132,7	-	-		-		-		-		
54.0	-	-		-	21.7	-		-		
54,8	-	-			31,3	14,171		9,327		
12,8	-	-		-	8,6	4,226		-		
248,49	 			00	42,5	19,551		9,679		
	 			<u> </u>	,					
74,617,0	-	-		-		-		-		
908,04	-	l	907,83	-		-		218		
204,7	 204,779					-		-		
75,729,90	\$ \$ 204,779	l	\$ 907,83	-	\$	-	\$	218	\$	

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	Defined Benefit Pension Plans (see combining)	Georgia Defined Contribution Plan	Deferred Comp 401 (K)	pensatio	n Plans	
			401 (K)		pensation Plans	
		r iali	Plan		457 Plan	
Additions:						
Contributions						
Employer	\$ 1,567,900	\$ -	\$ 18,279	\$	-	
Plan Members	692,616	16,676	44,428		18,753	
Other Contributions						
Fines and Bond Forfeitures	19,174	-	-		-	
Insurance Company Premium Taxes	28,443	-	-		-	
Insurance Premiums	-	-	-		-	
Other Fees	4,901	-	-		-	
Rebates	-	-	-		-	
Interest and Other Investment Income						
Dividends and Interest	1,703,254	709	502		702	
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in						
Investments Reported at Fair Value	7,104,343	(515)	53,767		55,626	
Less: Investment Expense	(45,141)	(57)	(1,434)		(591)	
Other						
Transfers from Other Funds	(2,769)	-	-		-	
Miscellaneous	503		948		-	
Total Additions	11,073,224	16,813	116,490		74,490	
Deductions:						
General and Administrative Expenses	40,420	1,160	2,457		996	
Benefits	4,967,186	9	57,351		63,388	
Refunds	90,360	14,415			-	
Total Deductions	5,097,966	15,584	59,808		64,384	
Change in Net Position Held in Trust for						
Pension and Other Employee Benefits	5,975,258	1,229	56,682		10,106	
Net Position, July 1	67,478,736	108,334	449,005		537,727	
Net Position, June 30	\$ 73,453,994	\$ 109,563	\$ 505,687	\$	547,833	



		Other Postemployement Benefit Plans Board of Georgia Georgia State Employees' State												
	State Employees' Assurance Department -	ŝ	State Employees' Assurance Department -	Georgia School Personnel Postemployment	Po	Georgia te Employees stemployment	Stat Post	Regents ree Health	R Reti					
Total	Active		OPEB	-	ealth Benefit Fund	Heal	th Benefit Fund	Healtl	efit Fund	Ben				
2,213,625 948,581	\$ \$ - -	\$	\$ - -		\$ 362,527 98,620	\$	181,504 47,352	\$	83,415 30,136	\$				
					*		,		,					
19,174	-		-		-		-		-					
28,443	-		-		-		-	-						
14,173	699		5,075		-		-	8,399						
4,901 6,600	-		-		-		-	6,600	6,600					
1,731,054	4,724		21,055		-		-		108	108				
7,320,399	19,647		87,531		-		-		-					
(47,759)	(98)		(438)		-		-		-					
2,240	-		5,009		-		-		-					
1,451	 -			-	-				-					
12,242,882	 24,972		118,232	_	461,147		228,856		128,658					
84,512	22		203		16,928		8,016		14,310					
5,899,332	3,561		205 28,482		444,219		220,840		14,310					
104,775	 			_			-		-					
6,088,619	 3,583		28,685	_	461,147		228,856		128,606					
6,154,263	21,389		89,547		-		-		52					
69,575,642	 183,390		818,284	_	-		-		166					
75,729,905	\$ \$ 204,779	5	\$ 907,831	_	\$	\$		\$	218	\$				

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds Defined Benefit Pension Plans

June 30, 2013

(dollars in thousands)

	District Attorneys Retirement Fund		Employees' Retirement System		Firefighters' Pension Fund		Georgia Judicial Retirement System		Georgia Military Pension Fund		Judges of the Probate Courts Retirement Fund	
Assets												
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3	\$	28,445	\$	74	\$	421	\$	48	\$	75
Receivables												
Interest and Dividends		-		42,971		1,534		-		-		-
Due from Brokers for Securities Sold		-		8,543		27,232		-		-		211
Other		-		29,649		16		289		-		-
Investments												
Pooled Investments		-	12,	149,057		-		351,563		12,094		-
Mutual Funds		-		-		202,072		-		-		4,147
Repurchase Agreements		-		-		-		-		-		-
Municipal, U. S. and Foreign Government Obligations		-		-		51,271		-		-		3,408
Corporate Bonds/Notes/Debentures		-		-		80,656		-		-		6,465
Stocks		-		-		226,285		-		-		50,172
Asset-Backed Securities		-		-		3,029		-		-		1,567
Mortgage Investments		-		-		77,709		-		-		660
Real Estate Investment Trusts		-		-		27,371		-		-		462
Capital Assets												
Land		-		944		85		-		-		-
Buildings		-		2,799		1,534		-		-		-
Software		-		14,345		-		-		-		-
Machinery and Equipment		-		2,334		165		-		-		-
Works of Art		-		-		114		-		-		-
Accumulated Depreciation		-		(16,645)		(448)		-		-		-
Other Assets		-		-		3		-		-		-
Total Assets		3	12,	262,442		698,702		352,273		12,142		67,167
Liabilities												
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals		1		23,194		1,646		363		12		-
Due to Other Funds		-		2,465		-,		21				-
Due to Brokers for Securities Purchased		-		8,969		42,370		-		-		1,157
Salaries/Withholdings Payable		-		-				-		-		-
Unearned Revenue		-				-		-		_		-
Compensated Absences Payable		-		-		55		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		1		34,628		44,071		384		12		1,157
Net Position												
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$	2	\$ 12,	227,814	\$	654,631	\$	351,889	\$	12,130	\$	66,010



Legislative Retirement System		Magistrates Retirement Fund		Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund		Public School Employees Retirement System		Sheriffs' Retirement Fund		Superior Court Clerks' Retirement Fund		Superior Court Judges Retirement Fund		Teachers Retirement System		Total	
\$	59	\$	38	\$	149	\$	100	\$	241	\$	11,260	\$	28	\$	486,385	\$	527,326
	-		30		110		-		218		284		-		170,801		215,948
	-		-		7,231		-		-		99		-		33,541		76,857
	35		-		-		-		-		278		-		140,552		170,819
	29,440		-		87,446		728,236		5,894		10,077		-		1		13,373,808
	-		7,268		295,357		-		17,030		-		-		-		525,874
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,525,000		1,525,000
	-		1,680		81,547		-		6,193		50,791		-		8,372,071		8,566,961
	-		1,382		40,037		-		11,712		-		-		6,510,257		6,650,509
	-		3,883		105,557		-		39,022		26,633		-		41,395,706		41,847,258
	-		-		7,428		-		-		-		-		-		12,024
	-		-		13,844		-		-		-		-		-		92,213
	-		-		1,499		-		-		-		-		-		29,332
	-		-		98		-		-		-		-		944		2,071
	-		-		560		-		-		-		-		2,800		7,693
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		14,980		29,325
	-		-		155		-		-		-		-		2,941		5,595
	-		-		-		-				-		-		-		114
	-		-		(234)		-		-		-		-		(17,658)		(34,985)
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		622		625
	29,534		14,281		640,784		728,336		80,310		99,422		28		58,638,943		73,624,367
	47		202				1,069		19		94		25		8,254		34,926
	47		202		-		1,009		19		94		- 23		8,2.34 115		2,604
	5				36,027						8,521				35,735		132,779
					2				_								2
	-		-		-		-		-		4		-		_		4
	-		-		-		-		3		-		-		-		58
	50		202		36,029		1,069		22		8,619		25		44,104		170,373
\$	29,484	\$	14,079	\$	604,755	\$	727,267	\$	80,288	\$	90,803	\$	3	\$	58,594,839	\$	73,453,994

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds Defined Benefit Pension Plans For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	District Attorneys Retirement Fund		Employees' Retirement System		Firefighters' Pension Fund		Georgia Judicial Retirement System		Georgia Military Pension Fund		Judges of the Probate Courts Retirement Fund	
Additions:												
Contributions												
Employer	\$	80	\$	359,001	\$	-	\$	2,279	\$	-	\$	-
Plan Members		-		38,956		2,616		4,408		-		153
Other Contributions												
Fines and Bond Forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-		530
Insurance Company Premium Taxes		-		-		28,443		-		-		-
Other Fees		-		-		-		-		-		760
Interest and Other Investment Income												
Dividends and Interest		-		291,503		14,563		8,197		267		1,530
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in												
Investments Reported at Fair Value		-		1,211,862		78,288		34,078		1,112		6,213
Less: Investment Expense		-		(7,516)		(3,339)		(171)		(6)		(421)
Other												
Transfers from Other Funds		-		(5,009)		-		-		1,703		-
Miscellaneous		1				406		-		-		-
Total Additions		81		1,888,797	·	120,977	·	48,791		3,076		8,765
Deductions:												
General and Administrative Expenses		1		12,899		1,352		313		31		48
Benefits		80		1,269,201		35,919		16,250		772		3,489
Refunds		-		7,390		622		105		-		10
Total Deductions		81		1,289,490		37,893		16,668		803		3,547
Change in Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits		-		599,307		83,084		32,123		2,273		5,218
Net Position, July 1		2		11,628,507		571,547		319,766		9,857		60,792
Net Position, June 30	\$	2	\$	12,227,814	\$	654,631	\$	351,889	\$	12,130	\$	66,010



Ret	islative irement ystem	Magistrates Retirement Fund		etirement Annuity and		Public School Employees Retirement System		Sheriffs' Retirement Fund		Superior Court Clerks' Retirement Fund		Superior Court Judges Retirement Fund		Teachers Retirement System		Total	
\$	128 373	\$	- 142	\$	- 3,449	\$	24,829 1,538	\$	126	\$	- 110	\$	1,629	\$	1,179,954 640,745	\$	1,567,900 692,616
	-		-		15,471		-		2,338		835		-		-		19,174 28,443
	-		1,682		-		-		-		2,459		-		-		4,901
	696		266		13,117		17,145		1,909		2,706		-		1,351,355		1,703,254
	2,892 (12)		1,191 (58)		67,177 (2,494)		71,278 (357)		7,903 (389)		5,409 (432)		-		5,616,940 (29,946)		7,104,343 (45,141)
	-		-		- 84		-		- 6		-		- 6		537		(2,769) 503
	4,077		3,223		96,804		114,433		11,893		11,087		1,635		8,759,585		11,073,224
	119 1,824 88		37 - 75		651 25,416 391		2,021 55,041 492		206 4,887 25		130 4,529 20		6 1,629 -		22,606 3,548,149 81,142		40,420 4,967,186 90,360
	2,031		112		26,458		57,554		5,118		4,679		1,635		3,651,897		5,097,966
	2,046		3,111		70,346		56,879		6,775		6,408		-		5,107,688		5,975,258
	27,438		10,968		534,409		670,388		73,513		84,395		3		53,487,151		67,478,736
\$	29,484	\$	14,079	\$	604,755	\$	727,267	\$	80,288	\$	90,803	\$	3	\$	58,594,839	\$	73,453,994

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Investment Trust Funds June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)



Regents

	Ext	Extended Asset Pool		Georgia Fund 1	In	vestment Pool	 Total
Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	69,206	\$	3,907,234	\$	-	\$ 3,976,440
Investments, at Fair Value							
Pooled Investments		106,705		1,928,743		23,357	2,058,805
Interest Receivable		-		-		34	 34
Total Assets		175,911		5,835,977		23,391	 6,035,279
Net Position							
Held in Trust for Pool Participants	\$	175,911	\$	5,835,977	\$	23,391	\$ 6,035,279

Georgia

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Investment Trust Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)



Regents

	Extended Asset Pool		 Georgia Fund 1	In	vestment Pool	 Total
Additions:						
Pool Participant Deposits	\$	60,000	\$ 7,420,789	\$	3,485	\$ 7,484,274
Interest and Other Investment Income						
Dividends and Interest		620	12,831		433	13,884
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Investments						
Reported at Fair Value		72	-		357	429
Less: Investment Expense	(72)		(3,499)	(36)		(3,607)
Total Additions		60,620	 7,430,121		4,239	 7,494,980
Deductions:						
Pool Participant Withdrawals		10,600	 7,483,980		1,701	 7,496,281
Change in Net Position Held in Trust for Pool Participants		50,020	(53,859)		2,538	(1,301)
Net Position, July 1		125,891	 5,889,836		20,853	 6,036,580
Net Position, June 30	\$	175,911	\$ 5,835,977	\$	23,391	\$ 6,035,279

Georgia

Assets

Total Assets Liabilities

Due to Other Funds

Other Liabilities
Total Liabilities
Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments, at Fair Value Pooled Investments Capital Assets Buildings

Machinery and Equipment Accumulated Depreciation

Accounts Payable and Other Accruals

Compensated Absences Payable

Held in Trust for Other Purposes

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

Auctione Educatio Research Recovery I	on, and	Educ Resea	Estate ation, rch and ery Fund	Inj	equent ury Fund	Total				
\$	432	\$	806	\$	4,114	\$	5,352			
	179		728		1,416		2,323			
	- - -		- - -		826 103 (615)		826 103 (615)			
	611		1,534		5,844		7,989			
	-		9		2		11 3			
	-		-		198 496		198 496			
·			9		699		708			
\$ 611		\$	1,525	\$	5,145	\$	7,281			

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

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	Education, Research and Recovery Fund			tion, h and y Fund	bsequent Injury ust Fund	Total
Additions:						
Contributions/Assessments						
Participants	\$	22	\$	83	\$ 99,956	\$ 100,061
Interest and Other Investment Income						
Dividends and Interest		1		4	 71	 76
Total Additions		23		87	 100,027	 100,137
Deductions;						
General and Administrative Expenses		-		311	2,290	2,601
Benefits		-		-	99,262	99,262
Total Deductions		-		311	 101,552	 101,863
Change in Net Position Held in Trust for Other Purposes		23		(224)	(1,525)	(1,726)
Net Position, July 1		588		1,749	 6,670	 9,007
Net Position, June 30	\$	611	\$	1,525	\$ 5,145	\$ 7,281

Auctioneers

Real Estate

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds

June 30, 2013

(dollars in thousands)

	Child Support Recovery Program		County Medicaid Administrative Funds		Detainees' Accounts		Flexible Benefits Program		Railroad Car Tax		Real E Transfe	
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable Investments, at Fair Value Certificates of Deposit Pooled Investments Mutual Funds Municipal, U. S. and Foreign Government Obligations Other Assets	\$	21,243	\$	2,827 4,608 - - -	\$	30,976 - - - -	\$	9,429 - 3,501 - -	\$	5,566 - 2,836 - -	\$	
Total Assets	\$	21,243	\$	7,435	\$	30,976	\$	12,930	\$	8,402	\$	-
Liabilities Accounts Payable and Other Accruals Funds Held for Others Other Liabilities	\$	21,243	\$	6,923 512	\$	- 30,976 -	\$	1,724 11,206 -	\$	8,402	\$	- -
Total Liabilities	\$	21,243	\$	7,435	\$	30,976	\$	12,930	\$	8,402	\$	-



	Sales Tax Collections for Local Governments											Т	elecom-					
Education Local Option		Homestead Option				MARTA		Special Purpose Local Option		Transportation Investment Act		munications Relay Service Fund		Universal Service Fund		Miscellaneous		 Total
\$	181	\$	65	\$	174	\$	193 -	\$	(67)	\$	2,753	\$	6,497 -	\$	-	\$	44,762 361	\$ 121,846 7,722
	- 90 - -		32		- 86 - -		95 - -		(33)		- - - -		3,157		- 4,489 51,692 -		1,791 11,187 - - 58,871	 1,791 20,951 4,489 51,692 58,871
\$	271	\$	97	\$	260	\$	288	\$	(100)	\$	2,753	\$	9,654	\$	56,181	\$	116,972	\$ 267,362
\$	271	\$	- 97 -	\$	260	\$	288	\$	(100)	\$	2,753	\$	9,654	\$	56,181	\$	606 116,363 3	\$ 9,253 258,106 3
\$	271	\$	97	\$	260	\$	288	\$	(100)	\$	2,753	\$	9,654	\$	56,181	\$	116,972	\$ 267,362

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)



		Balance July 1, 2012		Additions		Deductions		Balance e 30, 2013
Child Support Recovery Program								
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	23,645	\$	769,789	\$	772,191	\$	21,243
Cash and Cash Equivalents	φ	23,045	φ	709,789	φ	112,191	φ	21,245
Liabilities								
Funds Held for Others	\$	23,645	\$	769,789	\$	772,191	\$	21,243
County Medicaid Administrative Funds								
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,688	\$	124,313	\$	124,174	\$	2,827
Accounts Receivable	¢	1,628	¢	22,226	¢	19,246	¢	4,608
Total Assets	\$	4,316	\$	146,539	\$	143,420	\$	7,435
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals	\$	1,225	\$	28,178	\$	22,480	\$	6,923
Funds Held for Others		3,091	-	87,365	_	89,944	-	512
Total Liabilities	\$	4,316	\$	115,543	\$	112,424	\$	7,435
Detainees' Accounts								
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	27,536	\$	136,411	\$	132,971	\$	30,976
Liabilities								
Funds Held for Others	\$	27,536	\$	136,411	\$	132,971	\$	30,976
Flexible Benefits Program								
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,016	\$	245,109	\$	242,696	\$	9,429
Investments		2,238		3,501		2,238		3,501
Total Assets	\$	9,254	\$	248,610	\$	244,934	\$	12,930
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals	\$	79	\$	179,215	\$	177,570	\$	1,724
Funds Held for Others		9,175		182,370		180,339		11,206
Total Liabilities	\$	9,254	\$	361,585	\$	357,909	\$	12,930
Railroad Car Tax								
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	521	\$	7,882	\$	2,837	\$	5,566
Investments	φ	321	φ	2,836	φ	321	φ	2,836
Total Assets	\$	842	\$	10,718	\$	3,158	\$	8,402
Liabilities								
Funds Held for Others	\$	842	\$	7,560	\$	-	\$	8,402
Real Estate Transfer Tax Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,823	\$	-	\$	1,823	\$	-
Liabilities								
Funds Held for Others	\$	1,823	\$	-	\$	1,823	\$	-
							(continued)

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

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		Balance July 1, 2012		Additions	Ι	Deductions		alance 30, 2013
Sales Tax Collections for Local Governments								
Education Local Option Sales Tax								
Assets							-	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	549	\$	1,607,469	\$	1,607,837	\$	181
Investments	¢	253	¢	90	¢	253	¢	90
Total Assets	\$	802	\$	1,607,559	\$	1,608,090	\$	271
Liabilities								
Funds Held for Others	\$	802	\$	1,607,216	\$	1,607,747	\$	271
Homestead Option Sales Tax								
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	42	\$	121,573	\$	121,550	\$	65
Investments		19		32		19		32
Total Assets	\$	61	\$	121,605	\$	121,569	\$	97
Liabilities								
Funds Held for Others	\$	61	\$	121,554	\$	121,518	\$	97
Local Option Sales Tax								
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	352	\$	1,361,834	\$	1,362,012	\$	174
Investments		219		86		219		86
Total Assets	\$	571	\$	1,361,920	\$	1,362,231	\$	260
Liabilities								
Funds Held for Others	\$	571	\$	1,361,615	\$	1,361,926	\$	260
MARTA Sales Tax								
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	105	\$	344,115	\$	344,027	\$	193
Investments		48		95		48		95
Total Assets	\$	153	\$	344,210	\$	344,075	\$	288
Liabilities								
Funds Held for Others	\$	153	\$	344,067	\$	343,932	\$	288
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax								
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	396	\$	1,191,138	\$	1,191,601	\$	(67)
Investments		182		(33)		182		(33)
Total Assets	\$	578	\$	1,191,105	\$	1,191,783	\$	(100)
Liabilities								
Funds Held for Others	\$	578	\$	1,190,956	\$	1,191,634	\$	(100)
							(0	continued)

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

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		Balance y 1, 2012		Additions		Deductions	Balance June 30, 2013	
Transportation Investment Act Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	13,496	\$	13,496	\$	-
Investments	\$	-	¢	2,753	\$	12.400	¢	2,753
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	16,249	\$	13,496	\$	2,753
Liabilities								
Funds Held for Others	\$	-	\$	16,249	\$	13,496	\$	2,753
Telecommunications Relay Service Fund								
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	8,860	\$	4,055	\$	6,418	\$	6,497
Investments	¢	4,022	¢	3,157	¢	4,022	¢	3,157
Total Assets	\$	12,882	\$	7,212	\$	10,440	\$	9,654
Liabilities								
Funds Held for Others	\$	12,882	\$	32	\$	3,260	\$	9,654
Universal Service Fund								
Assets								
Investments	\$	48,427	\$	11,485	\$	3,731	\$	56,181
Liabilities								
Funds Held for Others	\$	48,427	\$	11,485	\$	3,731	\$	56,181
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	69,500	\$	117,187	\$	141,925	\$	44,762
Accounts Receivable		651		3,526		3,816		361
Investments		9,736		11,289		8,047		12,978
Other Assets		34,647		24,224		-	-	58,871
Total Assets	\$	114,534	\$	156,226	\$	153,788	\$	116,972
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals	\$	942	\$	15,140	\$	15,476	\$	606
Funds Held for Others		113,573		131,546		128,756		116,363
Other Liabilities		19	-	1,168	-	1,184	<u></u>	3
Total Liabilities	\$	114,534	\$	147,854	\$	145,416	\$	116,972
TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	143,033	\$	6,044,371	\$	6,065,558	\$	121,846
Accounts Receivable		2,279		28,505		23,062		7,722
Investments		65,465		32,538		19,080		78,923
Other Assets	¢	34,647	¢	24,224	¢	- 6 107 700	¢	58,871
Total Assets	\$	245,424	\$	6,129,638	\$	6,107,700	\$	267,362
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals	\$	2,246	\$	222,533	\$	215,526	\$	9,253
Funds Held for Others		243,159		5,968,215		5,953,268		258,106
Other Liabilities	¢	<u>19</u> 245,424	¢	1,168 6,191,916	¢	1,184	¢	3
Total Liabilities	\$	245,424	\$	0,191,910	\$	6,169,978	\$	267,362

NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS



Description of Nonmajor Component Units



Component units are legally separate organizations for which the State's elected officials are considered to be financially accountable. Nonmajor component units are described below:

Economic Development Organizations

The Economic Development organizations cultivate business for the State. These organizations are described below:

The **Geo. L. Smith II Georgia World Congress Center Authority** is a body corporate and politic and an instrumentality and public corporation of the State. The Authority is responsible for operating and maintaining a comprehensive international trade and convention center consisting of a complex of facilities suitable for multipurpose use. The Governor appoints the fifteen members of the Board.

The **Georgia Development Authority** is a body corporate and politic. The Authority was created to assist agricultural and industrial interests by providing credit and servicing functions to better enable farmers and businessmen to obtain needed capital funds. The Board consists of three State officials designated by statute and four members appointed by the Governor.

The **Georgia International and Maritime Trade Center Authority** is a body corporate and politic. The Authority was created to develop and promote the growth of the State's import and export markets through its ports and other transportation modes, and to construct, operate and maintain the Savannah International Trade and Convention Center. State officials appoint nine of the twelve members of the Board.

The **Georgia Medical Center Authority** is a body corporate and politic. The general nature of the business of the Authority is the provision of life sciences industry research and development and manufacturing facilities and programs based in the State of Georgia, the commercialization of biomedical and biotechnical research results, the promotion of closer ties between academic institutions of the state and the biomedical industry, the facilitation of the development of a life sciences industrial cluster in the State, and the advancement of local and state economic growth. The seven Authority members are appointed by State officials. During the year ended June 30, 2013, the Authority was instructed by the Governor to cease its operations effective July 1, 2013. The Authority's board is currently awaiting instruction from the State for the official closing of the Authority, and for instructions related to the delivery of its remaining assets. It is anticipated that this will occur no earlier than January 2014.

The **Georgia Seed Development Commission** is a body corporate and politic and an instrumentality and public corporation of the State whose purpose is to purchase, process, and resell breeders' and foundation seeds. The Commission consists of eleven members who are accountable as trustees. Of the eleven members serving on the Board, six members are State officials or are appointed by State officials.

The **OneGeorgia Authority** is a body corporate and politic and an instrumentality and public corporation of the State. The purpose of the Authority is to promote the health, welfare, safety and economic society of the rural citizens of the State through the development and retention of employment opportunities in rural areas and the enhancement of the infrastructures that accomplish that goal. The six members of the Authority are State officials designated by statute.

The **Georgia Foundation for Public Education** is a nonprofit organization established to solicit and accept contributions of money and in-kind contributions of services and property for the purpose of supporting educational excellence in Georgia.

Description of Nonmajor Component Units



The **Georgia Higher Education Assistance Corporation** is a public authority, body corporate and politic. The Corporation was created to improve the higher educational opportunities of eligible students by guaranteeing educational loan credit to students and to parents of students. The Corporation is governed by the Board of Commissioners of the Georgia Student Finance Commission. The Board consists of thirteen members appointed by the Governor.

The **Georgia Highway Authority** is a body corporate and politic. This Authority was created to build, rebuild, relocate, construct, reconstruct, surface, resurface, layout, grade, repair, improve, widen, straighten, operate, own, maintain, lease and manage roads, bridges and approaches. The three members of the Authority are State officials designated by statute.

The **Georgia Military College** is a public authority, body corporate and politic, and an instrumentality and public corporation of the State. Georgia Military College is dedicated to providing a high-quality military education to the youth of the State. The Board of Trustees consists of the mayor of the City of Milledgeville and six additional members, one of which is elected from each of the six municipal voting districts of the City, as required by statute. The government, control, and management of Georgia Military College are vested in the Board of Trustees. Georgia Military College receives any designated funds appropriated by the General Assembly through the Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia.

The **Georgia Public Telecommunications Commission** is a body corporate and politic. This Commission is a public charitable organization created for the purpose of providing educational, instructional and public broadcasting services to citizens of Georgia. The budget of the Commission must be approved by the State. The Board consists of nine members appointed by the Governor. Financial information presented for the Commission includes its component unit, Foundation for Public Broadcasting in Georgia, Inc.

The **Georgia Rail Passenger Authority** is a body corporate and politic. This Authority is responsible for construction, financing, operation and development of rail passenger service and other public transportation projects. The Board includes one member from each congressional district appointed by the Governor, as well as two appointed members from the State at large.

The **Georgia Regional Transportation Authority** is a body corporate and politic. The purpose of the Authority is to manage land transportation and air quality within certain areas of the State. The Governor appoints the fifteen members of the Authority.

The **Georgia Student Finance Authority** is a body corporate and politic. This Authority was created for the purpose of improving higher educational opportunities by providing educational scholarship, grant and loan assistance. A substantial amount of funding is provided to the Authority by the State. State officials comprise four of the fifteen members of the Board, and the Governor appoints the remaining eleven.

The **Higher Education Foundations** are nonprofit organizations established to secure and manage support for various projects including acquisitions and improvements of properties and facilities for units of the University System of Georgia.

The **Regional Educational Service Agencies** are agencies established to provide shared services to improve the effectiveness of educational programs and services of local school systems and to provide direct instructional programs to selected public school students. The State has sixteen of these agencies.

The **Superior Court Clerks' Cooperative Authority** is a body corporate and politic and an instrumentality and public corporation of the State created to provide a cooperative for the development, acquisition and distribution

Description of Nonmajor Component Units



of record management systems, information, services, supplies and materials for superior court clerks of the State. Of the ten members of the Board, the Governor appoints four. The nature of this organization is such that it would be misleading to exclude it from the reporting entity.

Tourism / State Attractions

These organizations promote State interests or encourage visitation to the State through the operation and maintenance of various attractions. Organizations involved in such activities are described below:

The **Georgia Agricultural Exposition Authority** is a body corporate and politic. This Authority is responsible for provision of a facility for the agricultural community, for public events, exhibits and other activities and for promotion and staging of a statewide fair. The Governor appoints the nine Board members.

The **Georgia Sports Hall of Fame Authority** is a body corporate and politic. This Authority was created to construct and maintain a facility to house the Georgia Sports Hall of Fame to honor those who have made outstanding and lasting contributions to sports and athletics, and to operate, advertise and promote the Sports Hall of Fame. State officials appoint the nine members of the Board. The Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission must approve the issuance of Authority bonds.

The **Jekyll Island State Park Authority** is a body corporate and politic and an instrumentality and public corporation of the State. The Authority was created to operate and manage resort recreational facilities on Jekyll Island. The Board consists of one State official designated by statute and eight members appointed by the Governor. Financial information presented for the Authority includes its component unit, Jekyll Island Foundation, Inc.

The **Lake Lanier Islands Development Authority** is a body corporate and politic and an instrumentality and public corporation of the State. The purpose of the Authority is to manage, preserve and protect projects on Lake Lanier Islands. The Board consists of one State official designated by statute and eight members appointed by the Governor.

The **North Georgia Mountains Authority** is a body corporate and politic and an instrumentality and public corporation of the State responsible for the construction and management of recreation, accommodation and tourist facilities and services. The Governor appoints the nine members of the Board.

The **Sapelo Island Heritage Authority** is a body corporate and politic. The purpose of the authority is the preservation of the cultural and historic values of Hog Hammock Community located on Greater Sapelo Island. The Board consists of four State officials designated by statute and one member appointed by the Governor.

The **Stone Mountain Memorial Association** is a body corporate and politic and an instrumentality and public corporation of the State. The Authority is responsible for the preservation and protection of Stone Mountain as a Confederate memorial and public recreational area. The Board consists of one State official designated by statute and eight members appointed by the Governor.

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Component Units June 30, 2013

(dollars in thousands)

	De Or	Economic evelopment ganizations e combining)	Four for	orgia dation Public cation	Highe A:	Assistance Highway Militar		Georgia Military College		Teleco	Georgia Public elecommunications Commission	
Assets												
Current Assets:												
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	115,519	\$	736	\$	15,020	\$	311	\$	5,961	\$	1,463
Investments		16,702		309		-		153		1,078		6,126
Receivables												
Accounts (Net)		19,194		-		-		-		3,308		1,304
Capital Leases from												
Primary Government		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and Dividends		1,344		-		-		-		-		-
Notes and Loans (Net)		29,593		-		-		-		-		-
Taxes		679		-		-		-		-		-
Due from Primary Government		-		-		-		-		-		221
Due from Component Units		-		-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental Receivables		1,187		-		307		-		818		-
Other Current Assets		3,947		42		-		-		9,830		10
Noncurrent Assets:												
Investments		-		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables (Net)												
Capital Leases from												
Primary Government		-		-		-		-		-		-
Notes and Loans		61,899		-		-		-		-		-
Other		(1,675)		-		-		-		-		-
Due from Component Units		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted Assets												
Cash and Cash Equivalents		18,382		-		-		-		27		-
Investments		9,255		-		-		-		854		-
Receivables												
Non-depreciable Capital Assets		37,716		-		-		-		1,977		1,479
Depreciable Capital Assets (Net)		94,556		-		-		-		57,584		7,286
Other Noncurrent Assets		-		-		-		-				-
Total Assets		408,298		1,087		15,327		464		81,437		17,889
Deferred Outflows Accumulated Decrease in												

Fair Value of Hedging Derivatives



Rail F	eorgia Passenger thority	Georgia R Transpor Autho	tation	Studer	eorgia at Finance thority	E	Higher ducation undations	Edu	egional acational e Agencies	Clerks' C	or Court ooperative hority	Attr	m / State actions ombining)	 Total
\$	99 48	\$	6,978 3,455	\$	44,502	\$	222,387 157,362	\$	21,657 1,942	\$	6,156	\$	16,138 2,974	\$ 456,927 190,149
	-		178		1,192		182,652		675		1,044		2,436	211,983
	-		2,693 695		698 309,752 		18,784 - 4,337 8,716 - 88,183 515,882 926,506 - 46,318		- - - 8,070 3,076 - -		31		- - - 1,015 684	18,784 2,042 339,345 679 4,558 8,896 13,075 107,282 516,566 926,506 61,899 44,643
	-		-		-		91,806 178,712		-		- 11,011		-	91,806 208,132
	-	3	- 30,709 -		- 392 1,125		660,104 137,235 673,878 77,300		- 229 3,472 -		- 1,520 -		- 27,361 244,117 -	 670,213 206,389 1,114,247 77,300
	147	2	44,708		358,294		3,990,162		39,121		19,762		294,725	 5,271,421
			-				7,722							 7,722 (continued)

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Component Units June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	Economic Development Organizations (see combining)	Georgia Foundation for Public Education	Georgia Higher Education Assistance Corporation	Georgia Highway Authority	Georgia Military College	Georgia Public Telecommunications Commission
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals	11,713	39	2	-	2,256	663
Due to Primary Government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to Component Units	-	-	180	-	-	-
Funds Held for Others	-	-	-	-	140	-
Unearned Revenue	35,924	-	-	-	3,394	162
Notes and Loans Payable	-	-	-	-	302	-
Revenue/Mortgage Bonds Payable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Current Liabilities	5,629	-	165	-	523	322
Current Liabilities Payable						
from Restricted Assets:						
Accrued Interest Payable	1,585	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue Bonds Payable	11,175	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Unearned Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Notes and Loans Payable	-	-	-	-	3,510	-
Revenue/Mortgage Bonds Payable	88,800	-	-	-	-	-
Due to Primary Government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative Instrument Payable		-	-	-	-	-
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	30,989		2,425		156	753
Total Liabilities	185,815	39	2,772		10,281	1,900
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets,	31,714	-	-	-	55,508	8,765
Restricted for:						
Bond Covenants/Debt Service	25,262	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	-	-
Permanent Trusts						
Expendable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonexpendable	-	-	-	-	881	-
Other Purposes	4,115	1,037	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	161,392	11	12,555	464	14,767	7,224
Total Net Position	\$ 222,483	\$ 1,048	\$ 12,555	\$ 464	\$ 71,156	\$ 15,989



Georgia Rail Passenger Authority	Georgia Regional Transportation Authority	Georgia Student Finance Authority	Higher Education Foundations	Regional Educational Service Agencies	Superior Court Clerks' Cooperative Authority	Tourism / State Attractions (see combining)	Total
-	1,696	6,086	90,126	6,373	3,201	2,675	124,830
-	19	-	136,729	4	-	7	136,759
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	180
-	-	-	-	549	-	-	689
-	-	380	69,299	392	-	1,077	110,628
-	-	-	4,442	-	-	2,949	7,693
-	-	-	39,310	395	-	378	40,083
-	469	938	49,700	111	-	369	58,226
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,585
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,175
-	-	-	-	-	8,609	-	8,609
-	-	-	1,410	-	-	-	1,410
-	-	-	102,068	-	-	13,051	118,629
-	-	-	1,640,301	3,265	-	8,021	1,740,387
-	-	-	4,909	-	-	-	4,909
-	-	-	42,607	-	-	-	42,607
-	1,493	257,750	53,522	933		767	348,788
-	3,677	265,154	2,234,423	12,022	11,810	29,294	2,757,187
-	29,062	1,517	168,071	2,711	1,520	260,710	559,578
	-	-	-		-	-	25,262
-	-	-	72,359	-	-	-	72,359
-	-	-	427,867	-	-	-	427,867
-	-	-	552,904	-	-	-	553,785
-	-	39,044	-	-	-	139	44,335
147	11,969	52,579	542,260	24,388	6,432	4,582	838,770
\$ 147	\$ 41,031	\$ 93,140	\$ 1,763,461	\$ 27,099	\$ 7,952	\$ 265,431	\$ 2,521,956

Combining Statement of Activities Nonmajor Component Units For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	Economic Development Organizations (see combining)	Georgia Foundation for Public Education	Georgia Higher Education Assistance Corporation	Georgia Highway Authority	Georgia Military College	Georgia Public Telecommunications Commission
Expenses	\$ 161,876	\$ 198	\$ 8,305	\$ -	\$ 61,175	\$ 53,936
Program Revenues:						
Sales and Charges for Services	93,467	1,001	5,904	-	31,635	5,758
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,439	150	22	1	32,087	9,509
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	42			-	1,633
Total Program Revenues	94,906	1,193	5,926	1	63,722	16,900
Net (Expenses) Revenue	(66,970)	995	(2,379)	1	2,547	(37,036)
General Revenues:						
Taxes	27,826	-	-	-	-	-
Payments from the State of Georgia	9,337	-	-	-	2,270	13,370
Contributions to Permanent Endowments	-	-			-	
Total General Revenues	37,163				2,270	13,370
Change in Net Position	(29,807)	995	(2,379)	1	4,817	(23,666)
Net Position, July 1 (Restated - Note 3)	252,290	53	14,934	463	66,339	39,655
Net Position, June 30	\$ 222,483	\$ 1,048	\$ 12,555	\$ 464	\$ 71,156	\$ 15,989



Georgia Rail Passenger Authority	Georgia Regional Transportation Authority	Georgia Student Finance Authority	Higher Education Foundations	Regional Educational Service Agencies	Superior Court Clerks' Cooperative Authority	Tourism / State Attractions (see combining)	Total
\$ -	\$ 34,724	\$ 8,676	\$ 1,802,303	\$ 84,122	\$ 16,201	\$ 56,414	\$ 2,287,930
-	7,118 13,950	6,819 19,947	893,769 965,756	17,432 66,493	17,945 20	46,455 599	1,127,303 1,109,973
-	<u>490</u> 21,558	26,766	31,853 1,891,378	83,925	- 17,965	2,254 49,308	<u>36,272</u> 2,273,548
	(13,166)	18,090	89,075	(197)	1,764	(7,106)	(14,382)
-	10,468	- -	28,297 18,583	-	-	1,338 1,144	29,164 64,886 18,583
-	10,468		46,880			2,482	112,633
-	(2,698)	18,090	135,955	(197)	1,764	(4,624)	98,251
147	43,729	75,050	1,627,506	27,296	6,188	270,055	2,423,705
\$ 147	\$ 41,031	\$ 93,140	\$ 1,763,461	\$ 27,099	\$ 7,952	\$ 265,431	\$ 2,521,956

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Component Units Economic Development Organizations June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	Geo. L. Smith II Georgia World Congress Center Authority	Georgia Development Authority	Georgia International and Maritime Trade Center Authority	Georgia Medical Center Authority
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 67,475	\$ 3,162	\$ 5,440	\$ 130
Investments	197	813	-	-
Receivables				
Accounts (Net)	18,531	-	368	-
Taxes	-	-	679	-
Interest and Dividends	-	1,344	-	-
Notes and Loans (Net)	-	13,028	-	-
Due from Primary Government				
Intergovernmental Receivables	-	-	1,187	-
Other Current Assets	456	3,163	177	2
Noncurrent Assets:				
Receivables (Net)				
Notes and Loans	-	61,899	-	-
Other	-	(1,675)	-	-
Restricted Assets	10.000			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	18,382	-	-	-
Investments	9,255	-	-	-
Non-depreciable Capital Assets	37,283	50	114	-
Depreciable Capital Assets (Net)	90,018	458	1,244	6
Total Assets	241,597	82,242	9,209	138
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals	10,621	485	424	-
Unearned Revenue	35,880	-	-	-
Other Current Liabilities	525	4,922	-	-
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:				
Accrued Interest Payable	1,585	-	-	-
Revenue Bonds Payable	11,175	-	-	-
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Revenue/Mortgage Bonds Payable	88,800	-	-	-
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	8,828	22,161		
Total Liabilities	157,414	27,568	424	
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	26,743	508	1,358	6
Restricted for:				
Bond Covenants/Debt Service	25,262	-	-	-
Other Purposes	61	4,054	-	-
Unrestricted	32,117	50,112	7,427	132
Total Net Position	\$ 84,183	\$ 54,674	\$ 8,785	\$ 138



Deve	gia Seed lopment mission	eGeorgia uthority		Total
\$	4,941	\$ 34,371 15,692	\$	115,519 16,702
	295	-		19,194
		-		679
	-	-		1,344
	-	16,565		29,593
	-	-		1,187
	149	-		3,947
	-	-		61,899
	-	-		(1,675)
	-	-		18,382
	-	-		9,255
	269	-		37,716
	2,830	 	. <u> </u>	94,556
	8,484	 66,628		408,298
	183	-		11,713
	44	-		35,924
	-	182		5,629
	-	-		1,585
	-	-		11,175
	-	-		88,800
	-	-		30,989
	227	 182		185,815
	3,099	-		31,714
	-	-		25,262
	-	-		4,115
	5,158	 66,446		161,392
\$	8,257	\$ 66,446	\$	222,483

Combining Statement of Activities Nonmajor Component Units Economic Development Organizations For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	Georg Congre	Smith II gia World ess Center thority	Deve	eorgia lopment thority	Interna Mariti	eorgia tional and me Trade Authority	Media	eorgia cal Center thority
Expenses	\$	101,338	\$	2,055	\$	2,810	\$	262
Program Revenues: Sales and Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions		84,807 1,067		2,706		766 17		27
Total Program Revenues		85,874		2,706		783		27
Net (Expenses) Revenue		(15,464)		651		(2,027)		(235)
General Revenues: Taxes Payments from the State of Georgia		25,077		-		2,749		122
Total General Revenues		25,077		-		2,749		122
Change in Net Position		9,613		651		722		(113)
Net Position, July 1 (Restated - Note 3)		74,570		54,023		8,063		251
Net Position, June 30	\$	84,183	\$	54,674	\$	8,785	\$	138



Deve	gia Seed lopment mission	neGeorgia Authority	Total				
\$	5,296	\$ 50,115	\$	161,876			
	5,161	-		93,467			
	-	 355		1,439			
	5,161	 355		94,906			
	(135)	 (49,760)		(66,970)			
	-	 9,215		27,826 9,337			
		 9,215		37,163			
	(135)	(40,545)		(29,807)			
	8,392	 106,991		252,290			
\$	8,257	\$ 66,446	\$	222,483			

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Component Units Tourism/State Attractions June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	Exp	Agricultural position thority	Georgia Sport Hall of Fame Authority		Sta	yll Island ate Park uthority	Dev	anier Islands velopment uthority
Assets								
Current Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	679	\$	4	\$	4,036	\$	5,625
Investments		-		-		124		-
Receivables								
Accounts (Net)		13		-		1,874		276
Other Current Assets		-		-		546		-
Noncurrent Assets:								
Investments		-		-		-		-
Restricted Assets								
Non-depreciable Capital Assets		4,890		-		1,954		-
Depreciable Capital Assets (Net)		33,309		-		89,408		33,399
Total Assets		38,891		4		97,942		39,300
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable and Other Accruals		-		-		1,215		57
Due to Primary Government		-		-		7		-
Unearned Revenue		313		-		764		-
Notes and Loans Payable		-		-		475		821
Revenue/Mortgage Bonds Payable		-		-		-		378
Other Current Liabilities		-		-		350		19
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Notes and Loans Payable		-		-		159		12,892
Revenue/Mortgage Bonds Payable		-		-		-		8,021
Other Noncurrent Liabilities		230		-		444		93
Total Liabilities		543		-		3,414		22,281
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		38,199		-		90,728		24,919
Restricted for:								
Other Purposes		-		-		139		-
Unrestricted		149		4		3,661		(7,900)
Total Net Position	\$	38,348	\$	4	\$	94,528	\$	17,019



North Georgia Mountains Authority	Sapelo Island Heritage Authority	Stone Mountain Memorial Association	Total
\$ 610	\$ 3	\$ 5,181	\$ 16,138
\$ 610 315	\$ 3	\$ 5,181 2,535	\$ 16,138 2,974
24	-	249	2,436
-	-	469	1,015
-	-	684	684
2,673 14,851	4,765	13,079 73,150	27,361 244,117
18,473	4,768	95,347	294,725
132	-	1,271	2,675
-	-	-	7 1,077
1,653	-	-	2,949
-	-	-	378
-	-	-	369
-	-	-	13,051
-	-	-	8,021
			767
1,785		1,271	29,294
15,870	4,765	86,229	260,710
818	3	7,847	139 4,582
\$ 16,688	\$ 4,768	\$ 94,076	\$ 265,431

Combining Statement of Activities Nonmajor Component Units Tourism/State Attractions For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

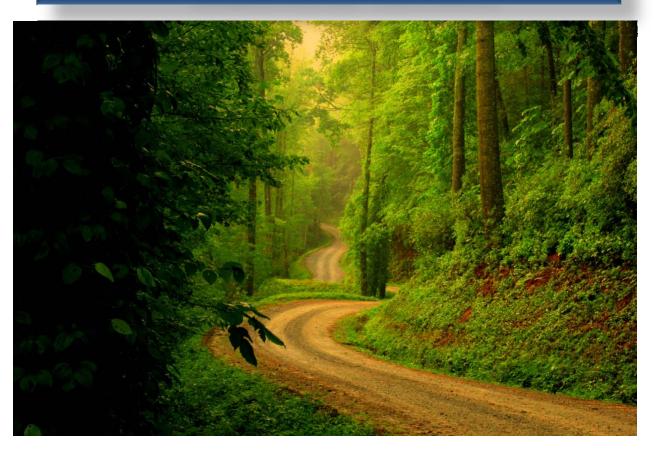
	Georgia Agricultural Exposition Authority		Georgia Sports Hall of Fame Authority		Jekyll Island State Park Authority		Lake Lanier Islands Development Authority	
Expenses	\$	9,724	\$	3	\$	23,119	\$	3,397
Program Revenues:								
Sales and Charges for Services		7,184		-		17,511		3,819
Operating Grants and Contributions		5		-		569		1
Capital Grants and Contributions		-		-		2,254		
Total Program Revenues		7,189		-		20,334		3,820
Net (Expenses) Revenue		(2,535)	((3)		(2,785)		423
General Revenues: Taxes Payments from the State of Georgia		- 1,144		-		1,338		-
Total General Revenues		1,144		-		1,338		-
Change in Net Position		(1,391)	((3)		(1,447)		423
Net Position, July 1 (Restated - Note 3)		39,739		7		95,975		16,596
Net Position, June 30	\$	38,348	\$	4	\$	94,528	\$	17,019



North Georgia Mountains Authority		Ĥ	elo Island eritage uthority	Μ	e Mountain Iemorial sociation	Total			
\$	7,860	\$		\$	12,311	\$	56,414		
	7,645 4		-		10,296		46,455		
	-		-		20		599 2,254		
	7,649				10,316		49,308		
	(211)		-		(1,995)		(7,106)		
	-		-		-		1,338 1,144		
	-		-		-		2,482		
	(211)		-		(1,995)		(4,624)		
	16,899		4,768		96,071		270,055		
\$	16,688	\$	4,768	\$	94,076	\$	265,431		



Statistical Section



"Low Gap Road" Artist: Cheryl Williams, Clarkesville, GA

Statistical Section

This part of the *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the State's overall financial health.

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Page

Financial Trends Information

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the State's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

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These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the State's current levels of outstanding debt and the State's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Schedule	8 – Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	
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These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the State's financial activities take place.

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Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the State's financial report relates to the services the State provides and the activities it performs.

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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the *Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports* for the relevant year.



Schedule 1 Net Position by Component For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(dollars in thousands)

	2013		2012		2011	2010	
Governmental Activities (1) (2)							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	13,737,276	\$	13,355,209	\$ 12,880,313	\$	12,550,617
Restricted		3,301,316		3,968,493	4,031,347		2,605,116
Unrestricted		(1,781,096)		(2,456,411)	 (2,106,699)		(648,171)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	15,257,496	\$	14,867,291	\$ 14,804,961	\$	14,507,562
Business-type Activities ^{(1) (2)}							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	6,502,029	\$	6,257,436	\$ 5,952,035	\$	5,426,787
Restricted		816,428		457,265	489,736		423,325
Unrestricted		(1,063,406)		(1,293,130)	 (1,069,413)		(546,363)
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$	6,255,051	\$	5,421,571	\$ 5,372,358	\$	5,303,749
Total Primary Government ⁽²⁾							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	20,239,305	\$	19,612,645	\$ 18,832,348	\$	17,977,404
Restricted		4,117,744		4,425,758	4,521,083		3,028,441
Unrestricted		(2,844,502)		(3,749,541)	 (3,176,112)		(1,194,534)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$	21,512,547	\$	20,288,862	\$ 20,177,319	\$	19,811,311

 Beginning in fiscal year 2007, the Georgia Technology Authority is reported as an internal service fund serving primarily governmental organizations and, as such, its activity and balances are included in Governmental Activities (previously reported in Business-type Activities).

- (2) Beginning in fiscal year 2007, the funds of the State Road and Tollway Authority, a component unit, are blended with those of the primary government (previously discretely presented). As such, its activity and balances are included in both Governmental Activities and in Business-type Activities. Beginning in fiscal year 2009, the Business-type Activities of the State Road and Tollway Authority (as previously reported in Governmental Activities) are included in nonmajor enterprise funds along with the Georgia Higher Education Facilities Authority. Beginning in fiscal year 2012, some businesstype activities of the State Road and Tollway Authority (as previously reported in nonmajor Enterprise Funds) are included in the Internal Service Funds.
- (3) Beginning in fiscal year 2013, the activity of the Armstrong Atlantic State University Educational Properties Foundation, Inc., the Georgia State University Research Foundation, Inc., the Georgia Tech Facilities, Inc., the University System of Georgia Foundation, Inc. and the VSU Auxiliary Services Real Estate Foundation, Inc., component units, are blended with those of the nonmajor enterprise funds (previously discretely presented).

Source: Financial Statements included in Current and Prior Years' Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports



Fiscal Year

 2009	 2008		2007		2006		2005	 2004	
\$ 12,066,578 2,254,051 (468,978)	\$ 11,979,690 1,641,507 1,383,624	\$	10,804,344 2,398,250 2,233,041	\$	11,274,666 2,164,233 994,617	\$	10,914,903 2,248,834 1,332,716	\$ 10,073,116 2,166,594 1,381,037	
\$ 13,851,651	\$ 15,004,821	\$	15,435,635	\$	14,433,516	\$	14,496,453	\$ 13,620,747	
\$ 5,178,579 1,022,564 (152,768)	\$ 4,801,548 1,745,185 604,035	\$	4,582,190 1,877,790 475,506	\$	4,387,218 1,767,054 374,831	\$	4,214,124 1,599,878 366,419	\$ 3,849,935 1,269,663 604,687	
\$ 6,048,375	\$ 7,150,768	\$	6,935,486	\$	6,529,103	\$	6,180,421	\$ 5,724,285	
\$ 17,245,157 3,276,615 (621,746)	\$ 16,781,238 3,386,692 1,987,659	\$	15,386,534 4,276,040 2,708,547	\$	15,661,884 3,931,287 1,369,448	\$	15,129,027 3,848,712 1,699,135	\$ 13,923,051 3,436,257 1,985,724	
\$ 19,900,026	\$ 22,155,589	\$	22,371,121	\$	20,962,619	\$	20,676,874	\$ 19,345,032	

Schedule 2 Changes in Net Position For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (dollars in thousands)

	2013	2012		2011		2010
Expenses						
Governmental Activities						
General Government ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1,606,	526 \$ 1,326,6	57 \$	1,222,954	\$	1,467,147
Education	10,770,	532 10,100,1	55	10,002,351		10,731,693
Health and Welfare	16,033,	221 15,657,7	04	14,745,268		14,210,928
Transportation ⁽²⁾	1,656,	562 1,519,7	07	1,517,213		1,752,933
Public Safety	2,012,	501 1,912,8	14	1,974,964		1,834,315
Economic Development and Assistance	515,	874 783,3	08	843,912		808,742
Culture and Recreation	240,	018 233,0	43	233,608		287,860
Conservation	51,	038 50,3	34	59,159		62,059
Interest and Other Charges on Long-Term Debt ⁽²⁾	616,	328 638,7	75	462,602		446,520
Total Governmental Activities	33,502,	32,222,4	97	31,062,031		31,602,197
Business-type Activities						
Georgia Technology Authority ⁽¹⁾		-	-	-		-
Higher Education Fund	7,931,	918 7,916,2	81	7,622,542		7,067,724
State Employees' Health Benefit Plan	2,193.			2,224,280		2,298,354
Unemployment Compensation Fund	1,858,	989 2,240,2	95	2,954,208		4,011,802
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds ⁽²⁾	191.	949 35,7	35	26,613		26,174
Total Business-type Activities	12,176,	,		12,827,643		13,404,054
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 45,679,		85 \$	43,889,674	\$	45,006,251
Program Revenues						
Governmental Activities (1) (2)						
Sales and Charges for Services						
General Government	\$ 2,205,	860 \$ 1,912,1	83 \$	1,887,736	\$	1,763,847
Health and Welfare	576,	110 489,2	89	473,934		245,953
Public Safety	161,	190 162,9	70	160,161		135,736
Other Sales and Charges for Services	235,			248,385		263,202
Operating Grants and Contributions	15,317,			14,029,675		15,656,694
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,310,			1,473,052		1,599,721
Total Governmental Activities	19,806,	181 18,736,0	35	18,272,943		19,665,153
Business-type Activities (1) (2)						
Sales and Charges for Services						
Georgia Technology Authority		-	-	-		-
Higher Education Fund	2,992,	037 2,922,7	10	2,647,604		2,408,042
Unemployment Compensation Fund		-	-	-		-
State Road and Tollway Authority	114,	,		35,476		34,142
Operating Grants and Contributions	7,251,			7,557,366		7,837,041
Capital Grants and Contributions		565 36,1		106,217		41,634
Total Business-type Activities	10,448,	, , ,		10,346,663	-	10,320,859
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 30,254,	197 \$ 28,979,3	58 \$	28,619,606	\$	29,986,012
Net (Expense) Revenue						
Governmental Activities ^{(1) (2)}	\$ (13,696,	519) \$ (13,486,4	62) \$	(12,789,088)	\$	(11,937,044)
Business-type Activities (1)(2)	(1,728,	569) (2,311,6	65)	(2,480,980)		(3,083,195)
Total Primary Government	\$ (15,425,	288) \$ (15,798,1	27) \$	(15,270,068)	\$	(15,020,239)



	2009		2008		2007		2006		2005		2004
\$	1,904,893	\$	1,896,438	\$	1,830,659	\$	1,562,693	\$	1,354,451	\$	1,900,816
	10,085,766		10,812,665		9,948,891		9,030,145		8,376,252		8,007,435
	13,118,680		12,256,789		11,764,652		11,238,207		11,847,414		11,370,543
	1,786,808		3,056,226		1,705,285		1,624,369		2,316,638		1,844,281
	1,972,187		2,130,454		1,891,555		1,715,838		1,781,048		1,712,346
	735,415		504,897		759,979		696,800		702,879		738,425
	273,401		251,055		286,132		263,813		225,821		237,831
	69,726		69,836		102,149		60,660		48,791		49,089
	466,077		405,255		385,449		326,741		318,860		319,034
	30,412,953		31,383,615		28,674,751		26,519,266		26,972,154		26,179,800
	-		-		-		176,153		193,918		198,937
	6,728,721		6,242,687		5,592,755		5,292,112		5,310,815		4,762,820
	2,211,087		2,043,604		1,868,431		2,182,743		2,092,457		1,850,125
	2,435,344		774,030		626,058		582,171		584,260		877,555
	17,835		15,110		12,845		-		-		-
	11,392,987		9,075,431		8,100,089		8,233,179		8,181,450		7,689,437
\$	41,805,940	\$	40,459,046	\$	36,774,840	\$	34,752,445	\$	35,153,604	\$	33,869,237
5	1,654,486 367,829 232,579 225,419 12,714,639	\$	1,634,855 321,172 278,675 245,978 11,886,083	\$	1,653,554 504,520 334,033 258,936 10,041,218	\$	787,894 706,876 141,432 284,498 9,393,686	\$	267,756 1,435,224 412,572 437,569 9,213,591	\$	214,580 1,198,094 395,988 448,103 9,457,170
	1,286,969		1,426,839		1,213,420		1,032,961		1,014,144		828,453
	16,481,921		15,793,602		14,005,681		12,347,347		12,780,856		12,542,388
	-		-		-		177,137		204,246		198,869
	2,103,284		1,834,826		1,694,368		1,567,385		1,730,328		1,349,989
	-		-		223		-		-		530,481
	27,669		20,648		20,854		-		-		-
	5,376,243		4,509,566		4,214,533		4,374,153		4,050,853		3,330,386
	45,385		111,055		48,490		45,965		40,029		148,407
ሱ	7,552,581	<i>ф</i>	6,476,095	¢	5,978,468	¢	6,164,640	¢	6,025,456	¢	5,558,132
\$	24,034,502	\$	22,269,697	\$	19,984,149	\$	18,511,987	\$	18,806,312	\$	18,100,520
¢	(13,931,032)	\$	(15,590,013)	\$	(14,669,070)	\$	(14,171,919)	\$	(14,191,298)	\$	(13,637,412)
\$							(2,068,539)		(2,155,994)		(2,131,305
\$	(3.840.406)		(2		(2.121.021)						
ծ \$	(3,840,406) (17,771,438)	\$	(2,599,336) (18,189,349)	\$	(2,121,621) (16,790,691)	\$	(16,240,458)	\$	(16,347,292)	\$	(15,768,717

Schedule 2 Changes in Net Position For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (dollars in thousands)

		2013	 2012	 2011	 2010
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position					
Governmental Activities (1) (2)					
General Revenues					
Taxes					
Personal Income	\$	8,854,916	\$ 8,196,187	\$ 7,797,739	\$ 7,109,984
Sales - General		5,082,342	5,141,871	5,133,404	5,196,117
Other Taxes		2,708,094	2,636,648	2,330,338	2,334,928
Unrestricted Investment Income		323	6,183	(3,066)	993
Unclaimed Property		138,832	83,215	98,098	85,277
Other		126,862	12,909	30,285	44,183
Special Items		-	-	288,000	(10,090)
Transfers		(2,377,595)	(2,346,986)	(2,532,118)	(2,269,701)
Total Governmental Activities		14,533,774	 13,730,027	 13,142,680	 12,491,691
Business-type Activities ^{(1) (2)}					
General Revenues					
Unrestricted Investment Income		-	-	-	-
Contributions to Permanent Endowments		1,231	-	-	-
Transfers		2,377,595	2,346,986	2,532,118	2,269,701
Total Business-type Activities		2,378,826	 2,346,986	 2,532,118	 2,269,701
Total Primary Government General Revenues		<u> </u>	 	 	
and Other Changes in Net Position	\$	16,912,600	\$ 16,077,013	\$ 15,674,798	\$ 14,761,392
Changes in Net Position					
Governmental Activities ^{(1) (2)}	\$	837,155	\$ 243,565	\$ 353,592	\$ 554,647
Business-type Activities ^{(1) (2) (3)}	Ŧ	650,157	35,321	51,138	(813,494)
Total Primary Government	\$	1,487,312	\$ 278,886	\$ 404,730	\$ (258,847)

 Beginning in fiscal year 2007, the Georgia Technology Authority is reported as an internal service fund serving primarily governmental organizations and, as such, its activity and balances are included in Governmental Activities (previously reported in Business-type Activities).

- (2) Beginning in fiscal year 2007, the funds of the State Road and Tollway Authority, a component unit, are blended with those of the primary government (previously discretely presented). As such, its activity and balances are included in both Governmental Activities and in Business-type Activities. Beginning in fiscal year 2009, the Business-Type Activities of the State Road and Tollway Authority (previously reported in Governmental Activities) are included in nonmajor enterprise funds along with the Georgia Higher Education Facilities Authority. Beginning in fiscal year 2012, some business-type activities of the State Road and Tollway Authority (as previously reported in nonmajor Enterprise Funds) are included in the Internal Service Funds.
- (3) Beginning in fiscal year 2013, the activity of the Armstrong Atlantic State University Educational Properties Foundation, Inc., the Georgia State University Research Foundation, Inc., the Georgia Tech Facilities, Inc., the University System of Georgia Foundation, Inc. and the VSU Auxiliary Services Real Estate Foundation, Inc., component units, are blended with those of the nonmajor enterprise funds (previously discretely presented).

Source: Financial Statements included in Current and Prior Years' Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports and supporting working papers (certain amounts restated for purposes of comparability)



 2009	 2008	 2007	 2006	 2005	 2004
\$ 7,794,606	\$ 8,834,591	\$ 8,831,753	\$ 8,104,465	\$ 7,133,515	\$ 6,876,663
5,080,946	5,760,691	6,234,221	5,603,743	5,309,167	4,799,239
2,370,848	2,694,710	2,810,010	2,451,385	2,385,602	2,058,832
63,074	264,448	470,480	196,422	208,656	116,615
35,356	58,857	140,367	107,149	75,353	54,074
112,681	247,322	54,317	958,131	1,011,803	1,094,450
-	-	-	-	-	-
 (2,679,135)	 (2,670,418)	 (2,478,882)	 (2,306,278)	 (2,340,526)	 (2,294,450)
 12,778,376	 15,190,201	 16,062,266	 15,115,017	 13,783,570	 12,705,423
76,060	134,436	147,034	110,942	88,207	58,647
-	-	47	-	-	-
 2,679,135	 2,670,418	 2,478,882	 2,306,278	 2,340,526	 2,294,450
 2,755,195	 2,804,854	 2,625,963	 2,417,220	 2,428,733	 2,353,097
\$ 15,533,571	\$ 17,995,055	\$ 18,688,229	\$ 17,532,237	\$ 16,212,303	\$ 15,058,520
\$ (1,152,656)	\$ (399,812)	\$ 1,393,196	\$ 943,098	\$ (407,728)	\$ (931,989)
(1,085,211)	205,518	504,342	348,681	272,739	221,792
\$ (2,237,867)	\$ (194,294)	\$ 1,897,538	\$ 1,291,779	\$ (134,989)	\$ (710,197)

Schedule 3 Fund Balances of Governmental Funds For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (dollars in thousands)

	2013	2012	2011	2010	
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 56,937	\$ 74,206	\$ 94,810	\$	-
Restricted	3,177,010	3,004,697	2,951,729		-
Unrestricted					
Committed	4,954	7,695	9,403		-
Assigned	365,985	298,557	256,676		-
Unassigned	798,630	334,655	401,414		-
Reserved	-	-	-		3,737,311
Unreserved	 -	 -	 		(41,837)
Total General Fund	\$ 4,403,516	\$ 3,719,810	\$ 3,714,032	\$	3,695,474
All Other Governmental Funds ^{(1) (2)}					
Nonspendable	\$ 14	\$ 8,398	\$ 68	\$	-
Restricted	1,065,153	963,782	1,079,604		-
Unrestricted					
Assigned	55,061	18,227	20,442		-
Reserved	-	-	-		43,114
Unreserved, Reported in					
Special Revenue Funds	-	-	-		33,319
Capital Projects Funds	 -	 -	 		1,323,352
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 1,120,228	\$ 990,407	\$ 1,100,114	\$	1,399,785

(1) Beginning in fiscal year 2007, the funds of the State Road and Tollway Authority, a component unit, are blended with those of the primary government (previously discretely presented). As such, the balances of its General Fund are included in the State's Special Revenue Funds. The Georgia Higher Education Facilities Authority, a blended component unit, was reported in the State's Capital Projects Funds in fiscal year 2008. Beginning in fiscal year 2009, the balances of this fund are included in the State's Nonmajor Enterprise Funds.

(2) Beginning in fiscal year 2011, fund balance categories were reclassified as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 54. Fund balance was not restated to the new categories for prior years.

Source: Financial Statements included in Current and Prior Years' Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports (certain amounts restated for purposes of comparability)



 2009	 2008	 2007	 2006	 2005	 2004
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
3,520,953	2,837,792	- 3,487,699	3,342,233	3,430,424	3,319,425
 (492,520)	 1,489,500	 2,077,088	 924,590	 335,828	 228,852
\$ 3,028,433	\$ 4,327,292	\$ 5,564,787	\$ 4,266,823	\$ 3,766,252	\$ 3,548,277
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	_	-	_	_	_
14	14	14	1,028	1,027	1,639
436,838	286,451	187,585	1,219	-	-
 1,496,019	 1,195,760	 1,476,288	 1,207,665	 804,079	 1,236,105
\$ 1,932,871	\$ 1,482,225	\$ 1,663,887	\$ 1,209,912	\$ 805,106	\$ 1,237,744

Schedule 4

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(dollars in thousands)

	 2013	 2012	 2011	2010
Revenues				
Taxes				
Personal Income	\$ 8,854,916	\$ 8,196,187	\$ 7,797,739	\$ 7,109,984
Sales - General	5,082,342	5,141,871	5,133,404	5,196,117
Other Taxes	2,708,094	2,636,648	2,330,338	2,334,928
Licenses and Permits	753,517	593,541	581,994	507,764
Intergovernmental - Federal	15,935,839	15,294,531	14,709,708	16,456,059
Intergovernmental - Other	626,723	505,974	652,244	569,179
Sales and Services	483,606	440,951	471,236	490,954
Fines and Forfeits	607,862	450,457	458,341	300,032
Interest and Other Investment Income	7,244	18,580	12,930	41,535
Unclaimed Property	138,832	83,215	98,098	85,277
Lottery Proceeds	927,479	901,329	846,106	883,882
Nursing Home Provider Fees	176,864	132,393	128,771	122,047
Hospital Provider Payments	232,080	225,260	215,080	-
Other	 75,148	 72,657	 94,327	 96,393
Total Revenues	 36,610,546	 34,693,594	 33,530,316	 34,194,151
Expenditures				
Current				
General Government	1,045,120	920,513	873,658	860,558
Education	10,768,786	10,099,224	9,981,903	10,719,216
Health and Welfare	16,031,121	15,668,820	14,721,528	14,211,763
Transportation	1,879,877	1,664,812	1,699,712	2,127,591
Public Safety	2,033,814	1,921,717	1,874,257	1,895,659
Economic Development and Assistance	494,016	782,055	836,341	787,261
Culture and Recreation	263,636	258,472	275,974	275,746
Conservation	51,314	54,694	51,573	62,430
Capital Outlay	600,128	674,905	882,731	500,166
Debt Service				
Principal	774,855	803,600	845,300	804,560
Interest	461,432	475,208	493,845	485,195
Other Charges	155,290	98,368	57,923	42,203
Intergovernmental	 138,161	 239,879	 153,190	 220,118
Total Expenditures	 34,697,550	 33,662,267	 32,747,935	 32,992,466
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 1,912,996	 1,031,327	 782,381	 1,201,685



$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2009		2008		2007		2006		2005		2004
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7.794.606	\$	8.834.591	\$	8.831.754	\$	8.104.465	\$	7.133.515	\$	6,876,663
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$											4,799,240
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$, ,				, ,		, ,		2,058,832
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	667,363		682,940		649,930		539,158				452,008
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	13,417,524		11,623,735		10,648,457		10,024,646		10,152,667		10,226,522
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	360,531		405,077		401,637		117,040		-		-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	392,097		376,674		687,277		994,996		1,732,902		1,657,989
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	335,485		321,804		344,139		303,788		265,708		238,662
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	138,077		240,337		443,226		186,974		103,155		36,427
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	35,356		58,857		140,367		107,149		75,353		54,074
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	872,136		867,686		853,641		822,797		802,083		801,381
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	122,623		133,974		111,768		95,607		99,271		92,768
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-		-		-		-		-		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	157,741		152,296		258,313		386,791		212,886		108,653
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	31,745,333		32,153,372		32,414,740		29,738,539		28,768,488		27,403,219
469,281 434,494 409,632 324,893 332,808 343,4 36,059 (2,342) (10,855) (2,497) 1,037 3,8 377,607 341,524 324,056 243,347 - -	10,083,963 13,097,393 2,725,244 1,976,831 718,858 306,434 65,007		10,481,854 12,475,474 3,256,231 2,035,807 816,766 315,578 69,883		9,945,327 11,724,373 2,628,075 1,841,350 739,998 293,620 101,773		9,031,188 11,270,055 2,079,873 1,788,074 685,680 282,422 61,041		8,359,398 11,861,217 1,804,448 1,696,260 688,658 246,261 57,677		978,666 8,014,842 11,374,111 1,701,666 1,692,289 728,330 240,504 48,624 837,904
469,281 434,494 409,632 324,893 332,808 343,4 36,059 (2,342) (10,855) (2,497) 1,037 3,8 377,607 341,524 324,056 243,347 - -	801,565		750,909		679,216		570,042		524,583		507,110
377,607 341,524 324,056 243,347 -			,		,		,		,		343,489
377,607 341,524 324,056 243,347 -	36,059		(2,342)		(10,855)		(2,497)		1,037		3,802
32,468,880 32,698,694 30,357,672 27,971,037 27,146,997 26,471,3	377,607		,		,		,				
	32,468,880		32,698,694		30,357,672		27,971,037		27,146,997		26,471,337
(723,547) (545,322) 2,057,068 1,767,502 1,621,491 931,8	(723,547)	_	(545,322)	_	2,057,068	_	1,767,502	_	1,621,491	_	931,882

Schedule 4 Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

(dollars in thousands)

	2012	2012	2011	2010
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2013	2012	2011	2010
General Obligation Bonds Issuance	834,870	803,615	653,925	793,855
	,	,	,	,
Refunding Bonds Issuance	486,825	719,465	344,420	640,825
Revenue Bond Issuance	-	-	-	-
Premium on General Obligation Bonds Sold	124,742	78,781	32,170	25,206
Premium on Refunding Bonds Sold	102,681	86,523	55,821	112,131
Premium on Revenue Bonds Sold	-	-	-	-
Accrued Interest on Refunding Bonds Sold	-	-	-	-
Accrued Interest on Revenue Bonds Sold	-	-	-	-
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	(587,396)	(805,945)	(398,339)	(750,209)
Proceeds from Disposition of General Capital Assets	-	-	-	-
Capital Leases	5,847	11,179	25,851	6,201
Other Financing Agreements	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	1,424,420	1,414,093	1,467,443	1,959,530
Transfers Out	(3,481,263)	(3,409,603)	(3,532,786)	(3,923,140)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,089,274)	(1,101,892)	(1,351,495)	(1,135,601)
Special Item	-	-	288,000	-
Other Adjustments to Fund Balance				
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 823,722	\$ (70,565)	\$ (281,114)	\$ 66,084
Debt Service Expenditures as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures ⁽¹⁾	4.26%	4.41%	4.67%	4.32%
of Noncupital Experiatates	4.20%	4.41%	4.07%	4.3270

(1) Noncapital expenditures are calculated as total expenditures less capital outlay expenditures less capital expenditures in current expenditure functions. Capital expenditures in current expenditure functions are identified in the process of reconciling Governmental Funds to Governmental Activities.

Source: Financial Statements included in Current and Prior Years' Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports and supporting working papers



Fiscal Year

2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
1,445,645	946,035	1,410,648	1,236,010	206,875	955,395
149,730	-	213,720	425,000	458,605	-
600,000	600,000	450,000	-	-	-
84,867	16,828	3,894	4,040	4,815	-
21,730	-	18,922	46,399	61,957	-
57,683	39,911	19,967	-	-	-
-	-	742	-	-	-
538	-	-	-	-	-
(171,307)	-	(235,516)	(469,479)	(519,316)	-
-	1,661	-	600	-	2,191
2,259	825	777	1,085	1,644	323
-	-	-	-	-	-
2,151,031	2,121,862	1,925,552	1,022,503	1,023,279	943,719
(4,466,328)	(4,599,625)	(4,211,954)	(3,165,858)	(3,050,444)	(2,906,674)
(124,152)	(872,503)	(403,248)	(899,700)	(1,812,585)	(1,005,046)
-	-	-	-	-	-
	(1,332)	98,119	37,112	(23,569)	(461)
(847,699)	\$ (1,419,157)	\$ 1,751,939	\$ 904,914	\$ (214,663)	\$ (73,625)
4.37%	3.98%	3.85%	3.44%	3.28%	3.45%

Schedule 5 Revenue Base - Personal Income by Industry For the Last Ten Calendar Years (dollars in millions)

	 2012	 2011	 2010	 2009
Accommodation and Food Services	\$ 8,447	\$ 8,106	\$ 7,763	\$ 7,478
Administrative and Waste Management Services	12,810	12,466	11,752	11,133
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	2,211	2,195	2,106	2,047
Construction	12,658	12,538	12,593	13,221
Educational Services	4,267	4,145	3,953	3,889
Farm Earnings	2,536	1,966	1,847	2,015
Federal Government - Civilian	11,144	11,204	10,965	10,265
Federal Government - Military	9,636	9,651	9,303	8,954
Finance and Insurance	16,706	16,732	15,970	15,749
Forestry, Fishing and Related Activities	855	827	793	694
Health Care and Social Assistance	26,084	25,199	24,498	23,464
Information	12,460	11,581	10,970	11,228
Management of Companies and Enterprises	6,656	5,978	5,540	5,443
Manufacturing	25,621	24,766	23,461	22,889
Mining	406	424	414	375
Other Services, Except Public Administration	9,423	9,274	9,032	8,708
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	26,331	24,769	23,488	22,947
Real Estate, Rental and Leasing	4,909	5,054	4,896	4,061
Retail Trade	17,052	16,196	15,657	15,422
State and Local Government	29,577	29,626	29,542	29,618
Transportation and Warehousing	12,475	12,091	11,505	10,943
Utilities	2,534	2,431	2,189	2,377
Wholesale Trade	18,245	17,543	16,813	16,392
Other	 92,697	 88,380	 80,321	 76,710
Total Personal Income	\$ 365,740	\$ 353,142	\$ 335,371	\$ 326,022
Average Effective Rate ⁽¹⁾	2.2%	2.0%	2.3%	2.7%

(1) The total direct rate for personal income is not available. The average effective rate was calculated by dividing personal income tax collections on a fiscal year basis (see Schedule 4) by total personal income on a calendar year basis.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis



Calendar Year

2008	2007		2006		2005		2004		2003	
\$ 7,771	\$	7,900	\$	7,436	\$	7,038	\$	6,734	\$	6,249
11,894		11,908		11,521		10,943		9,916		8,978
2,068		2,093		1,905		1,843		1,766		1,841
15,836		16,525		16,528		15,419		14,544		13,444
3,649		3,464		3,243		2,842		2,734		2,520
2,642		1,872		1,589		2,478		2,163		2,147
9,640		9,311		8,832		8,382		7,834		7,458
8,447		7,510		7,017		6,590		5,849		5,420
16,081		16,222		15,590		14,411		13,466		12,504
709		713		722		664		649		584
22,701		21,436		20,069		18,986		17,959		16,631
12,145		12,850		12,099		11,476		11,330		11,170
5,413		5,777		5,432		5,792		4,883		4,351
25,655		26,208		26,508		25,513		25,153		24,121
476		581		583		532		521		478
8,747		9,127		8,516		8,121		7,591		7,318
24,692		22,956		21,152		19,435		17,782		16,966
4,552		5,099		5,792		5,698		5,240		4,819
16,184		16,910		16,425		15,677		14,963		14,641
29,588		27,990		26,451		24,937		23,662		22,826
11,570		11,776		10,402		10,335		10,489		9,872
2,352		2,398		2,492		2,178		2,181		2,105
17,850		17,937		16,986		15,974		14,878		13,875
80,157		72,138		64,565		57,280		50,666		48,849
340,819	\$	330,701	\$	311,855	\$	292,544	\$	272,953	\$	259,167

Schedule 6 Personal Income Tax Rates by Filing Status and Income Level For the Last Ten Calendar Years



Filing Status Georgia Taxable Net Income Level

Single

Not Over \$750 Over \$750 But Not Over \$2,250 Over \$2,250 But Not Over \$3,750 Over \$3,750 But Not Over \$5,250 Over \$5,250 But Not Over \$7,000 Over \$7,000

Married Filing Separately Not Over \$500 Over \$500 But Not Over \$1,500 Over \$1,500 But Not Over \$2,500 Over \$2,500 But Not Over \$3,500 Over \$3,500 But Not Over \$5,000 Over \$5,000

Head of Household and Married Filing Jointly Not Over \$1,000 Over \$1,000 But Not Over \$3,000 Over \$3,000 But Not Over \$5,000 Over \$5,000 But Not Over \$7,000 Over \$7,000 But Not Over \$10,000 Over \$10,000

2004-2013

1%

\$7.50 Plus 2% of Amount Over \$750 \$37.50 Plus 3% of Amount Over \$2,250 \$82.50 Plus 4% of Amount Over \$3,750 \$142.50 Plus 5% of Amount Over \$5,250 \$230.00 Plus 6% of Amount Over \$7,000

1%

\$5.00 Plus 2% of Amount Over \$500 \$25.00 Plus 3% of Amount Over \$1,500 \$55.00 Plus 4% of Amount Over \$2,500 \$95.00 Plus 5% of Amount Over \$3,500 \$170.00 Plus 6% of Amount Over \$5,000

1%

\$10.00 Plus 2% of Amount Over \$1,000 \$50.00 Plus 3% of Amount Over \$3,000 \$110.00 Plus 4% of Amount Over \$5,000 \$190.00 Plus 5% of Amount Over \$7,000 \$340.00 Plus 6% of Amount Over \$10,000

Source: OCGA Section 48-7-20, Paragraph (b)(1)



Schedule 7 Personal Income Tax Filers and Liability by Income Level For Calendar Years 2011(1) and 2002

(dollars, except income level, are in thousands)

	2011(1)									
			Personal							
	Number	Percentage	Income Tax	Percentage						
	of Filers	of Total	Liability	of Total						
Income Level										
\$1,000 and under (2)	679,679	16.5%	\$ 460,065	5.9%						
\$1,001 to \$5,000	213,806	5.2%	5	0.0%						
\$5,001 to \$10,000	330,993	8.1%	9,624	0.0%						
\$10,001 to \$15,000	358,428	8.7%	44,598	0.6%						
\$15,001 to \$20,000	326,187	7.9%	94,295	1.2%						
\$20,001 to \$25,000	273,751	6.7%	137,534	1.8%						
\$25,001 to \$30,000	229,322	5.6%	167,471	2.2%						
\$30,001 to \$50,000	608,972	14.8%	766,000	9.9%						
\$50,001 to \$100,000	665,761	16.2%	1,805,790	23.2%						
\$100,001 to \$500,000	403,127	9.8%	2,987,893	38.5%						
\$500,001 to \$1,000,000	13,810	0.3%	465,075	6.0%						
\$1,000,001 and higher	6,172	0.2%	827,101	10.7%						
Totals	4,110,008	100.0%	\$ 7,765,451	100.0%						

		20	02	
			Personal	
	Number of Filers	Percentage of Total	Income Tax Liability	Percentage of Total
Income Level			<u>.</u>	
\$1,000 and under (2)	468,413	12.8%	\$ 328,568	5.6%
\$1,001 to \$5,000	272,860	7.5%	15	0.0%
\$5,001 to \$10,000	336,932	9.2%	8,279	0.1%
\$10,001 to \$15,000	310,781	8.5%	40,117	0.7%
\$15,001 to \$20,000	287,056	7.8%	91,204	1.6%
\$20,001 to \$25,000	261,864	7.2%	141,614	2.4%
\$25,001 to \$30,000	221,754	6.1%	170,273	2.9%
\$30,001 to \$50,000	596,229	16.3%	759,578	12.9%
\$50,001 to \$100,000	629,577	17.2%	1,655,151	28.1%
\$100,001 to \$500,000	260,560	7.1%	1,871,286	31.8%
\$500,001 to \$1,000,000	8,821	0.2%	305,328	5.2%
\$1,000,001 and higher	3,858	0.1%	508,479	8.7%
Totals	3,658,705	100.0%	\$ 5,879,892	100.0%

(1) Most recent available data.

(2) Category also includes payments from out-of-state residents and partial-year payers

Source: Georgia Department of Revenue

Schedule 8 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands, except per capita amounts)

	Governmental Activities ⁽¹⁾										
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds		General State Bond Debt]	Revenue ⁽²⁾ Bonds		Capital Leases		Notes and Loans	
2013	\$	9,072,784	\$	-	\$	1,503,925	\$	255,763	\$	4,000	
2012		8,889,868		-		1,678,744		262,111		14,600	
2011		8,774,586		-		1,848,570		223,429		19,600	
2010		8,837,728		-		2,009,489		242,430		27,614	
2009		8,725,198		-		2,169,235		3,266		27,698	
2008		7,927,420		-		1,617,932		5,184		32,820	
2007		7,688,919		-		1,037,993		8,162		56	
2006		6,909,343		-		-		4,748		79	
2005		6,238,934		-		-		5,122		3,58	
2004		6,513,380		16		-		4,892		2,50	

- (1) Beginning in fiscal year 2007, the funds of the State Road and Tollway Authority, a component unit, are blended with those of the primary government (previously discretely presented). As such, its activity and balances are included in both Governmental Activities and in Businesstype Activities.
- (2) The Governmental Activities Revenue Bonds include \$374.4 million of bonds secured by a joint resolution between the Department of Transportation (DOT) (General Fund) and the SRTA (Nonmajor Governmental Fund) whereby DOT has pledged to provide sufficient motor fuel tax funds to pay the principal and interest of the revenue bonds. According to the State Constitution, motor fuel tax funds are imposed and appropriated for all activities incident to maintaining an adequate system of roads and bridges in the State. In fiscal year 2013, the State collected \$1.0 billion of motor fuel tax funds. The principal and interest on the revenue bonds for fiscal year 2013 was \$48.8 million. The debt service requirements to maturity on these bonds is included in the Notes to the Financial Statements.
- (3) See Schedule 11 (Population/Demographics) for personal income and population data.

Source: Financial Information included in Current and Prior Years' Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports



Bu	siness	s-type Activities	_s ω		Ne	Less: t Position				
 Revenue Bonds		Capital Leases	N	otes and Loans	Gu	stricted to aranteed enue Debt	G	Total Primary Sovernment	Percentage of Personal Income ⁽³⁾	standing Debt Capita ⁽³⁾
\$ 1,211,200	\$	2.370.028	\$	397.692	\$	(54,003)	\$	14,761,389	4.0%	\$ 1,488
319,247		3,436,099		751,299		(54,003)		15,297,965	4.3%	1,559
328,597		3,170,521		734,189		(54,003)		15,045,489	4.5%	1,549
213,814		2,648,321		424,424		(62,886)		14,340,934	4.4%	1,459
121,736		2,240,418		8,733		(62,887)		13,233,397	3.9%	1,365
31,628		1,795,234		9,170		(63,084)		11,356,304	3.4%	1,191
38,540		1,201,524		9,477		(63,084)		9,922,099	3.2%	1,064
-		839,926		2,618		-		7,757,431	2.7%	853
-		678,055		4,244		-		6,929,938	2.5%	778
-		479,272		2,512		-		7,002,578	2.7%	802



Schedule 9 Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands, except per capita amounts)

Fiscal Year	 Net et General nded Debt ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of Personal Personal Income ⁽²⁾	anding Debt Debt • Capita ⁽²⁾
2013	\$ 9,427,553	2.58%	\$ 950.36
2012	9,278,490	2.63%	945.58
2011	9,197,267	2.74%	946.73
2010	9,280,726	2.85%	944.20
2009	9,200,175	2.70%	948.68
2008	8,431,520	2.55%	884.39
2007	8,219,971	2.64%	881.02
2006	6,909,343	2.36%	759.48
2005	6,238,934	2.29%	699.93
2004	6,513,396	2.51%	745.64

- (1) Beginning in fiscal year 2007, the funds of the State Road and Tollway Authority, a component unit, are blended with those of the primary government (previously discretely presented). As such, its activity and balances are included in both Governmental Activities and in Business-type Activities.
- (2) See Schedule 11 (Population/Demographics) for personal income and population data.

Source: Financial Information included in Current and Prior Years' Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

Schedule 10 Computation of Legal Debt Margin For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (in whole dollars)

	-				
	2013	2012	2011	2010	
Revenue Base: Treasury Receipts for the Preceding Fiscal Year ⁽¹⁾	\$18,316,792,805	\$17,546,374,291	\$16,251,240,187	\$17,841,693,806	
Debt Limit Amount: Highest Aggregate Annual Commitments (Principal and Interest) Permitted Under Constitutional Limitation (10% of above)	\$ 1,831,679,280	\$ 1,754,637,429	\$ 1,625,124,019	\$ 1,784,169,381	
Debt Applicable to the Limit: Highest Total Annual Commitments in Current or any Subsequent Fiscal Year ⁽³⁾	1,289,411,544	1,310,228,303	1,328,679,199	1,369,585,101	
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 542,267,736	\$ 444,409,126	\$ 296,444,820	\$ 414,584,280	
Total Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit Amount	70.4%	74.7%	81.8%	76.8%	

(1) Includes Indigent Care Trust Fund Receipts, Brain and Spinal Injury Trust Fund Receipts, Lottery Proceeds and Tobacco Settlement Funds.

(2) Interest on Guaranteed Revenue Debt Common Reserve Funds included from this point forward.

- (3) Includes issued and outstanding debt as of the end of each fiscal year and appropriated debt service for any authorized but unissued general obligation (and guaranteed revenue) bonds.
- Source: Prior Year's Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, other annual state reports, Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission, Constitution of the State of Georgia.
- Note: The Constitution of the State of Georgia limits the combined total of highest annual debt service requirements for general obligation and guaranteed revenue debt to 10 percent of the prior year's revenue collections.



Fiscal Year					
2009	2008	2007	2006	2005 (2)	2004
\$19,789,800,881	\$19,895,976,559	\$18,343,186,033	\$16,789,925,631	\$15,530,262,707	\$14,737,541,220
\$ 1,978,980,088	\$ 1,989,597,656	\$ 1,834,318,603	\$ 1,678,992,563	\$ 1,553,026,271	\$ 1,473,754,122
1,307,083,843	1,245,513,776	1,144,843,403	1,091,329,526	1,119,589,122	959,876,954
\$ 671,896,245	\$ 744,083,880	\$ 689,475,200	\$ 587,663,037	\$ 433,437,149	\$ 513,877,168
66.0%	62.6%	62.4%	65.0%	72.1%	65.1%



Schedule 11 Population/Demographics For the Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Population	Personal IncomePer CapitaPopulation(in millions)Personal Income		Public School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate	
2012	9,919,945	\$	365,740	\$ 36,869	1,693,374	9.0%
2011	9,812,460		353,142	35,989	1,673,740	9.9%
2010	9,714,748		335,371	34,522	1,665,557	10.2%
2009	9,829,211		326,022	33,169	1,656,689	9.8%
2008	9,697,838		340,819	35,144	1,642,033	6.3%
2007	9,533,761		330,702	34,687	1,634,255	4.7%
2006	9,330,086		311,855	33,425	1,618,869	4.7%
2005	9,097,428		292,544	32,157	1,588,803	5.2%
2004	8,913,676		272,953	30,622	1,544,044	4.7%
2003	8,735,259		259,167	29,669	1,513,521	4.8%

Sources: Population - U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census (midyear population estimates) Personal Income - U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis Public School Enrollment - Georgia Department of Education (March of each school year) Unemployment Rate - U. S. Department of Labor (annual average)

Schedule 12 Principal Private Sector Employers Fiscal Year 2013 and Nine Years Previous (2004)



2013 Employers

At&T Services, Incorporated Delta Air Lines, Incorporated Emory Health Care, Incorporated Emory University Georgia Power Company Home Depot USA, Incorporated The Kroger Company Lowe's Home Centers, Incorporated Northside Hospital, Incorporated Publix Supermarkets, Incorporated Rare Hospitality International, Incorporated Shaw Industries, Incorporated United Parcel Service, Incorporated Wal-Mart Associates, Incorporated WellStar Health System, Incorporated

2004 Employers

BellSouth Corporation Cox Enterprises, Incorporated Delta Air Lines, Incorporated Emory System of Health Care Georgia-Pacific Corporation The Home Depot, Incorporated The Kroger Company Mohawk Industries, Incorporated Publix Supermarkets, Incorporated Shaw Industries, Incorporated The Southern Company/Georgia Power Company Target Corporation United Parcel Service, Incorporated Wal-Mart Stores, Incorporated WellStar Health System

To protect employer confidentiality, Georgia law prohibits the release of employee numbers by employer.

Sources: 2013 - Georgia Department of Labor (1st quarter 2013) 2004 - Comprehensive Annual Financial Report - Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

Schedule 13 State Government Employment by Function For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

2013	2012	2011	2010
8,194	7,729	9,658	9,103
1,422	1,371	1,213	1,399
20,463	18,007	18,616	27,653
4,385	4,577	5,273	5,363
21,418	20,449	21,997	25,014
2,459	4,802	5,144	5,375
2,403	3,169	2,548	3,184
647	664	686	845
61,391	60,768	65,135	77,936
-	-	-	-
74,503	82,109	79,174	96,739
79	71	52	64
74,582	82,180	79,226	96,803
135,973	142,948	144,361	174,739
	8,194 1,422 20,463 4,385 21,418 2,459 2,403 647 61,391 74,503 79 74,582	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

(1) Includes employees that were active at any time during the Fiscal Year. An individual employee may, therefore, be included in multiple functions if the employee transferred among functions during the fiscal year. This does not represent the number of active employees at the end of the year.

(2) Employees of certain Business-type Activities organizations are included in Governmental Activities as follows: Employees of the State Employees' Health Benefit Plan are included as employees of the Department of Community Health in Health and Welfare. Employees of the Unemployment Compensation Fund are included as employees of the Department of Labor in Economic Development and Assistance.

- (3) Beginning in fiscal year 2007, the Georgia Technology Authority is reported as an internal service fund serving primarily governmental organizations and, as such, its employees are included in Governmental Activities General Government.
- (4) Beginning in fiscal year 2007, the State Road and Tollway Authority, formerly a discretely presented component unit, is blended with the primary government. Although the Authority performs both governmental and business-type activities, the majority of its employee are involved in the businesstype activities.
- (5) Beginning in fiscal year 2013, Georgia Military College, formally a blended component unit included in the Higher Education Fund, is reported as a discretely presented component unit and is no longer included in this schedule.

Source: Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts



Fiscal	Year

2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
8,425	9,151	9,240	6,779	7,352	6,927
1,156	1,186	1,160	1,129	1,156	1,011
22,629	23,430	22,732	22,170	22,081	19,918
5,340	5,745	5,849	5,769	5,850	5,844
21,829	23,850	23,115	23,266	22,949	23,077
4,636	4,650	4,584	4,589	4,614	4,675
2,785	3,160	3,023	2,945	2,927	2,864
746	776	776	742	726	1,065
67,546	71,948	70,479	67,389	67,655	65,381
-	-	-	562	630	650
85,193	86,579	84,795	82,200	81,893	79,160
53	43	51	-	-	-
85,246	86,622	84,846	82,762	82,523	79,810
152,792	158,570	155,325	150,151	150,178	145,191

Schedule 14 Operating Indicators and Capital Assets by Function For the Last Ten Years (1)

	2013	2012		2011	2010
General Government					
Department of Revenue					
Number of Personal Income Tax Filers	NCA	NCA		4,110,008	4,266,318
Education					
Department of Education					
Public School Enrollment (March FTE Count)					
Pre Kindergarten through Grade 5	836,627	829,9	00	828,005	825,044
Grades 6 through 8	388,542	383,5		376,315	371,759
Grades 9 through 12	468,205	460,2	87	461,237	459,886
Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia					
Number of Separate Institutions	31		35	35	35
Number of Active Educators	13,903	13,8	55	13,311	12,828
Number of Students	314,365	318,0	27	311,442	301,892
Health and Welfare					
Department of Human Services					
Food Stamp Recipients	1,957,886	1,875,0	00	1,737,545	1,389,935
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Recipients	35,185	35,8	87	36,534	90,581
Transportation					
Department of Transportation					
Miles of State Highway	17,967	17,9	85	17,985	18,093
	17,907	17,9	00	17,905	10,075
Public Safety					
Department of Corrections	52.1.0	54.0	26	55 1 60	52 201
Number of Inmates	53,168	54,3		55,162	52,291
Number of Probationers	164,051	163,2	00	156,630	154,989
Economic Development and Assistance					
Department of Economic Development					
Economic Impact of Tourism (in millions):					
Domestic Traveler Spending - Direct	NCA	\$ 21,4		20,537	\$ 18,906
Domestic Travel-Generated State Tax Revenues	NCA	\$ 9	49 \$	919	\$ 855
Culture and Recreation:					
Department of Natural Resources					
Number of State Parks	49		48	48	48
Number of Historic Sites	15		18	18	15
Acreage of State Parks and Historic Sites (in acres)	92,880	86,00	00+	86,000+	84,000+
Conservation					
Forestry Commission					
Economic Impact of Forestry Industry					
Output (in millions)	NCA	NCA		15,100	\$ 14,500
Employment	NCA	NCA		46,378	43,425
Compensation (in millions)	NCA	NCA		2,900	\$ 2,600

(1) Data is presented by either fiscal year or calendar year based on availability of information.

Source: NCA - Not Currently Available

Information obtained from the individual organizations listed.



2009	· . <u> </u>	2008	 2007	 2006	 2005	 2004
4,166,498		4,229,929	4,273,200	4,046,275	3,838,000	3,777,00
818,709		812,311	801,307	782,428	757,383	745,11
367,453		368,734	371,020	369,809	367,122	364,05
455,871		453,210	446,539	436,566	419,539	404,35
35		35	35	35	35	3
11,654		11,422	11,082	9,721	9,335	8,98
282,978		270,022	259,945	253,552	250,659	247,02
1,202,181		986,245	947,146	947,683	908,073	847,88
38,824		40,609	47,395	68,993	99,370	135,51
18,095		18,096	18,066	18,084	18,084	18,08
54,049		54,016	53,226	52,635	47,304	48,61
154,218		148,629	142,663	136,175	115,177	128,39
17,570	\$	19,026	\$ 18,680	\$ 17,743	\$ 16,572	\$ 15,39
816	\$	851	\$ 845	\$ 812	\$ 779	\$ 74
48		48	48	48	48	4
15		15	15	15	15	70.00
85,000+		82,000+	82,000+	72,835	72,835	72,83
16,900	\$	18,300	\$ 18,500	\$ 17,760	\$ 16,150	\$ 14,16
48,519		57,812	64,192	67,733	67,694	67,63
2,800	\$	3,100	\$ 3,400	\$ 3,513	\$ 3,422	\$ 3,29